

WEATHER FORECAST

For 24 hours ending 3 p.m. Sunday:
Victoria and vicinity—Moderate to fresh southerly and westerly winds, generally fair and cool.

VOL. 65 NO. 22

B.C. RENEWS RATE FIGHT WITH DETAILED DEMANDS FOR FREIGHT COST CUTS

Oliver to Exhaust Right of Appeal to Railway Board Before Going Direct to Parliament; Admits Action of Privy Council Disappoints Him; Coleman Agrees Restoration of Crow's Nest Rates Has Created Unsatisfactory Situation; Changed Conditions Make Rate Adjustments Imperative, Premier Asserts.

Prompt and sweeping measures to press British Columbia's freight rate fight to a conclusion were announced in a written statement issued by Premier Oliver after he had consulted with his Cabinet finally on the matter this morning. The Government's programme as announced by the Premier will include three immediate applications to the railway board for rate reductions:

1. Application for a further reduction on export grain rates.
2. An application for a reduction in rates upon grain used for domestic consumption to a basis proportionate to the rate applying on export grain.
3. An application for an order making the Crow's Nest Pass rates apply on eastbound as well as westbound freight.

Before any other measures are taken to force a reduction in freight rates the Premier explained, the Government will exhaust the right of appeal to the Railway Board.

"The Governor-General in Council," the Premier explained, "have already shown their determination to cast the responsibility upon the Railway Board on the ground that the Railway Board is a court established by Parliament with all the necessary powers and equipment for thorough inquiry and just judgment."

"It is evident that relief can only come from two sources, namely—the Board of Railway Commissioners or Parliament."

Parliament will not meet again for approximately six months before that time, "and I take it that time is an important element in view of the fact that a major portion of this season's crop must be moved before relief, it should be possible to have decisions from the Railway Board on the various applications necessary to be submitted. Should application to the Railway Board fail, it would then be possible to petition Parliament for the necessary relief."

"Press reports indicate that the disparities and discriminations caused by the restoration of the Crow's Nest Pass rates will cause a flood of applications for relief to be made to the Railway Board from Eastern Canada, and I think the time is opportune for British Columbia to take renewed action."

UNSATISFACTORY SITUATION
Just before the Premier made known the Government's plan to renew the freight fight immediately he held a lengthy conference with D. C. Coleman, Vice-President of the Canadian Pacific Railway for Western lines. In the course of this conversation Mr. Coleman admitted that the restoration of the Crow's Nest rates had brought about a most unsatisfactory rate situation. Mr. Oliver said later. Numerous protests against the existing rates had been received by the Railway Board, Mr. Coleman added.

In his written statement on the rates case prepared in the first place for the information of the Cabinet, the Premier admits that he is far from satisfied with the last rate decision handed down by the Privy Council.

"I am very much disappointed with (Continued on page 2.)"

FOUR QUESTIONS FOR VOTERS OF ONTARIO

**Toronto Telegram Fore-
shadows Form of Ballot For
Liquor Plebiscite**

**People to Decide if System of
Government Control to be
Adopted**

Toronto, July 26.—The Toronto Telegram states the four questions upon which the voters will be asked to decide in the plebiscite on the Ontario Temperance Act on October 23 will be as follows:

1. Are you in favor of the Ontario Temperance Act?
2. Are you in favor of Government control?
3. Are you in favor of the sale of beer and light wines in licensed premises?
4. Are you in favor of the sale of spirituous liquors in licensed premises?

The newspaper says the source of its information on the foregoing is quite close to the Ontario Government.

CANADA'S CLIMATE FINDS DEFENDERS AT MEETING IN LONDON

London, July 26 (Canadian Press Cable)—Canadian winters were defended by Canadian delegates attending the Empire Commercial Travellers' Association congress here today. Certain newspaper reports that the Canadian winters are so extremely severe and the roads so impassable with snow that owners of automobiles had to transform their cars into sleighs in order to pass along the highways especially came in for criticism.

Bobbed Hair Vogue May Cause Barbers to go Out on Strike

Chicago, July 26.—Bobbed hair is given as the cause of wage demands being made by the Journeymen Barbers' Union of Chicago, which threatens to take a strike vote next week if an agreement is not reached.

"With bobs ranging in price from \$1 to \$1.50, with the prospect of increased curling, shampooing and shampooing demands and with the barbers having to go to school to learn how to do it, we want more money," said W. E. Slidder, president of the union.

PREMIER KING WILL VISIT ISLAND POINTS

**In Addition to Speaking in
Victoria He is Expected to
Go to Courtenay**

**To Lay Cornerstone There;
Probably Will Address
Nanaimo Meeting**

Special to The Times
Courtenay, B.C., July 26.—According to a statement made by A. W. Neill, M.P., here today, it is probable Premier King, who is expected to visit the British Columbia coast next fall, will lay the cornerstone of the new post office in Courtenay.

According to the plans outlined Premier King will come out to the coast with Hon. J. H. King and speak at the Courtenay. The next day he will come across to Nanaimo and will direct to Courtenay, where he will lay the cornerstone of the new post office and afterwards address a public meeting in Cumberland. The next day he will go down the island and speak in Nanaimo in the afternoon and in the evening in Victoria.

Mr. Neill said he was quite hopeful the Premier did not find it necessary to go to the Empire Conference in London. If he were the visit to the coast would have to give way.

The new post office will be situated on three lots 120 feet square, one of which is in the hands of the Government. The building, of brick faced with stone, will cost \$265,000. Of that sum \$120,000 has been voted and is expected the contract will be let immediately as plans have already been drawn. Courtenay has no building of any kind at present erected with public money and the handsome new building will be a great asset to the town.

KLAN ACTIVITIES IN CALIFORNIA AGAINST JAPANESE REPORTED

Tokio, July 26.—The San Francisco correspondents of The Hochi and The Nichi Nichi, which are in the hands of the Ku Klux Klan activities against Japanese in the Sacramento and Santa Rosa districts. They allege that Klan members forced Japanese to withdraw from farms at the point of revolvers.

The Foreign Office has not been advised of the alleged activities of the Klan members and has asked Consul-General Oyama at San Francisco for a report.

The reports are prominently displayed in the two newspapers.

SWIMMERS OF U.S. WIN IN BRITAIN IN EMPIRE CONTESTS

Harrow, Eng., July 26.—The United States defeated the British Empire in the series of matches here today between the United States Olympic swimming team and the picked team of leading swimmers from the Empire.

TO PAY BRIEF VISIT TO CITY SUNDAY



The Governor-General, General Baron Byng of Vimy, with Lady Byng, will spend a few hours in Victoria to-morrow, coming over solely to dine with the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Nichol at Government House and returning to the mainland on the midnight boat. Before returning to the East they will make a tour of the Kootenay district.

ENTRANCE RESULTS OUT; OAK BAY BOY WINS MEDAL FOR HIGHEST MARKS HERE

Results of High-School entrance examinations in British Columbia, made public to-day, show that of 5,169 pupils who wrote 2,856, or fifty-five per cent were successful. Besides these 1,959 pupils who have been attending graded school of seven or more divisions were promoted on the recommendation of principals. In all 4,816 pupils will receive certificates entitling them to enter high schools in September.

To James Allen Miller, of the Willows School, Oak Bay, goes the honor of winning the Governor-General's bronze medal for this district. He secured 450 marks.

WON SCHOLARSHIP



JEAN W. SKELTON—winner of the Provincial Government scholarship of \$100 awarded to the student securing the highest marks in matriculation in the district. She is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Skelton, St. Louis Street, and a pupil of the Oak Bay High School.

In these subjects and also to submit a statement from their teachers certifying that they had completed the work prescribed for entrance classes in history, literature, hygiene and nature study. A few candidates whose teachers did not submit the necessary statement, succeeded in passing. These will be granted certificates and will receive the department that they have covered satisfactorily all the prescribed work.

A statement of the marks obtained by the candidates will be sent to the (Continued on page 22)

NEW RUM ROW OFF SAN PEDRO, CAL.

**Three Vessels With Liquor
Cargoes Being Watched
By Customs Men**

**1,800 Cases of Whisky Went
Astray at Rockaway Beach,
New York**

San Pedro, Cal., July 26.—Three rum-running vessels with liquor cargoes cleared from Corinto, Nicaragua, for Vancouver, B.C., but really designed to smuggle the threat of Southern California, are lying off this port beyond the twelve-mile limit today, according to H. P. Hache, head of the harbor police liquor detail.

Captain Robert Martin, head of the customs guard here, said he was aware of the presence of the rum ships and had reinforced his shore guard to prevent smuggling attempts.

1,800 CASES DISAPPEARED
New York, July 26.—About 1,800 cases of whisky, deposited on Rockaway Beach during the night, presumably by bootleggers from Rum Row, were appropriated and carried off yesterday by bungalow dwellers along the beach.

SHIELD ON CAR

St. Albans, Vt., July 26.—The rum runners are getting ready for war. A deserted high-powered roadster that had come down from Canada with a cargo of beer was found to have been provided with a shield for the driver against gunfire when it was brought here by prohibition enforcement agents. Examination showed the car had been built up with sheet iron.

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WON SCHOLARSHIP

The other medal winners are:
District No. 2—Nanaimo, B.C., 417 marks.
District No. 3—Marry Alma Jenkins, Model School, Vancouver, 414 marks.
District No. 4—Dorothy W. Taylor, Ridgeway School, North Vancouver City, 414 marks.
District No. 5—Shaulit Enomoto, Central School, New Westminster, 424 marks.
District No. 6—Phyllis Marion Andrews, Div. 1, Kamloops, 427 marks.
District No. 7—Mildred Dorothy Butler, Penitentiary, 446 marks.
District No. 8—Revelstoke, 416 marks.
District No. 9—Harold Nelson Matthews, Central School, Nelson, 444 marks.
District No. 10—Rosemary Winslow, Prince Rupert, 445 marks.

Candidates were required to write on five subjects, arithmetic, grammar and composition, dictation and spelling, geography and drawing. To obtain certificates they had to pass

MEDALLIST
James A. Miller, who wins the Governor-General's bronze medal in this district, is a pupil of Monterey Avenue School, aged twelve. For several years he has headed his class and is also a fine athlete.

In these subjects and also to submit a statement from their teachers certifying that they had completed the work prescribed for entrance classes in history, literature, hygiene and nature study. A few candidates whose teachers did not submit the necessary statement, succeeded in passing. These will be granted certificates and will receive the department that they have covered satisfactorily all the prescribed work.

A statement of the marks obtained by the candidates will be sent to the (Continued on page 22)

TRUST COMPANY IS IN CHARGE OF PLANT OF NICKEL COMPANY

Toronto, July 26.—The order of the Supreme Court of Ontario made on Monday last, appointing the National Trust Company receiver of the British-American Nickel Corporation Limited, has been received by the trust company, and the latter is now in charge of properties, plants and other assets of the corporation on behalf of the bondholders.

EUCARISTIC CONGRESS

Amsterdam, July 26.—The City of Chicago has been selected as the seat of the Eucharistic Congress of 1925.

Preparations in Toronto For Scientists' Convention

Toronto, July 26.—O. J. R. Howarth, secretary of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, arrived here today and took up the preliminary work of the convention of scientists to be held in Toronto August 6 to 12.

Interesting programmes have been planned by the reception committees in the different Canadian cities which the scientists, numbering about 500, will visit. The delegates from Great Britain will arrive in Quebec and Montreal on the different vessels of the Canadian Pacific fleet between now and the opening day of the great Toronto gathering.

Two hundred of the visiting scientists will come to Victoria August 21 and will return to Vancouver, en route east, August 26.

Michigan Indian Killed Costly Dog; Thought it a Wolf

Harbor Springs, Mich., July 26.—A "timber wolf" slain here last week by Solomon Francis, an Indian youth, to-day was identified as a trained police dog, a veteran of the great war, one of a pair belonging to Mrs. R. T. Houck of Cincinnati, valued at \$10,000 and said to have been one of the most valuable dogs in the United States.

WHEAT AT WINNIPEG WENT UP TO \$1.54

July Grain Closed at \$1.53 3/4
After Saturday Session of Trading

Chicago Prices Rose; Central And Northern Manitoba Crops Good

Chicago, July 26.—Wheat to-day went above \$1.50 a bushel at Winnipeg, the first North American market to reach that goal. Chicago prices followed, breaking all high records for the season and showing a maximum advance of 6 1/2 cents.

Unfavorable crop comments from the Canadian prairies, were a contributing cause of the new advance here, but the main influence was described by market authorities as the strong world situation, especially an upturn to-day of 7 to 10 1/2 cents a bushel at Liverpool for immediate delivery of wheat.

Wheat at Winnipeg reached a high of \$1.54 1/4 to-day and closed at \$1.53 3/4.

MANITOBA CROPS

Winnipeg, July 26.—Crops everywhere in Central and Northern Manitoba are in excellent condition, according to J. H. Evans, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, who has just completed a trip of a thousand miles through those areas.

The crops were perhaps two weeks late, he said, but there was an abundance of moisture, and he had heard not a single word about rust. With favorable weather from now until harvest he predicts a "very excellent crop."

MANSON GETS LOW RATE FOR PRAIRIE HARVEST WORKERS

**Cheap Fares Also to Apply to
Travel by Northern Route
This Year**

**Many Men Will be Needed
About August 25: Will Have
to Secure Certificates**

That men who wish to travel from British Columbia this year to work in the harvest fields of the prairies will have the advantage of a specially low railway fare, was the announcement made to-day by Hon. A. M. Manson, Minister of Labor.

Following Mr. Manson's instructions, J. H. McVety, general superintendent of the employment service for the Province, is now attending a conference at Winnipeg between the Passenger Agents' Association, the employment service officials from the western provinces and the farm organizations.

This morning a message was received that the application for a special rate for harvesters from the Coast region would be granted.

"So far as Vancouver and Victoria and surrounding districts are concerned," said Mr. Manson, "the rate will be the same as last year, namely, a \$10 fare to Calgary or Edmonton, and an additional half-cent per mile for travel beyond those points. We have, however, gained an important concession for men in the northern portion of the Province who wish to go harvesting. For the first time this year the same rate will be available to men from Prince Rupert or Prince George, or from any point on the Grand Trunk Railway between those cities.

The railway authorities will only make this concession upon one condition, that the men traveling to the (Continued on page 2.)

REGISTRAR-GENERAL OF TITLES PASSES: F. J. STACPOOLE, K.C.



F. J. STACPOOLE REGISTRAR-GENERAL DIED HERE TO-DAY

**Enjoyed Extensive Practice in
Yukon and in This City**

**In Government Service Since
1918**

The legal profession in British Columbia suffered the loss of one of its most respected and popular members in the death early this morning of Frank James Stacpoole, K.C., Registrar-General of Titles under the British Columbia Government.

Mr. Stacpoole passed away at the Royal Jubilee Hospital at 2:30 a.m., succumbing to cerebral hemorrhage, following a paralytic seizure three weeks ago.

The late Mr. Stacpoole was born at Heavitree, Devonshire, England, in 1860, the son of Frank Alexander and Mary Jane Stacpoole. He was educated at Harrow, and at the age of eighteen commenced a commercial career as tea-taster in the warehouses of Moffat & Co., London. Four years later he felt the call of Canada and sailed to this country, making his home in Vancouver, B.C., where he held many important appointments, including that of solicitor to the Canadian Bank of Commerce in Dawson, to the North American Transportation and Trading Company, and to the Sheriff of the Yukon.

Coming to Victoria in 1910, Mr. Stacpoole qualified for practice in (Continued on page 2.)

Appeal Involving Indian Lands in Ontario is Argued

London, July 26 (Canadian Press Cable)—The Judicial Committee of the British Privy Council reserved judgment to-day on the appeal in the case of the Ontario and Minnesota Power Company versus the King.

Special leave to appeal from a judgment of the Supreme Court of Canada had been given by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in the case of the Ontario and Minnesota Power Company. The action arose through the appellant's flooding of lands which were alleged to have been held by the Government of Canada in trust for the Indians.

Progress made in framing treaty for Britain and Russia

London, July 26.—The Foreign Office deputed a story published in newspapers yesterday that the Anglo-Russian conference would break-up within a fortnight without having accomplished anything. It was stated steady progress was being made on a new treaty between the two countries and that Premier Macdonald would fully outline the work of the conference to the House of Commons.

Bank Messenger in City of Moscow Robbed of \$42,000

Moscow, July 26.—A confidential messenger of the State Bank was held up by five armed men in the heart of this city yesterday. After stripping the messenger of \$42,000, the bandits commanded him to take a message to the Commissariat of Finance and to report.

Young Whitefish Placed in Lakes of Canada in Millions

Ottawa, July 26.—Provision against depletion of the whitefish harvest in Canada inland seas is noted in the final report of the Government hatcheries showing that 578,517,050 of artificially raised young whitefish were distributed this year in the lakes of Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

FOURTH ROBBERY OF STORE LATEST ADDITION TO SERIES OF CRIMES IN VANCOUVER

**F. Brown Held up in His Drugstore Last Night, Five
Weeks Ago and Twice Before That in Two Years;
June and July Have Seen Outburst of Crime in City;
Police Say They Are Too Few in Number.**

Vancouver, July 26.—For the fourth time in two years and the second time in five weeks, Fred Brown, proprietor of the Capicola Pharmacy, at the corner of Davie and Thurlow Streets here, was the victim of armed bandits last night.

At 11 o'clock two thugs visited his store and while one at the point of a huge automatic pistol compelled him to lie prone on his dispensary floor, the other rifled the cash register, securing a small sum in bills and silver. The exact amount of the loot is not yet known.

Fifteen-Year-Old Edmonton Boy Was Found in Regina

Regina, July 26.—Relatives in Edmonton have been notified by the city police of the detention here of Steve Evencloky, a fifteen-year-old boy found yesterday in company with two men. The boy was destitute. He told the police he had left home in company with two other men and had got as far as Brandon when he determined to return to his home in Edmonton.

Argentine Aviator Leaves Amsterdam On a World Flight

Paris, July 26.—Major Pedro Zanni, Argentine flier, who hopped off from Amsterdam today on a projected world flight, arrived at Rotterdam soon afterwards and left at 9:45 a.m. for Le Bourget, near Paris. Aviation experts here do not believe he will be able to continue his flight beyond Le Bourget to-day. He is following the route taken by Stuart MacLaren, the British flier.

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF C.P.R. ARE IN THE CITY TO-DAY

**Have Been on Tour of In-
spection Through Prairie
Provinces**

**Will Return East This Even-
ing, After Meeting Officials
Here**

Paying a brief visit to Victoria, Grant Hall, vice-president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and D. C. Coleman, vice-president in charge of western lines, arrived in the city this morning. With them are William J. Inglis, of Toronto; Hugh N. Baird, of Winnipeg; Andrew Kelly, late manager of the Western Canada Flour Mills, Winnipeg; and George H. Baillie, of Montreal.

Mr. Hall came West in connection with the work of reconstruction of the Chateau Lake Louise, following the recent fire, and stated to The Times this work would be prosecuted at once and the wing would be more commodious than its predecessor.

Owing to the fact that President E. W. Beatty, K.C., is in Europe, it is necessary for Mr. Hall to return at once, and the whole party plans to leave again this evening for the East.

CROP SITUATION

Mr. Hall, in view of the conflicting reports of experts on the western harvest of 1924, expressed his inclination to add to the statement on the crop situation beyond what he said in Vancouver, when he remarked: "It is yet too early to make there has been a very considerable damage by drought, but over a large area the crops are in good condition and there is still time for recuperation even in some districts which have not been promising."

The party came West by way of Saskatoon and Edmonton and will return from Vancouver over the main line.

This morning Mr. Hall met H. E. Beatty, general superintendent of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway, and also Captain W. W. Troop, manager of the B.C. Coast Service. He later called on the Lieutenant-Governor and Premier Oliver.

WHERE TO GO TO-NIGHT

Capitol—Twenty-One.
Dominion—The Emory Rex.
Pantages—The Custard Cup.
Playhouse—The Girl On the Film.
Columbia—The Circus Cowboy.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

LIST OF ROBBERIES

The outstanding robberies to date for the two Summer months, were:
June 15—Capicola Pharmacy, Davie and Thurlow Streets, held up and \$50 secured; bandits arrested.
July 2—Stanley Park Pharmacy, Denman and Robson Streets, held up and \$100 secured.

July 10—Victoria Pharmacy, Victoria Drive, held up by three men, who escaped with \$15.41.
July 22—Eagle Crane was shot in leg when he attempted to resist being held up in his garage by two men. The robbers, who secured \$163 from Crane and W. Miles, were later arrested.

THUGS BEATEN OFF

July 17.—Two men attempted to hold up W. Bardino and a companion in the 500 block of Prior Street were beaten off by their intended victims.

CALGARY DEATH

Calgary, July 26.—Mrs. W. H. Cushing, wife of W. H. Cushing, of this city, died suddenly yesterday following a paralytic stroke.

CENTENARIAN DIED

Providence, R.I., July 26.—Joseph Fournier, a native of Quebec, who was 100 years old July 19 last, died yesterday in Oakland, R.I. He has seven sisters all lived to be more than 100 years.

30,000 in Silesia Now Out on Strike

Warsaw, July 26.—More than 30,000 factory workers of Silesia have struck because of introduction of the ten-hour day. The Government is intervening and trying to obtain concessions from the employers.

\$350,000 FIRE LOSS IN WASHINGTON TOWN

Business Section of Morton, Forty-five Miles From Tacoma Destroyed

Tacoma, July 26.—With the loss estimated at more than \$350,000, the entire business section of the town of Morton on the Tacoma and Eastern Railway, forty-five miles from Tacoma, is in ashes to-day as the result of a fire which could not be checked.

The blaze started in the Morton Hotel.

In all about fifteen business buildings were burned and half a dozen residences.

Young Whitefish Placed in Lakes of Canada in Millions

Ottawa, July 26.—Provision against depletion of the whitefish harvest in Canada inland seas is noted in the final report of the Government hatcheries showing that 578,517,050 of artificially raised young whitefish were distributed this year in the lakes of Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

VIROL

is a Food for the Seven Ages of Man



From early infancy to old age, Virol is "building up food." It rescues babies from wasting; protects at the critical school age of growth; makes the weak man strong; fortifies expectant mothers; prolongs youth and vitality into later years.

Because Virol contains just those food elements essential to health, in a form that the most delicate can assimilate.

Baby Russell.
Sole Importers: DOVRIE, Ltd., 2725, Park Avenue, Montreal.

WET WASH

This is the simplest of our three laundry services—yet a real washday help in every sense of the word. We collect your washing in the usual way and wash everything in a wonderful washer and the very purest of waters. Then we remove the excess moisture, and return your bundle damp, everything ready to hang up to dry. This service gives you clothes thoroughly sweet and clean and relieves you of the hardest work of wash day.

Economy Steam Laundry
607 Bridge Street

MAN IS ACCUSED OF MANY CRIMES

Three Charges of Murder And Other Charges Against H. J. Dunlap in Los Angeles

Los Angeles, July 26.—The list of crimes laid at the door of Harry J. Dunlap, "badger bandit," recently returned here from Detroit to stand trial on four charges of robbery, one charge of murder and one of criminal assault, will be increased by two murders, fifteen criminal assaults on women and several attempts to murder as a result of investigations by

Every 10c Packet of WILSON'S FLY PADS
WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN \$8 WORTH OF ANY STICKY FLY CATCHER

Clear to handle. Sold by all Drugists, Grocers and General Stores

authorities here. It is announced by Captain William Bright, of the sheriff's homicide squad. All of the charges are "typical" badger bandit affairs in which automobile "petting parties" were interrupted, the man robbed and sometimes shot and his woman companion attacked.

TRIAL IS DESCRIBED AS PUBLIC SCANDAL

New Mexican Labor Bodies Attack Judge Leahy For C. C. Magee Hearing

Santa Fe, N.M., July 26.—The trial of Carl C. Magee for alleged libel before District Judge Leahy at Las Vegas was a public scandal, the result of a conspiracy to abridge the freedom of the press, and Magee did not and could not have had a fair trial in Judge Leahy's court, says Attorney Neil B. Field of Albuquerque in a report submitted to the Joint Legislative Board of Organized Labor of New Mexico, who retained Mr. Field to observe the Magee trial and make a report.

Mr. Field, in his report, denounces the failure of Judge Leahy to vacate the bench and grant Magee a change of venue, alleges that the presence of an unnamed politician conspicuous in the courtroom was scandalous, condemns the manner in which the prosecution was conducted and urges a petition to the Governor to call a special legislative session to impeach Judge Leahy.

TWO DEATHS WERE CAUSED BY A BOY

Lad of Ten Placed Wooden Slab on Track and Train Was Derailed

Prince Albert, July 26.—That the accident was caused by a ten-year-old boy who placed a wooden slab on the rails, and that he should be placed where he would no longer be a menace to the public, was the verdict returned by a coroner's jury, which investigated the death of Engineer Edward Seabrook, killed when a Canadian National train was derailed near Shell Brook, Sask., on Thursday. H. G. Higgs, fireman, of the train, died later as the result of his injuries.

The boy, who confessed to the police following his arrest yesterday, was present during the inquest, and was later handed over to the charge of the children's welfare committee.

AUTHOR GATHERING MATERIAL IN CANADA

Scott O'Connor Now in the Rockies Preparing to Write Book, "The Empire"

Banff, Alta., July 26.—Scott O'Connor, noted English traveling and political and war author, who is circling the globe with the British Special Naval Service Squadron as a guest of the Admiralty, left the squadron at San Francisco and has come to Banff to study the scenic beauties of the Canadian Rockies for his forthcoming book, "The Empire," which will embody also "The Cruise of the Fleet." He will recount the battleship Hood at Quebec on August 18.

"My greatest pleasure since arriving on Canadian shores a month ago," said Mr. O'Connor, "was the opportunity which was given me yesterday at Banff Indian Day of meeting the Indian chiefs at their annual gathering here. All my life I have looked for such an opportunity, and I shall certainly devote a part of my book, 'The Empire,' to the impressions which I gained from these remarkable natives of North America, the finest type of aborigine the white man has ever encountered."

WROTE OF WAR
Mr. O'Connor wrote the official history of the European war for the British Government, entitled "The Scene of War," and describing the incidents of the Great War on all the European fronts, over which he traveled continually during the period of the conflict. His last book, "A Vision of Morocco," describing the French conquest of that country, deals with parts of Morocco never before visited by an Englishman.

Mr. O'Connor left the fleet in Agaña, New Zealand to travel to the land and study those countries, but he states he is more impressed with the scenic and colonization possibilities of Canada than with those of any other part of the Empire so far visited.

As a special guest of the Canadian Pacific Railway he is spending two weeks in the C.P.R. bungalow camps of the Rocky Mountains and Banff and Lake Louise.

When he has completed the cruise he will have traveled 40,000 miles by sea and 20,000 miles by land.

BRITISH EXHIBITS AT BIG-TORONTO FAIR
Quebec, July 26.—R. M. Bellais, secretary of the Federation of British Industries, in an interview on board the Canadian Pacific steamship Montcalm, which arrived here yesterday from Liverpool, stated there was still some unemployment in the Old Country, but on the whole industry in Great Britain had picked up remarkably well during the past year.

Mr. Bellais is on his way to Toronto to arrange for the requirements of over thirty British manufacturers during the Canadian National Exhibition, which will open in the Queen City on August 23. He said the members of the federation were very much interested in the industrial development of Canada, and were so satisfied with the results obtained through last year's exhibition, in Toronto, that they would be well represented again this year.

RAILWAY SHOPS CLOSE
Montreal, July 26.—The Canadian Pacific Angus shops closed down last night and will reopen on the morning of August 4. The main shops of the C.P.R. on western lines will close down on July 29 and reopen on August 4.

Rambles Round Victoria

Our Scenery and Its History

By ROBERT CONNELL

A SPANISH NAMED RIVER

On a June day, a hundred and thirty-four years ago, the Spanish commander Manuel Quimper in the Spanish vessel Princess Royal sighted the mouth of a small river to which he gave the name of Jordan. Unlike the streams which he has passed, he traveled southward along the coastline from Nootka, this one ran its course in a thoroughly orthodox fashion into the sea, instead of falling tumultuously over a cliff. What its precise appearance was, then it is hard to say, but to-day the mouth is marked by the presence on each side of a fine beach of boulders of gravel over which the surf breaks in stormy weather and in calmer times the tide comes in gently undulating waves. Between these two channels, an efficient depth for the entrance of tugs and small craft.

For a short distance back the river can be followed through a comparatively level basin, but a great canyon, but containing low swamps. This has been cut through and out of the heavy mantle of glacial drift which covers the greater part of the valley. Stumps testify to the great size of the trees which once covered this low ground, now the site of Camp Nootka. Vancouver is known as Jordan River village. I have elsewhere described it with its remains of the busy work of the water power of the river. Ruinous as are the bunk-houses and the wharves which stretch gaily along the river, the assurance of Jordan River's future. Its busy hum reaches every where; in the building itself, in the spring rear. One of my companions on a visit last week said when he had seen the dynamo and all the accessories, overwhelming to the untutored eye, but I am a consumer of the B. C. Electric Company's light so I had better refrain from repeating his words of compliment. Beyond the cutting, the river, a scarred hillside, a wharf and a few other traces mark the site of the lumber mill and logging activities of the company which has lately removed from here to Port Renfrew. Its presence there is evidently going to do something for the opening up of this part of the country.

FOLLOWING THE FLUME

The kindness of the manager, Mr. Walker, had placed at our disposal his cottage at Camp Five, so under a cloudy sky we began the upward climb from Camp One. Instead of following the winding but easy grade of the road we chose the more direct but steeper course of the cable railway and pipe line. Between the two levels there is a rise of about 1,200 feet and this in a distance of two miles. The line pursues a succession of sharp rises after which the water level is at least apparently level; for they possess a little, a slight outward slope. The hillsides were becoming gay with the flowers of wild roses, and the familiar plants perhaps the most interesting feature at this season of the year is the blackberry which grows in profusion everywhere but is especially noticeable and accessible on the wide stretches of logged and burnt-off lands. At Camp Two the summit is practically reached for it is but a hundred or two feet to the great dam at No. Five. A small reservoir catches the water from the wooden flume, and of whose mouth it boils and foams. It was the noon-hour when we arrived and the men were gathering to the sound of the dinner gong. The green lawns and wonderful masses of Sweet William made a pretty sight in the midst of the surrounding forest. Taking to the board walk on the top of the square wooden flume we now began the five miles to Camp Five. Beneath, but hidden by the dense timber, is the river, at least some hundreds of feet below. Above is the narrow gauge railway along which the workers pass to and fro and supplies are carried to the occupants of the inner camps. It has some times thought of our picturesque island highways as sinuous and snaky, I know not what adjective remains to describe the curves which in reckless profusion nature has forced upon railway and flume. Along the latter the eye is bewildered as it goes along the curve of the flume, and the road, and the river, and the railway, and mingled with them are scarlet huckleberries or winchberries such as for size the dwellers in the lowlands never know. We fall upon them not precisely as bears who cram into their hungry mouths branches, leaves and berries, a confused mass of food, but with as much zest and appreciation. Then we march on to rest and lunch. After an hour's repose at the aforesaid six by six hostelry, we take to the railway and are more than ever surrounded by fruit, for the dark blue high bush huckleberry becomes here very prominent, though its fruit is as yet somewhat tart. The hillsides are covered with flowers, the chief place being held by the dainty sweet-scented Hymenocallis which we have met with elsewhere on our rambles in the moist forest districts. The Devil's Club with its bristly indented leaves rising above the densely prickly stems, thick as one's thumb, was surrounded with a group of red berries, rivaling those of the huckleberry, another common plant in the undergrowth.

ROCKS AND TORRENTS

The scenery becomes markedly bolder as we proceed. Across the valley from amidst the trees, which crown the upper ridge appears a huge cliff of purple rock like the face of some primeval giant peering out from the dense foliage. The little railway passes through constant cuts where the fresh stone contrasts with the warm reddish tones of the earth. The rock is the basalt of the Metochon volcanics, here greatly altered from the normal appearance and constitution for near by and occasionally seen are the invading gabbros. It is along the contact zone that the gabbro has been developed those copper deposits which occupy a considerable area in the Jordan River district and which are the source of the Sunkook Mines. In places the rocks are indeed quite massive but there is a conspicuous display of extremely thin layers of shale. Sometimes this has the appearance of a shale but there is an absence of regularity of banding, the rock passing off into the more normal slates of each end. Dark staining patches show the presence of serpentine and there are seams of talcose rock which show a still higher degree of alteration. Occasionally the altered rock, short abrupt watercourses make their way down the hillsides, cutting their trenches into the softer rock. Dry as they are now, in flood they come down with immense force, as witness the great boulders which strewn their beds, against their depositions it takes constant watchfulness and care for at any moment the torrents, armed with stones and sticks of ice, belittling the things here, may carry off a portion of the flume and so break the water supply at that point. To remedy this the constant vigilance is the order of the day. Dams have to be watched and flume patrolled lest harm should be done to the fundamental of Victoria's light and power supply. At this elevation snow is not uncommon in winter, and indeed upon its abundance or scarcity the water supply for the coming season depends. At Alligator Creek where a gang of men was busy I found that handsome representative of the familiar mundus, triangular, in full bloom, together with the lilac blossoms of Rattlesnake Root, Penstemon, and other alpine plants, the dam on the hillside on the left was thickly strewn with Rein-orchids and on the other side the rocks were festooned with streamers of the mossy fern. In the bed of the creek grows in some profusion one of the Saxifragas. I have never been early enough to find it in bloom, but its vividly colored little bell-shaped flowers at the plant whose identity I should like to be certain of.

TEN VIOLENT DEATHS IN EASTERN CANADA

Four Drowned; Woman Burned to Death; Man Shot Himself

Ottawa, July 26.—Fatalities reported in Eastern Canada yesterday included the following:
Sorman Brooks, twelve, drowned while bathing at Moncton, N.S.
Benjamin Barbeau, young boy, drowned while canoeing at Ste. Genevieve, Que.
Mrs. Edward Bolevert, burned to death at Sherbrooke, Que. Her clothes became ignited while she was lighting a fire.
Paul de Cohn, twenty-two, killed by a live wire when he neglected to take the precautions advised by a policeman guarding the wire in Montreal.
William Wright, twelve, suffered a cramp and drowned while bathing at St. Catharines, Ont.
Antonio Pellerin, fifty-three, drowned near his summer home at Chateaugay, Que., while bathing.
Robert Charters, climbed on the track of a roller coaster in a park at Hamilton, Ont., and was instantly killed when struck by a car.
George Boyagian, Armenian, shot himself through the head in St. Catharines, Ont., because he was afflicted with tuberculosis.
William Davies, twenty-one, accidentally shot himself while carrying a rifle on a farm at Bell's Corners, Ont.
Frank Lynn, twenty-one, of Ottawa, unaware that a gun which he was cleaning was loaded, tested the trigger and was instantly killed.

PERSIAN STATEMENT IS UNSATISFACTORY

Makes Excuses For Inaction of Police When U.S. Consul Killed

Premier Warns His People Against Causing Trouble With Friendly Powers

London, July 26.—The Persian Government's reply to the collective note from the representatives of all the powers with regard to the killing of Robert W. Imbrie, United States Vice-consul at Teheran, is considered most unsatisfactory, says a Teheran dispatch to The Daily Mail.

The Persian Government, the dispatch says, will disavow all responsibility for the outrage and make various excuses for the inaction of the police.

Owing to imputations that British intrigues were responsible for the death of Consul Imbrie, the Persian Premier has issued a warning that anyone spreading rumors likely to cause trouble with friendly powers will be severely punished.

ADEQUATE SECURITY FOR LOAN NEEDED

J. P. Morgan Speaks of German Reparations Plan and U.S. Investors

New York, July 26.—J. Pierpont Morgan, on the eve of his departure for a vacation trip to Europe, issued the following statement last night: "I am sailing for my annual holiday, in accordance with plans made months ago. My trip has nothing to do with the Allied Conference in London. Our position with reference to the matters now being discussed at that conference is very simple. We have been requested by the Allied Governments to advise as to what in our opinion would be the necessary basis for the sale of German bonds to American investors. In response to that request we have given our advice. We have no desire, nor is it within our province, to make any political suggestions, much less to attempt to enforce any political views. We addressed ourselves solely to the questions asked, and it is for the Allied Governments to determine whether what we believe to be the conditions of the American investment market can be met.

"It goes without saying that as bankers we should not ask American investors to buy German bonds unless and until the Allies have, in their own time, in their own way and for their own reasons, decided upon a policy which will, in our opinion, give security to the bondholders. If this very simple and obvious fact is borne in mind, it will, I think, be found that most of the questions now under discussion answer themselves."

Mr. Morgan, who is camera shy, asked the thirty newspaper men who called at his office for the statement to use their influence with their employers to see that he would not be bothered by reporters and photographers on board the Minnewaska when sailing to-day.

FLORIDA PLANS TO HOLD CELEBRATION

Centenary of State as Legislative Unit to be Observed in November

Tallahassee, Fla., July 26.—This, the capital city of Florida, is making preparations for a centennial celebration during the week of November 9-15, marking the hundredth anniversary of the state as a legislative unit.

The history that lies back of the plan for the celebration embodies several events that stand out prominently in the record of the United States. In 1818 General Andrew Jackson, without authority from Congress, but according to belief that has been given expression, with the tacit consent of the Cabinet in Washington, invaded Florida, then Spanish territory. He marched with 3,000 men from Fort Gadsden on the Apalachicola River to St. Marks in Wakulla County, raised the American flag and hanged two leading Indians and two British subjects.

In consequence of this demonstration of Spanish weakness, Spain in 1819 ceded to the United States, by the United States, and by 1821 every portion of the territory was surrendered to the United States and the Spanish flag came down. In 1822, a legislative council for West Florida was held in Pensacola, and the next year a legislative council for East Florida was held in St. Augustine.

This form of administration was found to present difficulties, however, and an agreement was reached that legislation should emanate from the whole of the territory from a central point equidistant from Pensacola and St. Augustine. Thereupon, two commissioners were appointed, and early in 1824 Indian fields belonging to the Seminoles north of St. Marks on the highlands of the present Leon County, were purchased and the site of the capital selected. On that site the first legislative council convened in the territory of Florida, and it was this event that is to be commemorated.

The celebration will have as leading features, historical pageants, military and other parades in Tallahassee, while all churches and schools throughout the state are expected to join in the commemorative exercises.

BEAM WIRELESS
Tele. Seven, July 26.—Canadian Press Cable.—The erection of a new tower wireless station for communication with England will be started here almost immediately.



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IN BLACK, WHITE AND ALL THE WANTED COLORS, \$1.85 PER PAIR

Just arrived! A shipment of Holeproof Silk Stockings in black, white and all the most fashionable shoe shades. Made with lisle elastic ribbed tops and lisle soles; sizes 8½ to 10½ at per pair, \$1.85

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SOUTH AUSTRALIAN LEGISLATURE MEETS

Legislation Outlined; Voluntary Wheat Pools to be Continued

Adelaide, South Australia, July 26.—(Canadian Press Cable via Reuters).—The Government of South Australia is anxious to continue the voluntary wheat pools, it was stated in the Speech from the Throne read by Sir Thomas Bridges at the opening of Parliament yesterday. The tentative programme of legislation was outlined, including numerous relief measures.

The Government is well satisfied with the prospects for the scheme to 1,000 houses and applications for houses totalling 1,970 have been already received, it was stated.

The Government is considering the question of providing legal assistance free of charge for poor persons unable to enforce their legal rights it was announced.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION
There is also a proposal to initiate a scheme by which the Government would finance its own workmen's compensation and insurance and also thoroughly test the extensive brown coal deposits found in the state.

The Government intends to raise the income tax exemption and also make other concessions in this direction.

The constitution will be amended to provide for adult suffrage, it was stated.

The Government proposes to authorize payments to widows and deserted wives.

The deficit for the year is estimated at £66,655.

MOVE TO PROTECT GAME IN MEXICO

Hunters From U.S. May be Barred Entirely; Animals Killed Off

Tucson, Arizona, July 26.—Big game hunters may find themselves barred from Mexico, it is stated by Ben Tinker, who guards Mexico's game by appointment of the Mexican Government and is back at his home here.

Tinker said there was a growing sentiment in Mexico against foreign hunters. He attributed this to the alleged ruthlessness of some of them in slaughtering deer and other game. He described Mexican officials as determined to prevent Americans from enjoying the big game hunting afforded in the mountains and plains of the northwestern states.

Tinker predicted that with the opening of the fall hunting season no hunters would be allowed to cross the border. Big game has been diminishing rapidly in Mexico, Tinker said, and Mexican officials have determined to stop a step to wanton and useless destruction. A ten-year closed season on big horns and sheep was started

SEVEN INDIAN HOMES BURNED AT RUPERT

Prince Rupert, July 26.—Seven small buildings, occupied by Indians in the service of the Canadian Fish and Cold Storage Company at Tuck's Inlet were destroyed by fire yesterday. Although located near the cannery, the latter building escaped unharmed.

A few drops

of Absorbine Jr., to an ounce of water, makes a Mouth Wash that will free the teeth of injurious germs.

Used morning and night, it will arrest Pyorrhea and Sinus and change white, spongy, bleeding gums into firm, pink, healthy gum.

Absorbine Jr.
Is pleasantly aromatic and leaves the mouth feeling clean, cool and fresh. Only a few drops, remember—the bottle will last a long time. \$1.25 at most drugists or sent postpaid by

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A DEFIANT SENATOR

SENATOR CROWE of Vancouver seems contemptuous of Premier King's announcement that steps will be taken to curtail the veto power of the Senate over legislation passed by the House of Commons. He defiantly points out that any measure of Senate reform the Government would seek to have enacted would have to be concurred in by the Senate, which therefore would have to be reckoned with.

The implication of this, of course, is that the Senate is master of the situation and can afford to treat with scorn all proposals for its reform no matter how strong or general might be the demand for it.

Hon. Mr. Crowe is quite mistaken in his estimate of the situation. If the Canadian people in a general election on the issue declared for Senate reform by a large majority, as they certainly would, the Senators would do some very serious thinking on the subject. The concurrence of the Senate in an application to the British Parliament for the necessary amendments to the Canadian constitution probably would not be required so long as such application was adopted by the House of Commons at Ottawa on the authority of the Canadian people decisively given in an election.

Senator Crowe says the Senate was established to protect minorities and check legislation. The record shows clearly enough that by minority the majority of the Senators mean special privilege, and by check legislation measures, passed by the House of Commons, which privileged interests do not like. In their catalogue of check legislation they include the pensions bill and the Canadian branch line bills which they killed for all practical purposes.

There is one minority, however, that the Senate does not protect and that is the minority of Senators in its own body who want to see this reactionary relic of irresponsible government transformed into a democratic institution desirous of carrying out the wishes of the people who pay to maintain it.

THE LATE MR. STACPOOLE

TO the legal profession in particular and to a very large number of friends in general the death this morning of F. J. Stacpoole, K.C., will come as a painful shock.

For the last fourteen years the late Mr. Stacpoole has been a prominent figure in the public life of Victoria. As an able member of the Bar he was perhaps best known and in this field he gained well-merited distinction. It was his lot to be entrusted with many important cases during the period in which he followed private practice here. One of the most interesting of these was that which arose out of the Oriental riots a few years ago.

To his ability as a lawyer Mr. Stacpoole added that of an engaging and interesting speaker. On many occasions where important matters of public concern were under discussion he was always found ready to contribute of his wealth of advice and judgment.

Mr. Stacpoole will be missed by a wide circle of friends, and The Times extends its sympathy to those who are left to mourn his loss.

RISE IN PRICES

A WORLD shortage of wheat is predicted and up goes the price of wheat. There is a revolution in Brazil and the price of coffee goes up. There is a renewed demand in Europe for new coinage and up goes the price of silver. From time to time until next November 4 the prices of other commodities will go up in the United States ostensibly on account of some unusual development in the affairs of capricious commerce and state through-out the world.

If no world wheat shortage was in sight the price of wheat would go up in the States anyway. The prices of many other commodities will go up without any actual relation to anything that is happening anywhere except one outstanding event scheduled in the neighboring republic for November 4. This is the presidential election.

Times are usually quiet in election year across the line, and it is not good for the prospects of the party in office that they are so. They have been bad for the American farmer for several years and in Mr. La Follette there is an able and persuasive radical Republican in the presidential fight against Mr. Coolidge and Mr. Davis whose strength is chiefly in the agrarian sections of the middle West and who blames the Coolidge administration for the low prices the farmers have been getting for their products. If Mr. La Follette had been nominated Republican candidate for the presidency instead of Mr. Coolidge, he would have blamed the Democrats in Congress for the farmers' plight.

Obviously, therefore, the best strategy for the Coolidge forces to adopt is to raise the prices of farm products, and Wall Street and its ramifications can bring this about. Fortune has favored them as far as wheat is concerned. The Canadian crop will not be nearly as large as it was last year and the shortage, of course,

has been magnified in certain influential quarters. Thus there is foundation for the increase in the price of this commodity which no doubt will continue after November 4. But there will be a subsidence in certain other American products after that date.

TOO MANY REVOLVERS

TWO masked youths armed with revolvers held up a Vancouver drug store and got away with \$1,500 in cash.

Three unmasked men similarly armed raided a jewelry store in New York and kept a staff of five covered while goods to the value of \$75,000 were collected. They escaped in an automobile.

Just as he was turning to enter his home at Niagara Falls the owner of a hotel there was attacked and murdered by a gang of four youthful bandits. They robbed him of \$1,000 and decamped.

Three thousand dollars in cash was extracted from a safe of the Standard Bank at Onoway, Alberta, and the thieves got away without hindrance. They were not disturbed so they were not called upon to display their arms.

Two girls in England stole a revolver and attempted to force a taxi driver to take them from Brighton to London.

At the convention of the Chief Constables' Association of Canada in Ottawa recently the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police said "there is no doubt that something should be done to control the number of revolvers loose in the country."

These are a few of the more sensational items published in the news of one day last week.

This week's budget includes a bank hold-up, and another drug store robbery in Vancouver—by the aid of revolvers, of course.

It looks as if the revolver question is one that ought to be tackled and some sort of restriction adopted.

DISARM FIRST

THE British Empire would not be assisting the cause of peace by subscribing to the Treaty of Mutual Assistance. Although, perhaps, in a very considerably less aggressive fashion, any new arrangement for the adoption of punitive measures would merely retain the principle of force.

It is argued by Lord Robert Cecil, than whom there is none more sincere in his desire for and contributions towards peace, that it is inconceivable that there should be any objection on the part of supporters of the Covenant of the League of Nations to the use of force. His point is that a nation which breaks the peace must be restrained forcibly if necessary.

Towards this view neither the British Government nor the Canadian Government inclines. This country agrees with the authorities at Westminster and the latter's case is summed up in the contention that "the League is primarily an agency for mediation and conciliation" and that in the work of the League emphasis should be laid on preventive rather than on punitive measures.

It comes back to simple argument. If the League of Nations is to rise to its greatest usefulness to humanity it must put the spirit of disarmament before everything else. There must be a complete mental disarming as a prelude to a successful bid for international peace.

The Washington Conference was an excellent example to the world at large. The actual and immediate result as it related to certain material considerations may not have been at all important. But the conclusions reached on principle were extremely valuable and indicated what could be done in a proper atmosphere.

Headline says "Coffee Goes Up." We always thought that good coffee went down—and stayed down.

Let there be no grumbling if it develops that the temperature to-night demands a little warmer clothing than usual.

Five prominent Scottish editors will arrive in Vancouver to-morrow morning and as far as present information goes will leave for the East on Monday night without coming to Victoria. Whoever is responsible for this part of their itinerary is unfair to them and to Vancouver Island. Their Canadian tour will be incomplete in an important aspect. If a party of Canadian editors visited Scotland they would not be foolish enough to leave out Edinburgh, even though they had been shown the sights of Glasgow. Somebody seems to have fallen down on his job.

SENILE SNARLING SENATE

From The Ottawa Citizen

The Senate of Canada will probably destroy itself. It has made no substantial contribution to good government for more than a decade. It is made up very largely of unscrupulous partisans who draw \$4,000 a year as an old age pension in return for service rendered in party politics. The Senate is almost wholly out of touch with younger Canada. It is living in the past, occupying itself with petty politics, like the snarling of curs at the heels of men who are busily engaged in the daily tasks of national administration.

FICKLE LIGHT

Low marsh, with a wild wind sweep,
And a moonless night above;
A moonless night like a velvet robe
On the shoulders of my love.
But a flickering light
Through the fog-mist gray
Gleams ahead—afar—
It may be only a will-o'-the-wisp,
Or it may be a shining star.
A longing heart, through mists and hours,
And a waiting into the years,
A vision that weighs the wings of faith
And dims the eyes with tears.
But the waiting hope—
Of a deathless joy—
Flickers ahead—afar—
It may be only a will-o'-the-wisp,
Or it may be a shining star!

Dr. Frank Crane on "Significance of Backs"

(Copyright)

THERE has been entirely too much attention paid to the face. After all, the face is a small portion of the human charm. And there is no reason why one who happens to be defective in this one little respect and abound in other beauties—such, for instance, as Trimby feet or a Katisha shoulder blade—should be out of the running.

And so to the truth, as Talleyrand or somebody else said, that words were used to conceal thoughts, we might with equal justice add that faces are trained in hypocrisy.

Most of us have entire control of our facial features. We can smile when we wish to smile. We can look modestly down when we are full of pride, and women have been known to weep for a purpose.

But you cannot do that sort of thing with your back. Backs are backs.

The character of people is quite often determined by their resemblance to lower animals. And herein it is our backs that betray us.

This truth has even entered into our language. We speak of a gentleman having his back up, by which we mean he resembles an angry cat.

Independence, courage, and all such militancy is much better indicated by stiffening one's back than by any sort of motion that can be made with the mouth or the nose.

And the most eloquent gesture of humility is the bending of the back. When we wish to do homage to the duchess we curve our spines and kiss her finger tips. When we approach his majesty we bend our backs.

If humility is the crowning virtue of the wise, then surely, the back, which best expresses this, is a most glorious instrument.

It is the back that is really the class symbol. For is it not the burden bearer of the world, alias the proletariat, whose backs are bent by the fat and pampered bourgeoisie who sit upon them?

And, then, there is another thing. Have you not often had a back view of a woman walking along the street and almost fallen in love with her, only to have your dream shattered when she turned around? And, we ask, is this fair to the woman?

Seige of Louisbourg a Thrilling Tale

July 26, 1758

THE last siege of the great French fortress of Louisbourg in Cape Breton is one of those British victories which shed glory on conquerors and vanquished alike. No more gallant officer ever commanded in a tight place, in desperate straits than the Chevalier de Drucour, commandant of Louisbourg during those seven terrible weeks of battle, murder and sudden death in the summer of 1758. No more gallant fight to the finish by four thousand and behind very unpardonable stone walls against twelve thousand of the world's finest troops was ever staged.

It is a thrilling tale, the story of that siege. He who has not read it in Francis Parkman's brilliant narrative, "Montcalm and Wolfe," volume II, or in Colonel Wood's "The Great Fortress," has missed one of the most vivid stories of one of the most stirring events, not only of the history of this continent, but of world history. He should not rest till he has read it.

For seven interminable weeks Drucour held out, though he knew that his position was doomed. But Louisbourg was merely one of the outer works of Quebec. His only hope was that he might make those faulty, insufficient walls hold till it was too late for the great British fleet and its army to co-operate against Quebec with General Abercrombie's army which was advancing against Montreal by way of Lake Champlain and the Richelieu River. In this he succeeded.

BESIDES Drucour himself, the two romantic figures which stand out in colorful relief in these events are Madame Drucour on the one side and Brigadier-General Wolfe on the other. General Amherst, commanding the British army, and Admiral Boscawen, commanding the overwhelming British fleet of thirty-nine sail, played their parts most efficiently, even with distinction, and Vauquelin, the heroic captain of the French frigate "Arethuse" flashes like a meteor through the gloom of battle action, but Madame Drucour was the bright, inspiring star of the defence, and Wolfe was the irresistible energy, the genius of the attack. It was his splendid prowess and his mastery of military science here displayed that determined Pitt, England's greatest war dictator, that Wolfe, and none other, should take Quebec next year.

Slowly, inevitably Wolfe's trenches worked in to the very walls of the fortress. Wolfe's men fired their muskets up point blank at the gunners on the walls. Slowly and relentlessly as fate the British artillery battered breaches in those dishonest walls, subdued one by one the guns on the ramparts, and made a veritable inferno of the town within, where four thousand civilians shared the peril of the troops, and their houses had gradually, even in their ruin, become one universal hospital.

The little French fleet of thirteen vessels, sheltering in the harbor under the guns of the fort, was gradually worn down by the finely daring British shell-fire. Little by little the crews were landed till most of the thirty-five hundred sailors were added to the garrison.

FINALLY, the British fire was so incessant and so devastating that neither garrison nor civilians could sleep, nor had they any safe place to rest. Yet the Chevalier, de Drucour held on. However, at a council held on July 25, it was decided to ask for terms. Boscawen and Amherst replied that the garrison must surrender without honors, and that within an hour. Drucour sent back a polished defiance. But Prevost, the Intendant, civil administrator and guardian of the townpeople, remonstrated on behalf of the stricken souls with such effect that Drucour dispatched a messenger to stay the bearer of his defiance. He caught up and then went forward to General Amherst's quarters to arrange the details of surrender. Late that night, July 26, 1758, they returned with the articles made out for signature. Boscawen and Amherst wrote beside, "Lieutenant-Colonel D'Anthony has not failed to speak in behalf of the inhabitants of the town; and it is nowise our intention to distress them, but to give them all the aid in our power."

Your Excellency will have the goodness to sign a duplicate of the articles and send it to us."

Drucour signed at midnight. Next day the garrison, in deepest chagrin, laid down their arms, the battle-grimed British regulars marched in, and the Cross of England floated over Louisbourg, to the dismay of France and New France and to the hysterical joy of England and New England.

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Ceylon Flavor with Indian Strength
Sold by Grocers throughout Canada.

New South Wales Finds Problem to Get Land Workers

Sir Joseph Carruthers, member of the Legislative Council of New South Wales, came through from Sydney to Honolulu on the liner Niagara. He has long been a member of the Food Conference at Honolulu, and so did not come on here, when the steamer arrived last evening.

Sir Joseph has long been a leading politician in the mother state, and is a leading authority on land settlement and immigration.

At a luncheon given in his honor, he was tendered to him in Sydney on the eve of his departure. In the course of his speech he said:

"Naturally they were all disappointed that so little actual accomplishment had come in regard to immigration and land settlement, and keenly shared in that feeling. Difficulties had been exceedingly grave, and although they could not excuse themselves entirely, yet these difficulties were not all of their making. As a matter of fact, the State Government had not been able to procure men of the right type from the United Kingdom. General Wauchope, with whom he discussed this matter when he was here on behalf of the Imperial Government, told him that the men engaged in agriculture and land pursuits in England and Scotland had been so hardly hit by the war and its aftermath that very few of them had sufficient capital to comply even with a condition requiring a moderate capital. Unfortunately the army men who retired with a pension of about £250 or £300 a year, and a gratuity of about £2,000 were deemed to be outside the scope of the British view of overseas migration. They wanted that class of men, but apparently those in charge on the other side found their hands tied. He was hopeful, however, that there would shortly be some change for the better. (Applause.)"

The WEATHER

Daily Bulletin Published by the Victoria Meteorological Department

Victoria, July 26—5 a.m.—The barometer remains stationary on the coast and fine, warm weather is general on the Pacific slope. Showers are reported in Northern Alberta.

Temperature	Max.	Min.
Victoria	86	55
Vancouver	86	55
Penticton	91	..
Grand Forks	97	..
Nelson	96	..
Kaslo	86	..
Calgary	90	55
Qu'Appelle	88	50
Winnipeg	70	..
Regina	83	62
Toronto	74	..
Ottawa	74	..
Montreal	68	..
St. John	72	..
Halifax	76	..

Victoria—Barometer, 30.01; temperature, maximum yesterday, 71; minimum, 55; wind, 30 miles S.W.; weather, clear.

Vancouver—Barometer, 30.02; temperature, maximum yesterday, 86; minimum, 60; wind, 6 miles E.; weather, clear.

Kamloops—Barometer, 29.92; temperature, maximum yesterday, 58; minimum, 62; wind, calm; weather, fair.

Prince Rupert—Barometer, 30.10; temperature, maximum yesterday, 72; minimum, 54; wind, calm; weather, clear.

Estevan—Barometer, 30.04; temperature, maximum yesterday, 60; minimum, ..

See Rose and See Better

GLASSES FROM \$4.50

This low price includes a thorough test and examination of your eyes, and specially ground lenses from my own diagnosis, every pair guaranteed.

J. ROSE

Optician and Optometrist
Registered under B.C. Optometry Act
1013 Government Street

Coal

Best Wellington
Lump, per ton.....\$11.75
Nut, per ton.....\$11.25

Victoria Fuel Co., Ltd.

1203 Broad St. Phone 1377
A. R. Graham E. M. Brown

64; wind, 4 miles S.E.; rain, trace; weather, cloudy.
Tatoosh—Barometer, 30.04; temperature, maximum yesterday, 58; minimum, 54; wind, 10 miles S.; rain, trace; weather, foggy.

Seattle—Barometer, 30.10; temperature, maximum yesterday, 86; minimum, 58; wind, 4 miles ..; weather, cloudy.

CITY WORKERS AT RODD HILL TO-DAY

City Hall Closes For Annual Picnic; Several Other Outings To-day

All doors at the City Hall were locked to-day. Every member of the civic staff, wives and children, were bound for Rodd Hill for the fifth annual picnic, where 500 to 600 people will spend the day. Tally-hos, transfer wagons and private automobiles lined up at the City Hall from 9 o'clock this morning until 10 o'clock loading up and whisking their passengers to the picnic grounds, and under the direction of W. Palmer, chairman, and E. Hardisty the transportation committee, with the assistance of members of other committees, saw that there were no tedious delays.

The Civic Employees' Protective Association representing the outside staff and the City Hall inside staff joined hands in making arrangements for the day's outing and drafted a promising programme. All that was needed to insure success was fine weather and King Sol smiled benignly on the expectant party as they assembled at the City Hall awaiting the conveyances bound for Rodd Hill.

Arrangements were effected for making tea on the grounds, and provisions were taken by those participating. The well filled hamper indicated that the commissariat department would be a success and gallons of ice cream and scores of cases of soft drinks sent ahead for free distribution among the youngsters showed that that essential part of a picnic programme had not been overlooked.

An energetic sports committee arranged a list of events which embraced the mayor and aldermen, the children, the mothers, fathers and every department of the civic staff.

The ideal weather to-day drew thousands of people to the beaches, parks and picnic grounds on organized picnics and family outings. The British American Paint Company, the Amputation Association and the South Saanich Farmers' and Women's Institutes also chose to-day for outings.



AMAN'S first duty is to provide for his dependents. That is his part in the Creator's plan of life.

To provide for them while he lives, to make provision for them should he die—he has no more serious earthly charge than this.

Mutual Life Insurance is a further step towards an ideal of brotherhood by which men co-operate to provide for the widowed and the fatherless and the aged on a permanent, scientific basis. It is not an organization for profit, although it is operated at a liberal margin of profit. It is an organization for mutual protection. Profits go back to the policyholders and serve to reduce the cost of insurance.

Let our agent discuss your insurance problem and recommend the type of policy you need.

The MUTUAL LIFE OF CANADA—Waterloo, Ontario
BRANCH OFFICE
201-204 Times Bldg.
Victoria, B.C.

THE SHOES FOR WELL DRESSED MEN

FLORSHEIM

Modern Shoe Co. 1300 Government St. Phone 1856



You Always Serve Bread

NO matter what the occasion, bread forms a good part of every meal. While it may surprise you, nothing you put on your table is as complete in nourishing qualities as good bread—bread such as SHELLY'S.

Why, SHELLY'S contains the carbohydrates, the proteins, the calcium, iron and phosphorus that proper health demands, and in surprisingly large amounts. It is truly a wonderful food.

But remember, all bread is not alike. Always remember "There's a difference in bread" and choose wisely by selecting SHELLY'S.

Here's a dainty luncheon suggestion, made with SHELLY'S.

Cheese Souffle in Ramekins

6 tablespoons melted butter
3 cups milk
4 eggs
1 teaspoonful each salt and paprika
1 lb. grated cheese
1 1/2 cups fine fresh bread crumbs

Melt butter, add seasonings, crumbs and cheese, and mix well. Beat eggs, add to milk, then add to first mixture. Turn into buttered ramekins and cook in pan of hot water in moderate oven. Serve instantly.

That wheaty flavor

Shelly's bread 4X

At Your Grocers or Phone 444

DAVID SPENCER, LIMITED

Store Hours: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.; Wednesday, 1 p.m.; Saturday, 8 p.m.

The Mission of the Department Store of David Spencer, Ltd., is to Supply the Merchandise Demanded by Its Customers at the Lowest Possible Cost

MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY

A Big Demonstration How We Can Serve You at the Least Cost in the Food Sections of the Store

Spencer's Teas

Spencer's Rich Family Tea, per lb.	75¢
Spencer's Indian and Ceylon Tea, per lb.	65¢
Spencer's Orange Pekoe Tea, per lb.	60¢
Spencer's Breakfast Blend Tea, per lb.	55¢

Spencer's Coffees

Spencer's British Prize Coffee, per lb.	45¢
Spencer's Breakfast Blend Coffee, per lb.	35¢
Spencer's Old Government Coffee, per lb.	55¢

CANDIES

Assorted Moir's Chocolates, per lb.	85¢
Riley's Assorted Toffee, per lb.	70¢
Spencer's Assorted-Chocolates, per lb.	50¢
Allan's Creamy Toffee, per lb.	60¢
Dunhill's Liquorice Allsorts, per lb.	60¢
Toasted and Plain Marshmallows, per lb.	60¢
Jap Nougats, per lb.	40¢
Cadbury's Dairy Milk Chocolate, per pkt.	10¢
Cadbury's Bournville Chocolate, per pkt.	10¢
Peter's Chocolate Tablets, per pkt.	25¢
Ormand's Maraschino Cherries, per pkt.	10¢

BAKERY

Cream Rolls, per dozen.	60¢
Iced Layer Cakes, each.	20¢
Fruit and Madeira Cakes, each at	25¢
Shelley's Tea Buns, pkt.	18¢

FRUIT

Ripe Tomatoes, per lb.	20¢
Apricots, per case.	\$1.50
Cantaloupes, each.	15¢
Large Cucumbers, each.	10¢
Cowan's Mello-Milk Chocolate, per cake	20¢
"Dot" Sweet Chocolate, per cake	8¢
Fry's Diamond Chocolate, per bar	5¢
Lemons, per dozen	20¢
Green Cooking Apples, 4 lbs. for	25¢

Spencer's Products

Spencer's Extracts, 2 oz., per bottle	20¢
Spencer's Extracts, 4 oz., per bottle	38¢
Spencer's Spices, per tin	10¢
Spencer's Lemonade Powder, per tin	20¢
Spencer's Soap Flakes, per packet	16¢
Spencer's Baking Powder, per tin	22¢
Spencer's Malt Vinegar, per bottle	23¢
Spencer's Saratoga Chips, per carton	20¢
Spencer's Saratoga Chips, per bag	10¢
Spencer's Rubber Rings, per packet	9¢
Spencer's Peanut Butter, small, per carton	15¢
Spencer's Peanut Butter, large, per carton	25¢
Spencer's Cream of Tartar, per packet	15¢
Spencer's Silver Polish, per bottle	25¢
Spencer's Waterglass, tin	22¢
Spencer's Icings, per pkt.	11¢
Spencer's Jelly Powders, per packet	8¢
Spencer's Currants, pkt.	17¢

Children's Cotton Bathing Suits, 85¢

Children's Cotton Bathing Suits in assorted colors, trimmed with contrasting shades, grey, navy, orange and fawn. For the ages of 2 to 8 years. **85¢**
—Children's, First Floor

A Selection of Men's Shirts

Men's Fine Shirts of English woven zephyr cloth, the color going right through and absolutely fast. Our Own brand, Anderson's zephyr cloths in fancy checks; Tooke brand in heavy Oxford cloths in fine stripes; Peck's brand in plain duck with collar to match; all sizes. **\$1.89**
Values \$2.50 and \$2.75 for.....

Men's Fine Tooke's Shirts of woven Madras cloth, woven zephyrs, twill, with separate collars to match; Potter's print with separate collar, all in neat fancy stripes and various sizes, 14 to 18 neck, with soft, double cuffs. Regular **\$2.50**
\$3.00 and \$3.25 for.....

Tooke's Fine Shirts from twill, with or without separate collar; zephyrs, linen, Potter's print, with separate collars; various sizes, 14 to 17 neck. Values \$2.75 to \$3.00 for..... **\$2.25**
—Men's Furnishings, Main Floor

Tooke's Fine Shirts of Bombay cords, fine woven, fast color zephyrs, with silk stripes, shown in assorted stripes, light and medium colors; sizes 14 to 17. Regular \$3.50 and \$3.75 **\$3.00**
for.....

Tooke's Best Grade Woven Zephyr and Silk Stripe Shirts; newest goods; sizes 14 to 16½. Reg. \$3.75 and \$4.00 for..... **\$3.00**

English-made Taffeta Shirts, wool and cotton, made coat style with double cuffs, white soft neckband, patterned in neat stripes of blue, mauve and black on a white ground. **\$3.95**
Regular \$5.75 for.....

Forsyth Brand Shirts, made of London broadcloth, a material equal to silk. They have soft double cuffs, neckband and soft collar to match. Silver, grey, mauve, cream, blue and white. Values \$4.50 on sale for..... **\$3.50**

Men's Bathing Suits, \$2.98 and \$3.75

Men's All-wool Bathing Suits, Pride of the West brand. They are made in one-piece style with skirt attached. Shades are black, blue, heather and fancy shades with breast stripes. Wonderful **\$3.75**
value, a suit

Men's 100 Per Cent. Wool Bathing Suits, fine grade and offered in three shades, maroon, navy blue, Oxford grey with breast stripes in contrasting colors. Big value, a suit **\$2.98**
—Men's Furnishings, Main Floor

Grocery Specials

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday
Cash and Carry

Nesnah Junket Powder, per packet	8¢	Essence of Rennet, per bot.	25¢	Dentmeal, per packet	30¢	Camp Coffee, per bottle	30¢
Swift's Wool Soap, per bar	4½¢	Pimentos, per tin	15¢	Post's Bran Flakes, per pkt.	16¢	Welch's Grape Juice, bot.	10¢
Holsum Macaroni, packet	14¢	Swift's Wool Soap, per bar	4½¢	Tolson's Health Bran, pkt.	20¢	Domillon Hops, per packet	9¢
King Oscar Klipped Herrings, per tin	14¢	Wool Soap Flakes, per pkt.	10¢	Ry-Krisp Health Bread, per packet	50¢	Lee & Perrin's Sauce, bot.	38¢
Kipper Snacks, per tin	5¢	Gold Leaf Shoe Dressing, per bottle	15¢	Wheatens, per packet	34¢	Heinz Sweet Gherkins, bot.	47¢
St. Regis Tuna Fish, tin	20¢	Libby's Prepared Mustard, per jar	15¢	EAGLE LOBSTER, ¼'s, per tin	24¢	Holsum Sweet Mixed Pickles, per bottle	36¢
Snowcloud Sardines, per tin	8¢	C & B Anchovy Sauce, bot.	54¢	Puffed Wheat, per packet	15¢	Improved Gem Sealers—	
Albatross Pilchards, per tin	14¢	W.P. Worcester Sauce, bot.	15¢	Puffed Rice, per packet	18¢	Quarts, per dozen	\$1.35
Tiger Salmon, per tin	20¢	KELLOGG'S CORN FLAKES, per packet	9¢	Cream of Wheat, per pkt.	23¢	Pints, per dozen	\$1.15
"CHEF" SAUCE, per bottle	20¢	Libby's Dill Pickles, per tin	14¢	Junket Powders, per pkt.	12¢	Perfect Seal Jars—	
Delicia Potted Meats, per tin	6¢	Sunkist Hominy, per tin	15¢	French Mustard, per jar	20¢	Quarts, per dozen	\$1.50
C & B Fish Bastes, per jar	25¢	California State Asparagus, per tin	15¢	Jeffers Olive Butter, per jar	20¢	Pints, per dozen	\$1.25
Underwood's Devilled Ham, per tin	46¢	Okanagan Tomatoes, tin	15¢	Premier Salad Dressing, per jar	24¢	Kerr Economy Jars—	
Rosedale Sliced Beef, jar	20¢	Conqueror Sweet Corn, per tin	12¢	Kitchen Bouquet, per bot.	55¢	Quarts, per dozen	\$1.60
Davies' Lunch Tongue, tin	33¢	Frankford Peas, size 4, tin	18¢	Gold Medal Mayonnaise, per jar	20¢	Pints, per dozen	\$1.35
Rose's Lime Juice, per bot.	34¢	Ormond's Dog Biscuits, pkt.	35¢	Colonel Skinner's Chutney, per jar	30¢	Kerr Wide Mouth Jars, pints, per dozen	\$1.35
Kershaw's Loganberry Juice, per bottle	55¢	LIBBY'S CRUSHED PINEAPPLE, per tin	25¢	Bulk Borax, per lb.	15¢	Creamettes, per packet	10¢
Hire's Root Beer, per pkt.	30¢	Milk Bone Dog Biscuits, per packet	25¢	White Swan Laundry Soap, per carton	19¢	Grantham's Lemonade Powder, per packet	12¢
RECKITT'S BLUE, pkt.	4½¢	Premier Diabetic Flour, per packet	15¢	White Swan Powder, pkt.	20¢	Currants, per lb.	19¢
Wilson's Root Beer, pkt.	20¢	Asley's Self Raising Flour, per bag	15¢	White Swan Napha Soap, per bar	4¢	Lima Beans, per lb.	8¢
Calphat Dates, per box	25¢	Alber's Buckwheat Flour, per packet	40¢	Bon Ami, per cake	15¢	Baker's Coconut, per tin	20¢
Maple Ridge Strawberries, per tin	25¢	Robinson's Silver Shred Marmalade, per jar	22¢	Economy Caps, per carton	35¢	Knox Gelatine, per packet	20¢
Rosedale Bartlett Pears, per tin	32¢	Reading Sauce, per bottle	26¢	Colman's Mustard, per tin	14¢	Meadow Sweet Pie Filling, per tin	10¢
Alymer Bantam Corn, tin	17¢	RED HEAD MATCHES, per box	8½¢	Heinz Spaghetti, per tin	17¢	Bird's Blanc Mange, pkt.	18¢
Quaker Refugee Beans, tin	17¢	C & B Capers, Med. bot.	22¢	Campbell's Pork and Beans, per tin	16¢	Arrowroot, per packet	27¢
Holsum Salad Oil, per bot.	22¢	Mott's Mustard Sauce, per bottle	25¢	Swansdown Cake Flour, per pkt.	40¢	Robertson's Silver Shred Marmalade, per jar	22¢
Reading Sauce, per bottle	26¢	Quaker Corn Meal, per pkt.	15¢	Quaker Hominy Grits, pkt.	15¢	Hip-O-Lite, per jar	35¢
HARVEY'S SAUCE, per bottle	28¢	HERRING IN TOMATO SAUCE, per tin	4½¢	No. 1 Ground Rice, per 3-lb. bag	25¢	Libby's Maraschino Cherries, per bottle	26¢
Curtis Ripe Olives, per tin	13¢	Libby's Ripe Olives, per tin	30¢	St. Ives' Anchoy Paste, per jar	16¢	Bee Kist Honey, per jar	40¢
Libby's Ripe Olives, per tin	30¢	Garnishola Pimentos, jar	25¢	Reindeer Coffee, per tin	18¢	Lentils, per lb.	11¢
Royal Pepper Sauce, bot.	25¢	Libby's Stuffed Olives, bot.	22¢			White Figs, per lb.	13¢
Libby's Stuffed Olives, bot.	22¢	SNOWFLAKE PASTRY FLOUR, per each	39¢			Benson's Corn Starch, pkt.	12¢
						Choucroute Garnie, per tin	25¢
						French Peas, Trés Fines, tin	35¢
						French Peas, Fines, per tin	25¢
						Cassoulet Toulousain, tin	35¢
						Tripes a la Mode de Gaen, per tin	30¢

Notice to Campers!

We deliver three times a week to all districts within a radius of twenty-two miles from Victoria. Our rural delivery truck is fitted with refrigerator, making it possible to deliver meats, butter and such commodities in the freshest condition. Order your requirements by phone or from our rural drivers.

A Fall Selection of Fresh Vegetables

We carry a full assortment of Fresh Vegetables. These arrive daily and are handled by the most sanitary arrangement. Table Fruits in season at the lowest possible prices.
—Lower Main Floor

On Sale Monday Tuesday and Wednesday Mornings

700 Dozen EGGS, B.C. Fresh Firsts, at, **33¢**
a dozen

Limit, Ten Dozen to a Customer
No Charges. No Delivery. No Phone Orders.
—Lower Main Floor

Special Demonstration in the Groceries of Spencer's Products

Demonstration of Hanson's Products All Week

Demonstration of Mazola Oil All Next Week

A Sale of High-grade English Pottery

This assortment includes Jardinières and Flower Vases. All the finest examples of the potter's art. The colorings are beautiful, the designs extremely attractive. A glance at the original prices will show you just how big the values are.

Values from \$7.50 to \$13.75	\$4.98
Special for	
Values from \$6.75 to \$10.75	\$3.98
Special for	
Values from \$5.00 to \$8.75	\$2.98
On sale for	
Values from \$3.75 to \$5.75	\$1.98
On sale for	

BREAKFASTS

Served in the Tea Room, Third Floor
From 9 to 11 a.m.

50 Feet of Garden Hose With Couplings for \$4.95

Three-ply Garden Hose, with a one-year guarantee; 50 feet, with couplings, for **\$4.95**
Fifty feet, with couplings and nozzle **\$5.50**
Hardware, Lower Main Floor

SATYRIN Has Now Arrived

A delayed shipment has now come to hand. Customers who have been inquiring for this can be supplied. We may here state that this preparation has proved the most wonderful rejuvenator and nerve restorative we have ever heard of. Ask us for a free descriptive booklet.
—Patent Medicine Section, Main Floor

Special Values for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday in the Book Department

View Books of the Rocky Mountains **\$1.00**
View Books of Victoria, each **50¢**
Picture Post Cards, colored, 4 for **5¢**
Picture Post Cards, black and white, 3 for **5¢**
Picture Post Cards of Butchart's Gardens, 3 for **25¢**
Souvenir Painted Shells, at each **75¢**
Book Dept., Lower Main Floor

BUTTER AND BACON

Specials for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday
CASH AND CARRY

Spencer's Fresh Creamery Butter, per lb.	35¢
Spencer's Own Beef Dripping, per lb.	11¢

Spencer's Standard Side Bacon in the piece, per lb., **24¢**

Spencer's Superior Brand Butter, per lb.	50¢
Spencer's Prime Brand Butter, per lb.	45¢
Spencer's Springfield Butter, per lb.	39¢
Spencer's Pure Lard, per lb.	17¢
Spencer's Pride Bacon, sliced, per lb.	45¢
Spencer's Own Ayrshire Roll, per lb.	40¢
Spencer's Standard Back Bacon, sliced, per lb.	40¢
Spencer's Pride Peameal Bacon, half or whole, lb.	35¢

In the Delicatessen Section

Spencer's Own Boiled Ham, per lb.	50¢
Spencer's Own Roast Pork, per lb.	50¢
Spencer's Own Roast Veal, per lb.	65¢
Spencer's Own Cooked Ox Tongue, per lb.	55¢
Spencer's Own Baked Loaf, per lb.	30¢
Spencer's Own Jellyed Lamb's Tongue, per lb.	60¢

Spencer's Boneless Pickled Pig's Feet, per sealer **33¢**

Gold Medal Mayonnaise, per pint	55¢
Spencer's Own Potato Salad, fresh daily, per lb.	22¢
Large White Onions, per pint	35¢

Preserved Ginger, special, a lb. **25¢**

Pure Honey, in bulk, per lb.	22¢
Spencer's Own Weenies, per lb.	30¢
Spencer's Own Bologna, per lb.	24¢
Spencer's Own Baked Stuffed Ham, per lb.	65¢
Large Green Olives, per pint	40¢
Cooked Corned Beef, per lb.	30¢

—Lower Main Floor

A Large Selection of the Best CHEESE Imported and Domestic

Our Cheeses are of the highest standard and prices always the very lowest possible.	
Mild Ontario Cheese, lb.	25¢
Old Canadian Stilton Cheese, per lb.	42¢
B.C. Pimento Cream Cheese, per lb.	44¢
Salt Spring Island Cheese, per lb.	40¢
Ingersoll Cream Cheese, spreads like butter, pkt.	15¢
Blue Mold English Stilton Cheese, per lb.	80¢
Imported Roquefort Cheese, per lb.	60¢
Imported Gorgonzola Cheese, per lb.	70¢
Swiss Gruyere Cheese, in portions, per box	65¢
McLaren's Cream Cheese, small jars, each	25¢
Dutch Edam Cheese, lb.	45¢
Limburger Cheese, lb.	45¢

—Lower Main Floor Cash and Carry

FRESH MEATS

Cash and Carry—Monday Values

Pickled Pork Hocks, per lb.	8¢
Sirloin Steaks, per lb.	25¢
Round Steak, lb.	17¢ and 15¢
Oxford Sausage, 3 lbs. for	25¢
Mince Steak, 3 lbs. for	25¢
Lean, Boneless Stewing Beef, 3 lbs. for	25¢
Blade Bone Roasts, per lb.	6¢
Pork Steaks, per lb.	15¢
Mutton Steaks, per lb.	25¢
Veal Steaks, per lb.	25¢
Shanks of Beef, Half or Whole, per lb.	30¢

REGULAR COUNTER DELIVERED

Flank Steak, special, lb.	15¢
Little Pig Pure Pork Sausage, per lb.	25¢
Pork Chops, per lb.	25¢
Centre-cut Shanks, per lb.	10¢

—Lower Main Floor

Bargains in the China and Crockery Departments

Brown Fireproof Bakers, each	20¢, 25¢, 30¢ and 40¢
Brown Fireproof Pudding Dish, white lined, each	30¢
Brown Betty Teapots, six-cup size, for camp use, each	75¢
Rockingham Teapots, brown with deep band of green, tan or mottled—Special	65¢, 75¢ and 85¢
China Cream Jugs, floral design—Special at	25¢, 35¢ and 45¢
China Sugars and Creams, a pair	65¢
China Salad Bowls, special, each	55¢
Flower Bowls, with frogs, Special	75¢ and 85¢
Cake Plates, china, floral design, Special	75¢ and 85¢
Cake Plates, china, floral design, Special	65¢
China Berry Sets, 7 pieces, a set	\$1.50
China Cups and Saucers, 15¢, 20¢ and 25¢	
China Tea Sets, 22 pieces, in attractive design, Special, a set	\$6.95

—Lower Main Floor

Specials, Monday

B. C. Granulated Sugar, 20 lbs.	\$1.63
Ceylon Pekoe Tea, lb.	54c
Or 2 lbs.	\$1.00
Solar Sliced Hawaiian Pine- apple, 2 1/2 tins, reg. 40c. Monday, 1 tin	30c
2 tins	55c
4 tins	\$1.00
Nice Fresh Coffee, lb.	35c
Robin Hood Flour, 49-lb. sack	\$1.95
Snowflake Flour, 10-lb. sack	39c
Brittish English Carbolic Soap, large bars, 2 for	25c
Christie's Soda Biscuits, tin	42c
Good House Brooms, each	50c

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO., LTD.

Grocery Phones, 178 and 179 612 Fort St. Meat Dept., 5521
Fruit Dept., 5523 Provision Dept., 5520



Canada's Train de Luxe
Fastest Train Across Canada

Vancouver to Toronto (86 hrs.)
Vancouver to Montreal (90 hrs.)

All sleeping-car equipment, including
compartment and observation car.
Saves a business day each way.
No extra fare

For information regarding tickets and reservations apply at
TICKET OFFICES:
Wharf: Belleville St., or 1102 GOVERNMENT ST.

Canadian Pacific Railway

No Man Is Better Dressed Than His Collar

—A poorly laundered collar is the "weak link" in a man's dress that breaks the strong chain.
—Turn your laundry over to us. We feature shirt and collar work.
—Iron collars like the maker designed them; launder shirts to a "T" and send them home spick and span.

PHONE 2300 FOR SERVICE

New Method Laundry

Limited
1015-17 NORTH PARK STREET
Phone 2300
Down Town Office, 1115 Douglas Street

For the Holidays

When you travel be sure to carry your personal effects safely and cleanly in a trunk you can depend on. We carry a complete assortment of Trunks, Suit Cases, Hand Bags and Ladies' Novelty Cases. Prices to suit every person.

Jas. McMartin

716 Yates St. Phone 1278

Spring's Smartest Shoes

MUTRIE & SON'S
1203 DOUGLAS STREET

Many Years of
Satisfactory
Service
COLEBURN PLUMBING & HEATING CO. LTD.
PHONE 552
755 BROADVIEW ST.

Review is busy—The second July meeting of Queen Alexandra Review No. 11, W.B.A., was held in the Sons of Canada Hall, Pandora Street, Thursday evening with Commander Mrs. Moor in the chair. The Review voted unanimously to support the government of an operating table at the Jubilee Hospital for the minor operations of children. Mrs. Hoey reported she was getting on well with the raffle of an oil painting, but still had a few tickets to dispose of. The annual picnic will be held at the

Willows beach on August 13 at 1 p.m. A cordial invitation is extended to the other local Reviewers to attend. Prizes are to be given for the children's races. Hereafter the meetings are to be held on the first and third Fridays of the month, starting August 1. On behalf of the officers and members the commander at the last regular meeting presented Mrs. Belben, nee Millicent Bryson, a recent bride with a silver bread tray. Preparations are being made for a garden party to be held at the home of Mrs. Trousdale, Esquimalt Road, on Saturday, September 6.

Church Garden Party—Under the auspices of the Hampshire Road Church an energetic committee is getting ready for the fête to be held on Wednesday, July 30, in the grounds of the residence of the late Mr. Fernie, Oak Bay Avenue. Mrs. Sutton will have charge of the afternoon tea. Mrs. Stobart and Mrs. Hobbs will be in charge of the afternoon tea. Mrs. Stobart and Mrs. Hobbs will be in charge of the afternoon tea. Mrs. Stobart and Mrs. Hobbs will be in charge of the afternoon tea.

DR. MACKAY TALKS TO STUDENT BODY

Summer School Teachers
Hear Noted Educationist
And Lecturer

"If we are to have a great civilization, we must have great men and great women," said Dr. John Mackay, principal of Manitoba College, Winnipeg, and former principal of Westminster Hall, Vancouver, to an audience composed largely of students from the Victoria Summer School, in the Victoria High School auditorium last evening. There was a need of differentiation between the spiritual aspects and the intellectual phases of life, particularly in education, said the speaker, and the time was near when the spirit would have its great era of progress, as the mind had.

Through the ages man had progressed in mind until he had reached the culmination of his achievement in the present generation, asserted Dr. Mackay. But his education, his whole existence, had been tied up in things entirely concrete and essentially intellectual. There was nothing more to be gained about the man's character. But this intellectual progress had gone as far as was possible, the speaker believed.

The trend of human life, should, said Dr. Mackay, be progressive nature, but the eyes of the men and women of the globe should be turned upward. In their innermost minds should come a flash of conception of a ruling spirit; something bigger, better and brighter than the commonplace, concrete things of life. It should be so, if man would take the greatest happiness out of his existence, declared the speaker.

As an indication of what the modern and educational policies had done for humanity in the shape of too much intellectual advancement, Dr. Mackay cited the criminal operations of children. Mrs. Hoey reported she was getting on well with the raffle of an oil painting, but still had a few tickets to dispose of. The annual picnic will be held at the

ST. ANN'S SISTERS CELEBRATE JUBILEE OF PROFESSION

Diamond and Golden Jubilees
Reached by Five Members
of Order

The annual re-union of former pupils of St. Ann's Academy, which is to be held at the institution on Humboldt Street on Monday, July 28, will gain additional interest this year by its coincidence with the jubilees of religious profession of five of the Sisters of St. Ann.

Sister Mary Lucy and Sister Mary Bridget will celebrate their diamond jubilee after sixty years of sisterhood in the Order, and Sisters Mary Octavia, Mary Margaret Sacred Heart and Mary Theodore will have completed fifty years in its service. SIXTY YEARS IN ORDER

Sister Mary Lucy and Sister Mary Bridget, both took their life vows in 1864, at the respective ages of eighteen and nineteen. Sister Mary Bridget came to Victoria when St. Ann's Academy was housed in a much less pretentious building than it occupies to-day. There were then twenty-five boarders and thirty-two orphans in the convent on View Street and the resources were somewhat meagre, demanding the strictest economy on the part of the Sisters.

When St. Joseph's Hospital was opened in 1878, Sister Mary Bridget was transferred to the hospital staff. From 1904 to 1917 she was Superior of the Hospital, and to this day her tall figure and sweet face is seen around the hospital, visiting the bedside of the sick or attending some religious exercise.

Since first coming to Victoria in December, 1866, Sister Mary Lucy has been attached to the educational staff, specializing in music and fancy work. She also acted as "Mistress of Boarders" supervising girls outside of class hours and is at present Superior of Holy Rosary Academy, Vancouver. The duties of both of these venerable Sisters have necessitated their rising before first light every morning of their sixty years of convent life, except at times of illness, and their health is a striking commentary on the value of early rising and hard work as an aid to longevity.

GOLDEN JUBILEE

Of the three Sisters who are celebrating their golden jubilee, Sister Mary Theodore has been at the local Academy for practically the whole of that time, being a member of the teaching staff for the first forty years while during the last ten years she has been doing secretarial work. During her forty years of teaching, Sister Mary Theodore combined the duties of teacher and superior in Nanaimo, New Westminster and Quamichan (now Duncan) in which latter place she had care of the phantoms. She was also Novice-Mistress for one term in the St. Ann's Novitiate in this city. Sister Mary Margaret of the Sacred Heart came to British Columbia from Montreal in 1884. She has at various times been music teacher and Superior in Nanaimo, Vancouver, New Westminster, Douglas Island, Alaska, and at St. Joseph's Hospital in this city.

Sister Mary Octavia came to this province in 1875 and for the first seven years was engaged in missionary work at Williams Lake. A recent made her teacher's certificate useless, she has since been employed in the culinary department at the Academy and at St. Joseph's Hospital and of all the Sisters none more beloved than she. A gifted scholar, Sister Mary Octavia is the author of some of the finest French literary productions issued from St. Ann's.

MONDAY'S PROGRAMME

In celebration of the anniversaries, a handsome booklet has been issued entitled "St. Ann's in British Columbia and Alaska, 1858-1924," descriptive of the history of the Order in this province. For Monday's ceremonies, which will be attended by relatives of the Sisters from Michigan, New York, and other Eastern cities, are arranged. Piano numbers will be given by Adele Heritage, Doris Wilbers, Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. P. J. Schi and Mrs. Walter Fraser, vocal numbers by Mrs. R. C. Clancy, Miss Dorothy Hart, Miss Doris Wilbers, violin solos by Miss Gladys Heritage, a cantata by former pupils of the classes of the 'eighties and 'nineties, and at the close a specially composed verses.

VICTORIA'S BONNY CHILDREN



Hilda May, the curly-headed little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Barnes, of 7811 Bay Street, and within two months of her second birthday.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. H. Stanson of this city is visiting Dr. and Mrs. Drysdale, Nanaimo.

Mrs. J. A. Turner and Miss Jennie Turner, The Uplands, are spending a few days in Seattle.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Halpin and Miss Halpin of Victoria are spending a few days in Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Denham are among the Victorians who are in camp at Cordova Bay.

Mr. S. P. Donahue, of Seattle, was a visitor in Victoria yesterday and is returning home to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. John Reid of Montreal have arrived in the city with a view to taking up their residence here.

Mrs. Gordon Jameson and small son of Vancouver are spending a month at their summer cottage at Sooke.

Mr. T. McKeown, Hampshire Road, returned yesterday after spending a few days in Vancouver on business.

Mr. Robert McPherson, who has been a visitor in Victoria during the week, has returned to his home in Vancouver.

Mrs. J. L. Studholme of Victoria has gone over to Vancouver for a few days where she is a guest at Glenora Lodge.

Mr. and Mrs. James Tait and Mr. W. Tait, of Vancouver, are spending the week-end in Victoria and are guests at the Balmoral Hotel.

Lieut. Valentine Godfrey, of H.M.C.S. Patricia, and Mrs. Godfrey, are spending a short holiday at Crofton as the guests of Col. and Mrs. Barnes.

Miss Mary Spencer of Victoria is spending a few days at Ocean Park, North Vancouver, as the guest of Rev. Robert Hughes and Mrs. Hughes.

Mrs. A. Y. Anderson of Vernon is spending a few weeks in Victoria as the guest of her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Vivian Gallon, Linden Avenue.

Mr. Justice D. A. McDonald of Vancouver left yesterday for Shangan Lake where for the week-end he will be the guest of Mr. Justice and Mrs. Gordon Hunter.

Miss Kathleen Corbett of Vancouver is spending a week's holiday as the guest of Miss Kathryn Bradshaw at the Summer home of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bradshaw, Cordova Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Thompson of Edmonton, with their two children, and Miss Fyler of Winnipeg, are making a lengthy visit to the city as the guests of Mrs. A. Bullock, North Hampshire Road.

Miss Helen Holt, who has been visiting in Victoria, the guest of Miss Betty Kirk, St. Charles, has returned to her home in Vancouver accompanied by Miss Kirk, who will visit with her for some time.

Mrs. R. E. Castburn of San Francisco and her small son, Robert, who have been visiting her sister, Mrs. John Leeming, in this city, will be passengers on the Emma Alexander, leaving for the South to-morrow.

Dr. A. R. Baker, Vancouver, who has been a visitor in Victoria and a guest at the Empress Hotel for the past few days, left yesterday for Alberni to spend a short time prior to leaving for a trip up the West Coast.

Mrs. Arthur Weeks and her son Stanley, returned to their home in Oakland on St. Dorothy Alexander on Friday. Mrs. Weeks has been the guest for the summer months of Mr. Weeks's mother, Mrs. Frank Marshall, Oswego Street.

Mrs. Edgar A. MacLaurin, 3228 Dublin Street, accompanied by her daughter, Irene, left on yesterday's boat for Seattle on her way to visit her son in Portland, Ore. On her return she will visit with friends in Olympia, Wash.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Fletcher have as their guests Mr. and Mrs. William Head and daughters, Dorothy and Marion, who have motored from Victoria, B.C., by way of Wintermere and Banff, on a tour through Alberta.

Mrs. J. E. Foster and Miss Caroline Porter, who have been guests in Victoria for the past nine months, have returned to their home in Crawford, Nebraska. Mr. Porter

ESQUIMALT SHOW COMMITTEES BUSY

Entries For Women's Institute Fair Should be Sent in Soon

Intending exhibitors at the Flower Show and Exhibition of Women's Work to be given in the new Parish Hall and grounds of St. Paul's Garrison Church, under the auspices of the Esquimalt Women's Institute on Wednesday, August 6, are requested to apply at once for entry forms to any of the following conveners of the various divisions: General Conveners and Grounds Committee, Mrs. A. Booth, Mrs. N. Kelly, div. A, and B. Mrs. Lockley, div. C. Mrs. Davies, div. D. Mrs. A. Wallace, div. E. Mrs. K. McFarlane, div. F. Mrs. Eton, div. G. Mrs. J. J. Holligan, div. H and J. Mrs. W. Putt, div. K. Mrs. J. Appleby, baby show, Mrs. Ricketts, tea tent, Mrs. Brooker, ice cream, Mrs. Cave, candies, Mrs. Gray.

In each of the classes in Divisions A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, a first prize of seventy-five cents and a second prize of fifty cents will be awarded, while in the division devoted to children's work, the first prize will be fifty cents and the second, twenty-five cents.

PAPAL BLESSING IS SENT TO SISTERS

Impressive Services at St. Andrew's Cathedral For Jubilee To-day

With all the beauty and impressive ceremony befitting so solemn an occasion the diamond jubilee of Sister Mary Bridget, pioneer of St. Joseph's Hospital, and Sister Mary Lucy, pioneer educator of St. Ann's Academy, and the golden jubilee of Sister Mary Octavia, Sister Mary Margaret and Sister Mary Theodore, were celebrated this morning in St. Andrew's Cathedral.

His Lordship Bishop O'Donnell sang Pontifical High Mass, and the sanctuary was filled with visiting and local clergy.

Rev. Father O'Boyle of Vancouver, delivered an address, outlining briefly the story of the coming of "these splendid women to this Province so long ago, young girls of eighteen and nineteen years, white souled and sturdy eyed," the earliest members of the Order of St. Ann, which had been founded eight years before by Bishop Bourget of Montreal, and Esther Blondel of Vandœuvre.

In conveying the congratulations of Archbishop Casey of Vancouver, whose ill-health alone prevented his being present, Father O'Boyle dwelt further upon the long years of unselfish devotion which had made up the life of these sisters.

His Lordship Bishop O'Donnell offered the sisters his felicitations upon the attainment of so many years in the service of God and man, and then a special message of congratulation from the Holy Father, Pope Pius XI, sent through His Eminence Cardinal Gasparri and according to the sisters his apostolic benediction.

Before conferring the blessing the ceremony of the renewal of vows took place and in clear firm voices these old ladies repeated the same solemn promises of sixty and fifty years ago. The cathedral was filled to capacity, the front seats being occupied by the Sisters of St. Ann, and directly behind them the nurses of St. Joseph's Hospital. The ceremonies closed with the singing of the Magnificat.

Truly, a reception was held at the home of the bride's mother, who received the guests in a becoming dress of grey Canton crepe. The bride and groom received the congratulations of their friends under a prettily decorated arch of ivy and white flowers, from which was suspended a large wedding bell. A buffet supper was served to about thirty guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Garner left on a motor trip to Seattle, the bride traveling in a navy blue suit of tulle and small hat to match.

CHEMINUS

Mr. J. Douglas Elliot is visiting friends in Vancouver.

Mrs. J. K. Worsfold and Miss Doris Worsfold, of New Westminster, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Halked.

COWICHAN LAKE

A delightful afternoon was spent on Thursday when Mrs. W. Gross Klug entertained a number of friends at her home. The afternoon was spent in Whist, Mrs. Scholey and Miss White tied for first prize and on cutting the cards Miss White was awarded first and Mrs. Scholey second.

Mrs. Hingston and Mrs. Alexander also tied for third prize, on cutting, the third prize was won by Mrs. Alexander. The consolation prize was awarded to Mrs. H. T. Harding. Very nice refreshments were served at the close of the afternoon. The guests included Mrs. E. Lomas, Mrs. G. Stelly, Mrs. Dawson, Mrs. C. E. Scholey, Mrs. F. Swanson, Mrs. Andrews, Mrs. Beech, Mrs. W. Baylis, Mrs. D. Madill, Mrs. H. Harding, Mrs. E. McCall, Mrs. E. Baker, Mrs. Reid, Mrs. M. Hemmingson, Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Dawson, Mrs. GreenSmith, Miss Lockwood and Miss White.

Mrs. Scholey returned to the lake after visiting in Victoria.

Miss Lomas is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Harcourt, Sunday, at Cowichan Lake.

Mr. C. H. Dickie, M.P., has returned from his seasonal duties at Ottawa.

DUNCAN

Mrs. C. H. Dickie, M.P., has returned from his seasonal duties at Ottawa.



While Sunlight Works

YOU have more leisure hours on wash day if you use Sunlight Soap. Away downstairs in the wash tub this wonderful soap will do the labour. You rub the things with Sunlight—you put them to soak—and then its penetrating, cleansing ingredients search through and through the fibres, loosening even the hardest dirt or the oldest grease stains completely. No wash board rubbing, no boiling, no hard work. Then, with rinsing, the dirt runs away and your clothes are ready for the line, purified and snowy clean.

Wash day should not take your labour—only Sunlight's gentle strength.

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Soft and flaky—wont scratch—Contains no lye or acids—Old Dutch Cleanser

Goes further—does better work.



Made in Canada

For all General Cleaning

\$32,000,000 FOR RELIEF IN RUSSIA

SOVIET GOVERNMENT TAKES STEPS TO COPE WITH THREATENED FAMINE

Shortage of Grain Estimated at 150,000,000 Poods; 8,000,000 People Affected

Moscow, July 26.—The Soviet Government has appropriated \$32,000,000 for the purpose of coping with the threatened famine in Russia, according to an announcement by the central committee of the Communist Party.

Of this amount, \$15,000,000 will be used for seed and the rest for direct assistance of the peasants in the worst affected areas.

The announcement says this year's shortage of grain will be 150,000,000 poods—a pood represents 36.113 pounds. It says that only 7,000,000 or 8,000,000 persons will be affected by this year's crop failure, while in 1921, 30,000,000 were affected.

The committee insists that crop failures will be found only in certain limited areas and in these the Government is taking every precaution to meet the needs of the population.

ONE IN THIRTEEN LIVES IN CITY OF 100,000 OR OVER

Munich, Germany, July 26.—Every thirteenth inhabitant of the world lives in a city of more than 100,000.

Before Deciding on That Phonograph, See Our Full Range of

Edisons
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Every Instrument Carries Our Guarantee

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IN 1/2 AND 1 LB. CARTONS

RADIO NEWS

PROGRAMME MORE IMPORTANT THAN GREAT DISTANCE

Radio Fans Think More of Quality Than Quantity Now

Distance is beginning to lose its enchantment for the radio enthusiast. The listening public has come to accept radio as an indispensable service in the home rather than as an experimental novelty which depended for its interest on long distance "stunts." The question no longer is "How far can I reach?" but "What programme shall I hear?" according to the radio section of the Associated Manufacturers of Electrical Supplies.

"Many a radio fan" this summer has discovered for the first time that in his efforts to sweep distant fields he had been missing the real joys of radio reception. It is pointed out by L. W. Staunton, a radio expert who is now collecting data on this situation for the radio section. "The enthusiast now realizes that in many cases the best entertainment, the most interesting news features, were being broadcast from a nearby station, within easy and effective range, while he, with his ears fixed for 'distance,' had been deaf to the true appeal that radio made."

"Radio listeners in many parts of Canada and the United States are becoming fervent 'rooters' for their home town talent, and many interesting factors are likely to develop from this movement."

"For one thing, the encouragement thus lent to local talent should result in a great improvement of programme material. For another thing, the general practice of choosing a programme upon merit rather than upon distance would solve some of the serious problems of interference now experienced in the air."

"Then there is also the question of summertime reception. Atmospheric disturbances during warm weather occasionally prevent the satisfactory hearing of distant stations, whereas nearby stations can be heard without difficulty if the set is in reasonably good condition and the owner familiar with its operation."

"As the attention of radio listeners was concentrated on the programme of local stations, there would arise a community interest in singers and musicians—native sons and daughters, as it were. The development of this 'spirit' would mean a great deal for the industry as a whole and for the users of radio apparatus. In turn, local artists would be given an opportunity to win public recognition for their talents, and this might lead to their success in broader fields, just as the reputation of established artists have been enhanced by their appearance before the radio."

DAILY RADIO PROGRAMMES

SATURDAY, JULY 26
KGO—General Electric Company, Oakland; 312 Metres
From 4 to 5:30 p.m.—Concert Orchestra of Hotel St. Francis, San Francisco, Vinton La Ferra conducting
From 5 to 10 p.m.—Novelty music programme
KPO—Radio Station, San Francisco; 423 Metres
From 8 to 12 p.m.—Dance music by Art Weidner Orchestra playing at the Fairmont Hotel
KRE—Berkeley Gazette, Berkeley; 278 Metres
From 8 to 12 p.m.—Dance music by Horace Heidt's Orchestra of the Hotel Claremont
KOW—Morning Oregonian, Portland; 422 Metres
From 10 to 12 p.m.—Police reports

Baseball scores and weather forecast.
Dance music by George Olsen's Metropolitan Orchestra of the Hotel Portland.
KJH—Los Angeles Times, Los Angeles; 36 Metres
From 8 to 10 p.m.—Programme presented through the courtesy of J. Howard Johnson, tenor of the Hotel Portland.
From 10 to 11 p.m.—Art Hickman's Dance Orchestra from the Biltmore Hotel.
KFI—Earle C. Anthony Inc., Los Angeles; 488 Metres
From 8 to 9:30 p.m.—Kolch, bass, arranging programme.
From 9 to 10 p.m.—Examiner—Fuller programme.
From 10 to 11 p.m.—Popular song programme.
From 11 to 12 p.m.—Ambassador Hotel Coconut Grove Orchestra.

Broadcast Bill's Radiolays

By WILLIAM E. DOUGLASS



IN FIELD AND WOODLAND

LATE SUMMER FLOWERS
BY ROBERT CONNELL

With the disappearance of most of our familiar flowers before advancing Summer we prize all the more those which persist all the year, the perennial supply of bloom or which are by nature the characteristic plants of July and August. Among the former is to be numbered the Gumweed or Gum Plant, Grindelia. Its golden blossoms line the seashore not only along the exposed cliffs of the Dallas Road and about the rocky coastline of our beaches, but along the inland waters of the Gorge where the Island Highway skirts them. Several species are found in the neighborhood of Victoria but the commonest is Grindelia integrifolia. The Grindelias are found throughout western America in dry lands and the more or less arid nature of their habitat is shown by their sunny inflorescence and thick resinous leaves. These are plant modifications in adaptation to a dry climate. Even here the Grindelias are not confined to the coast but are found on dry hill-sides. They are I take it, another evidence of the once much greater extension of the unfertile fringe of the coast, the district of Garry oaks and of the many plants which connect our flora with that of California. The juice of Grindelia is reputed to be a remedy for the effects of Poison Oak, a plant fortunately rare about this part of the world. As another late and persistent bloomer along the coast I might mention the Laysan maritime, the Beach Pea or, as it is called in Great Britain, the Seaside Everlasting Pea. Its deep purple flowers and smooth, rounded, fleshy leaves are conspicuous in the little hollows between cliff and beach. I was surprised the other day to see a bush of Rosa Gymnocarpa (which our friends to the south call the Redwood Rose) in full blossom, a somewhat unusual sight so late in the summer.

MICHAELMAS DAISIES
After the appearance of the Fireweed or Rose Bay comes the Golden Rod and Michaelmas Daisies, the familiar contrast of purple and yellow. The Aster to which the latter belong are very largely a North American family and any one who has traveled across Canada in the late summer or early fall will have noticed the profusion of these colorful flowers which are to be seen everywhere. The Michaelmas daisy is indeed of American origin (I used the word in its geographical sense rather than its political) and owe their English name to their blossoming about Michaelmas Day or September 29, a date late as an average for here. Our commonest one is Aster douglasii, named after the justly celebrated Scottish botanist, David Douglas, whose travels in northwestern America did so much for the science he loved. He died in 1834 but his name is immortalized in the name of our noble Douglas fir. The differences between the various sorts of asters are not always easy to make out and botanists, like doctors, are apt to disagree.

FIREWEED OR ROSE BAY
I have already referred to the Fireweed, known in Great Britain by the much prettier name of Rose Bay and Willow Herb. There it is not by any means a common plant, and is appreciated in gardens for the sake of its lovely rose-purple flowers. Across this continent, however, it is a familiar friend. Never a troublesome weed, it is most strikingly conspicuous on those grassy wastes where the ravages of fire have been greatest and is an instance of the care and speed with which nature covers up the scars too often made by man on the face of mother earth. On our own hillside here it gives a color to the mass not unlike the heather and seems a dearly beloved of the bees. Across the Straits of Juan de Fuca its crimson glow upon the foothill slopes of the Olympics twenty or thirty miles away can not infrequently be seen in the golden sunshine of a July afternoon. It is a close relative of two well known garden flowers, both originally imported from America, the Godetia and the Clarkia. Two species of the former are found in the vicinity of Victoria, and of the latter one is a native of the interior of the Province. Epilobium angustifolium, the Rose Bay, has four petals, of which three are isolated in form and position, though slightly, from the fourth. In the centre of the eight purple anthers stands the style whose stigma when opened takes a cruciform shape. Another interesting peculiarity is to be found in the leaves whose veins instead of passing out to the edges turn inward with a curve and so make a kind of secondary border.

THE GOLDEN-ROD
As conspicuous as the Michaelmas Daisy across Canada in the late summer is the familiar Golden-rod. There are numerous species in North America, but only one is found in Europe and Northern Asia. Solidago lepida is our common local form; its longer shape has earned it in addition the variety title of elongata. It owes its reputed medicinal properties, but on this continent its golden spikes associated with the coming of the changing leaf and Indian Summer have been a sufficient claim to the common suffrage.

Suffered Misery With Itchy Eczema Cuticura Healed

"I was troubled with eczema for over two years. At first it appeared in small spots and then began to spread all over my face and head until I suffered awful misery. The itching and burning were terrific. At times I thought I would go crazy, and was obliged to give up my work."

"I was treated and tried different ointments without any benefit. I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and decided to try them. After the first application I felt relief. I continued the treatment for a time and now I am healed." (Signed) Miss Y. Wood, 886 City Hall Ave., Montreal, Quebec.

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Address: Canadian Agents, The Cuticura Sales Company, 100-102, 104-106, 108-110, 112-114, 116-118, 120-122, 124-126, 128-130, 132-134, 136-138, 140-142, 144-146, 148-150, 152-154, 156-158, 160-162, 164-166, 168-170, 172-174, 176-178, 180-182, 184-186, 188-190, 192-194, 196-198, 200-202, 204-206, 208-210, 212-214, 216-218, 220-222, 224-226, 228-230, 232-234, 236-238, 240-242, 244-246, 248-250, 252-254, 256-258, 260-262, 264-266, 268-270, 272-274, 276-278, 280-282, 284-286, 288-290, 292-294, 296-298, 300-302, 304-306, 308-310, 312-314, 316-318, 320-322, 324-326, 328-330, 332-334, 336-338, 340-342, 344-346, 348-350, 352-354, 356-358, 360-362, 364-366, 368-370, 372-374, 376-378, 380-382, 384-386, 388-390, 392-394, 396-398, 400-402, 404-406, 408-410, 412-414, 416-418, 420-422, 424-426, 428-430, 432-434, 436-438, 440-442, 444-446, 448-450, 452-454, 456-458, 460-462, 464-466, 468-470, 472-474, 476-478, 480-482, 484-486, 488-490, 492-494, 496-498, 500-502, 504-506, 508-510, 512-514, 516-518, 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964-966, 968-970, 972-974, 976-978, 980-982, 984-986, 988-990, 992-994, 996-998, 1000-1002, 1004-1006, 1008-1010, 1012-1014, 1016-1018, 1020-1022, 1024-1026, 1028-1030, 1032-1034, 1036-1038, 1040-1042, 1044-1046, 1048-1050, 1052-1054, 1056-1058, 1060-1062, 1064-1066, 1068-1070, 1072-1074, 1076-1078, 1080-1082, 1084-1086, 1088-1090, 1092-1094, 1096-1098, 1100-1102, 1104-1106, 1108-1110, 1112-1114, 1116-1118, 1120-1122, 1124-1126, 1128-1130, 1132-1134, 1136-1138, 1140-1142, 1144-1146, 1148-1150, 1152-1154, 1156-1158, 1160-1162, 1164-1166, 1168-1170, 1172-1174, 1176-1178, 1180-1182, 1184-1186, 1188-1190, 1192-1194, 1196-1198, 1200-1202, 1204-1206, 1208-1210, 1212-1214, 1216-1218, 1220-1222, 1224-1226, 1228-1230, 1232-1234, 1236-1238, 1240-1242, 1244-1246, 1248-1250, 1252-1254, 1256-1258, 1260-1262, 1264-1266, 1268-1270, 1272-1274, 1276-1278, 1280-1282, 1284-1286, 1288-1290, 1292-1294, 1296-1298, 1300-1302, 1304-1306, 1308-1310, 1312-1314, 1316-1318, 1320-1322, 1324-1326, 1328-1330, 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2788-2790, 2792-2794, 2796-2798, 2800-2802, 2804-2806, 2808-2810, 2812-2814, 2816-2818, 2820-2822, 2824-2826, 2828-2830, 2832-2834, 2836-2838, 2840-2842, 2844-2846, 2848-2850, 2852-2854, 2856-2858, 2860-2862, 2864-2866, 2868-2870, 2872-2874, 2876-2878, 2880-2882, 2884-2886, 2888-2890, 2892-2894, 2896-2898, 2900-2902, 2904-2906, 2908-2910, 2912-2914, 2916-2918, 2920-2922, 2924-2926, 2928-2930, 2932-2934, 2936-2938, 2940-2942, 2944-2946, 2948-2950, 2952-2954, 2956-2958, 2960-2962, 2964-2966, 2968-2970, 2972-2974, 2976-2978, 2980-2982, 2984-2986, 2988-2990, 2992-2994, 2996-2998, 3000-3002, 3004-3006, 3008-3010, 3012-3014, 3016-3018, 3020-3022, 3024-3026, 3028-3030, 3032-3034, 3036-3038, 3040-3042, 3044-3046, 3048-3050, 3052-3054, 3056-3058, 3060-3062, 3064-3066, 3068-3070, 3072-3074, 3076-3078, 3080-3082, 3084-3086, 3088-3090, 3092-3094, 3096-3098, 3100-3102, 3104-3106, 3108-3110, 3112-3114, 3116-3118, 3120-3122, 3124-3126, 3128-3130, 3132-3134, 3136-3138, 3140-3142, 3144-3146, 3148-3150, 3152-3154, 3156-3158, 3160-3162, 3164-3166, 3168-3170, 3172-3174, 3176-3178, 3180-3182, 3184-3186, 3188-3190, 3192-3194, 3196-3198, 3200-3202, 3204-3206, 3208-3210, 3212-3214, 3216-3218, 3220-3222, 3224-3226, 3228-3230, 3232-3234, 3236-3238, 3240-3242, 3244-3246, 3248-3250, 3252-3254, 3256-3258, 3260-3262, 3264-3266, 3268-3270, 3272-3274, 3276-3278, 3280-3282, 3284-3286, 3288-3290, 3292-3294, 3296-3298, 3300-3302, 3304-3306, 3308-3310, 3312-3314, 3316-3318, 3320-3322, 3324-3326, 3328-3330, 3332-3334, 3336-3338, 3340-3342, 3344-3346, 3348-3350, 3352-3354, 3356-3358, 3360-3362, 3364-3366, 3368-3370, 3372-3374, 3376-3378, 3380-3382, 3384-3386, 3388-3390, 3392-3394, 3396-3398, 3400-3402, 3404-3406, 3408-3410, 3412-3414, 3416-3418, 3420-3422, 3424-3426, 3428-3430, 3432-3434, 3436-3438, 3440-3442, 3444-3446, 3448-3450, 3452-3454, 3456-3458, 3460-3462, 3464-3466, 3468-3470, 3472-3474, 3476-3478, 3480-3482, 3484-3486, 3488-3490, 3492-3494, 3496-3498, 3500-3502, 3504-3506, 3508-3510, 3512-3514, 3516-3518, 3520-3522, 3524-3526, 3528-3530, 3532-3534, 3536-3538, 3540-3542, 3544-3546, 3548-3550, 3552-3554, 3556-3558, 3560-3562, 3564-3566, 3568-3570, 3572-3574, 3576-3578, 3580-3582, 3584-3586, 3588-3590, 3592-3594, 3596-3598, 3600-3602, 3604-3606, 3608-3610, 3612

FIRE ON NIAGARA WAS DISCOVERED Quick Action Averted Serious Mishap to Liner Berthing Delayed Many Hours By Heavy Fog in Strait

Serious damage by fire aboard the Canadian-Australasian liner Niagara was narrowly averted. While passing down one of the corridors an official caught a glancing of leaping flames. He found within a stateroom the curtain and part of the woodwork on fire. Grabbing a blanket from off the bed he smothered the fire before it got a firm grip upon the cabin's woodwork. The fire might well have proved disastrous to the ship, for quite a breeze was blowing through the passage-way. The outbreak was traced to a lighted cigarette which fell from an ash tray to the table.

What would have been a very enjoyable trip was somewhat barred by the untimely fire. The liner, owned by the American Steamship Company, Montreal, who died suddenly of heart failure. His death occurred just two days before the liner reached Honolulu. Captain J. T. Rolls officiated at the burial service in heavy fog.

The Niagara was delayed some twelve hours by fog which she ran into at 10.30 o'clock Thursday night. The vessel, which was expected to have arrived at William Head at 6 o'clock yesterday morning, did not dock at the Outer Wharf until 6 o'clock that evening.

There was a very light passenger list compared with former trips this year. There were 228 first class and 112 second class and sixty in the third class saloon. Although the list from Honolulu was very light, the total number of passengers for the entire trip was very encouraging.

The vessel carried 328 from Sydney to Auckland; 463 from Auckland to Suva; 259 from Suva to Honolulu and 262 from Honolulu to Victoria.

Among the prominent passengers aboard were: Cyril Ritchard, Miss Audrey Knight and William Hay, theatrical artists en route to New York; O. Beale, accompanied by his wife and two daughters, on a trip to the Yukon and returning to Australia; Mrs. Jan Cherniavsky, wife of the celebrated musician, returning to her home in Vancouver; P. H. A. Barrow, accompanied by his wife and son, returning to his home in England after an extensive world tour; Major Richard R. French, of the British Army, returning to England for a visit to Australia; Dr. Hamilton G. Gilmer, accompanied by his daughter, a well known New Zealand doctor who is making the round trip of the world; Thomas Horne, merchant of Suva, on a business tour to Canada, United States and Great Britain; P. B. Sheather, merchant of Sydney, Australia, on a business trip to Canada and the U.S.A.; Capt. James R. Urquhart, of the U.S. Army at Honolulu, en route to Washington; accompanied by his wife and two children; Major John Harris, also of the U.S. Army, en route to the United States; Col. H. Hathaway, attorney-at-law of Honolulu, en route to the United States on account of the Dutch Government; and Mr. and Mrs. J. Stuart Robertson, of James P. Robertson & Son, Chicago, returning to Chicago after spending a vacation in Honolulu.

The Niagara had approximately 1,500 tons of cargo for discharge at Vancouver, including large consignments of frozen mutton, butter and pineapples from Honolulu.

Hi-jackers Are Responsible For Murderous Attack

San Francisco, July 26.—Hi-jackers were held responsible for one murder attempt and for an assault on an aged woman and a young girl in the San Francisco Bay region yesterday.

H. J. Ferris, San Francisco merchant and bootlegger suspect, is suffering from serious bullet wounds as a result of a supposed brush with hi-jackers in the Half Moon Bay region south of here. A bullet riddled automobile was found later near the scene of this shooting. Ferris is unable to make a statement.

The aged woman, Mrs. Mary Grubich, eighty, owner of the "Crum Ranch Winery at Livermore, Alameda County, and Miss Christine Jung, eighteen, who lives with her, were attacked by a gang of supposed hi-jackers who attempted to enter the winery. They were frightened away, leaving the woman, beaten and semi-conscious, behind them.

COWICHAN LAKE

DIRECT SERVICE

(Daily Except Sunday)

via

Shawigan Lake

Cowichan River

Sooke Harbor

Sooke River Canyon

Lv. Victoria 8.30 a.m. Lv. Cowichan Lake, 12.00 p.m.

Ar. Cowichan Lake, 12.10 p.m. Ar. Victoria 5.00 p.m.

City Ticket Office, 911 Government Street

Depot, Point El

The best

Tobacco

for the

pipe

OCDEN'S LIVERPOOL

Government Seizes the Morning Star

Seattle, July 26.—Because her owners were unable to pay a fine of \$1,000 levied Wednesday for not having clearance papers and a medical certificate from her last port of call, Vancouver, B.C., the Government today seized the freighter Morning Star. The ship arrived here Saturday after a spectacular escape from Canadian Government authorities where she was under arrest because she was unable to furnish bail after libels totaling \$7,500 had been filed against her in Admiralty Court in Vancouver as a result of a recent accident in Active Pass when cargo was jettisoned.

Suit to collect \$200 penalty from Capt. J. D. Gilmore, master of the freighter Morning Star, was filed in federal court by Assistant United States Attorney John A. Frater.

Capt. Gilmore, the complaint asserts, has refused to give an accounting to United States Shipping Commissioner Fred M. Lathe, of the money, efforts and wages of Elmer Hlycker, seaman on Morning Star, who was drowned at sea.

LONGER SEASON FOR MARINE INSURANCE

Recommended in Interim Report by Commission After Investigation

Ottawa, July 26.—Extension of the summer season for marine insurance purposes from May 15 to October 31, instead of May 1 to October 1, on bulk and machinery is recommended in an interim report of the Imperial Shipping Commission which recently investigated charges of discrimination against Canadian shipping on the Atlantic. The Commission seemed hopeful that the decision will be extended to include cargo.

A report has been accepted by Lloyd underwriters and the London Institute of Underwriters, Alex. Johnstone & Co., of the Marine Insurance Company, London, who said the concession was a good deal, but the department would not be satisfied with this and would continue to press for the elimination of the discrimination practiced against Canadian ports.

British Steamer is Chartered For Grain

San Francisco, July 26.—The British steamer Norburn, owned by "Comes, Marshall & Company, has been chartered to load grain at Astoria, and other North Pacific ports, was learned in local shipping circles yesterday. The name of the charter was not announced.

Two three steamships, including one for North Pacific ports, are scheduled to leave San Francisco today, according to shipping records. The vessels are bound for California ports.

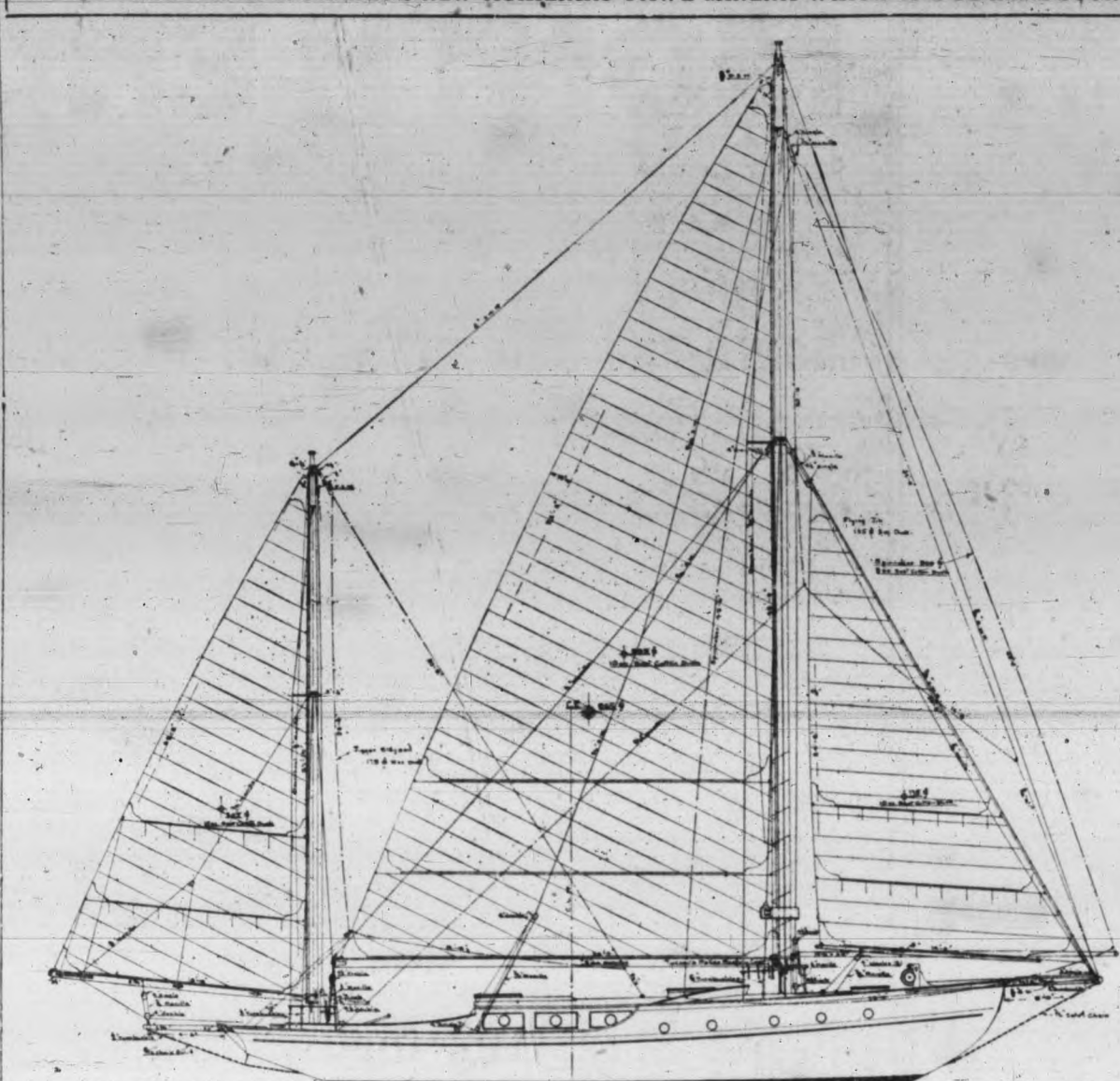
Announcement was made yesterday by the International Mercantile Marine Company that L. E. Archer, a New York agent and active manager of the company's Pacific coast passenger headquarters here, is retiring. T. H. Larke, Mr. Archer's partner, is to be retained as a general manager.

The Japanese freighter Kanbu Maru, anchored here, operated by the Kanbu Line, arrived here yesterday from the last of its general cargo.

DE TABLE		July		Time		Time		Time	
Date	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time	Time
1	0.38	1.56	1.4	7.21	21.42	7.6			
2	0.56	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
3	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
4	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
5	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
6	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
7	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
8	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
9	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
10	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
11	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
12	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
13	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
14	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
15	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
16	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
17	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
18	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
19	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
20	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
21	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
22	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
23	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
24	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
25	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
26	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
27	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
28	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
29	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
30	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			
31	0.57	1.58	1.20	14.7	21.42	7.6			

The time used is Pacific standard, for the 15th Meridian. It is based on 0 to 24 hours, at midnight to midnight. The figures are given to distinguish high water from low water. Where blank in the table, the tide rises or falls without turning.

COMMODORE H. T. BARNES'S NEW AUXILIARY YAWL MINENA WHICH IS DUE HERE SOON



LATEST MOVEMENTS OF C.G.M.M. SHIPS

Canadian Traveler, June 13, left Solomon Island for Vancouver.
Canadian Planter, July 10, left for Australia.
Canadian Freighter left for U.K. July 11.
Canadian Farmer, July 11, arrived Vancouver.
Canadian Importer, July 23, left Union Bay.
Canadian Scottish, July 16, 7 a.m. left Melbourne for Vancouver.
Canadian Highlander, July 21, left Vancouver for Prince Rupert.
Canadian Observer, July 22, arrived Ocean Falls.
Canadian Prospector, July 13, left Victoria for Taku.
Canadian Seigneur, June 24, arrived New York.
Canadian Winner, July 23, left Vancouver for Montreal.
Canadian Volunteer, June 24, arrived Vancouver.
Canadian Skirmisher, July 23, left Liverpool.
Canadian Rover, June 24, arrived San Francisco.
Canadian Reporter, July 24, arrived Cardiff.
Canadian Trooper, July 24, left Astoria for San Pedro.

Latest Shipping Positions by Radio

ESTEVAN, 8 p.m.—CAKOKIA, San Francisco for Seattle, 440 miles north of San Francisco.
GRIPPU, Cos Bay for Eureka, 73 miles from Cos Bay.
DOROTHY ALEXANDER, Victoria for San Francisco, 570 miles north of San Francisco.
NEPESNA, Seattle for Kotzebue Sound, 86 miles from Point Wells.
BOLIVAR, bound Vancouver, 475 miles southeast of Estevan.
RELFEST MARU, bound Sydney, Australia, 42.27 north, 123.34 west.
YQJIN MARU, bound Estevan, 600 miles from Estevan.
HAKUSHIKA MARU, bound Grays Harbor, 1,140 miles from Estevan.
ARABIA MARU, bound Victoria, 1,200 miles from Estevan.
CANADIAN TRAVELER, bound Vancouver, left San Francisco 5 p.m.
TOYAMA MARU, bound Victoria, 800 miles from Estevan.
CANADIAN PROSPECTOR, 855 miles from Taku, outbound.
EMPERESS OF AUSTRALIA, 2585 miles from Victoria, outbound.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS

Seattle, July 25.—Arrived: Meisu Maru, Gray's Harbor; President Grant, Doylestown, Brookdale, Tacoma; Emma Alexander, Eldorado, San Francisco; See-konk, Portland; Kungson Maru, Yokohama. Sailed: Richmond, Brookdale, Everett; Doylestown, Port Angeles; Emma Alexander, Tacoma.
Juneau, July 5.—Sailed: Princess Alice, Admiral Rogers, southbound.
Tacoma, July 25.—Arrived: Jacques Cartier, Bordeaux, via Balboa, San Francisco; Tanana, Alaska; Emma Alexander, San Francisco. Sailed: Doylestown, Los Angeles; President Grant, Seattle; Mexican, New York; Kureha Maru, Kobe; Jacques Cartier, Seattle.
San Francisco, July 25.—Arrived: Taehibana Maru, Tokuyama; Santa Cecilia, Portland; Rose City, Portland; Monticello, Baltimore; Make-well, Ahukini; Bullaren (Swedish); Tacoma; Acme, Bandon, Martha Buchner, Cos Bay. Sailed: Keweenaw, Astoria; John Paulsen, Portland; Oregon, Gray's Harbor; Crater Hall, Seattle; Sumano, San Francisco; Admiral Farragut, San Francisco; S. C. T. Dodd, San Pedro; Los Alamos, San Francisco; Warwick, San Francisco. Sailed: Motorship Dominion, Miller, Liverpool, Manchester and way ports.
New York, July 25.—Sailed: Callington, San Francisco.
Kobe, July 22.—Sailed: President Cleveland, San Francisco.
Yokohama, July 23.—Sailed: Siberia Maru, San Francisco.

Ships at a Glance

To Arrive
Toyama Maru, Yokohama, July 30.
Philippines, Yokohama, August 3.
Niagara, Australia, July 30.
President Grant, Yokohama, July 31.
Alexander, San Francisco, July 31.
Arizona Maru, Yokohama, July 31.
To Sail
San Francisco, July 25.—Arrived: Taehibana Maru, Tokuyama; Santa Cecilia, Portland; Rose City, Portland; Monticello, Baltimore; Make-well, Ahukini; Bullaren (Swedish); Tacoma; Acme, Bandon, Martha Buchner, Cos Bay. Sailed: Keweenaw, Astoria; John Paulsen, Portland; Oregon, Gray's Harbor; Crater Hall, Seattle; Sumano, San Francisco; Admiral Farragut, San Francisco; S. C. T. Dodd, San Pedro; Los Alamos, San Francisco; Warwick, San Francisco. Sailed: Motorship Dominion, Miller, Liverpool, Manchester and way ports.
New York, July 25.—Sailed: Callington, San Francisco.
Kobe, July 22.—Sailed: President Cleveland, San Francisco.
Yokohama, July 23.—Sailed: Siberia Maru, San Francisco.

THIRTY-TWO MILE POWER BOAT RACE STARTED THIS MORNING

Seven Boats Left For Cowichan Bay From Cadboro Bay This Morning For Lane Trophy; Local Club Sends up Eight Cruiser Yachts, Three Star Class and Five One Class Dinghies; Cruisers Will Compete For Cowichan Bay Yacht Club Trophy Over Six-Mile Course.

Seven power boats from the Royal Victoria Yacht Club and Cowichan Bay Yacht Club got away from Cadboro Bay at 10 o'clock this morning in the first event on the Cowichan Bay's annual regatta which will last all to-day and to-morrow. The race which started from Cadboro Bay is the thirty-two mile race to Cowichan Bay for the Lane trophy.

The course from here to Cowichan Bay is outside Johnson Reef passing Zero Rock on the port side, between Sidney and James Islands, through Canoe Pass and thence to Cowichan Bay. The fleet of power boats was expected to arrive about 2 o'clock this afternoon when the regular programme was commenced. The seven entries were as follows: Major Gelson, Messrs. Frazier, E. H. Henshaw, Currier, H. G. Keichen, B. L. Lemon and F. J. Barrow.

The three Star class yachts belonging to the Royal Victoria Yacht Club were towed up to Cowichan Bay, reaching there at 5 o'clock this morning. After five one class sailings dinghies were towed to the Bay. The Star class yachts are the Milky Way, Mintaka and Centaur. They will compete with the Cowichan craft in the Star-class race. In addition to this eight of the local club's cruiser yachts went up, and will compete with Mainland and Cowichan entries over a six-mile course for the Cowichan Bay Yacht Club trophy. This and the power boat event are the most important events on the programme, which is a varied one. The cruisers entering from the Royal Victoria Yacht Club are the Cho Chu San, Varuna, Intrepid, Dorothy, Loon, Truant, Saturna and Elsie. Several social events have been arranged including a planned dance. A large number of yachting enthusiasts will leave on the afternoon train for the Bay where they will remain to see the Sunday events.

DEBATE ON FOREIGN Policy Avoided in German Reichstag

Berlin, July 26.—The German Government, through Chancellor Marx, declined to discuss the foreign situation in the Reichstag yesterday. When the Nationalists participated in the debate the Chancellor said there was no occasion to amplify the statements he and Foreign Minister Stresemann already had made, and he deprecated an attempt to force a debate while an invitation to the conference in London was pending.

The Government announced in a brief statement, published in the position and denounced the Nationalists' attempt to create difficulties. The statement pointed out that a statement on the basis of the experts' report, which the Government was insisting upon, would mean that the occupied territory must be evacuated. That must be agreement also that payments should be made by Germany only provided the standard of living of German people did not sink below that of the other nations and that German currency was not destroyed.

Royalty Criticized For Love of Racing

London, July 26.—The royal family has been criticized by a sect of their subjects because of the royal fondness for the race-course. While a part of the nation stands by to applaud the sporting instinct which brings their majesties to mingle with the thousands of Englishmen at the courses, the Primitive Methodist conference at Newcastle recently passed a resolution decrying the liaison between Buckingham Palace and Newmarket. The resolution expressed the attitude of the conference as "viewing with grave concern and pain the increasing close association of royalty with the turf."

Members of the royal family were more personally referred to in the discussions which took place before the adoption of the resolution. The Prince of Wales, as the most venturesome member of the royal family, came in for most of the unfriendly criticism, but even Queen Mary was criticized for lending her presence to the grandstand.

TELLS OF CONTESTS OVER CANADA ROUTE

The Victoria Canadian Highway Association's competition for automobiles from Halifax to Victoria over the all Canadian route is the subject of a special article in the Cornwall (Ontario) Standard. In the course of the article the writer states "When the first post of the Canadian Highway was planted at Alberni, B. C., on May 4, 1912, it is safe to say that many people considered the whole project utopian. But despite cold neutrality, if only thinly veiled hostility, the project has been slowly but surely unshaken, until to-day there are only two serious gaps in the Canadian Highway, one of eighty miles between Hope and Princeton, British Columbia, and the other in Ontario to the north of Lake Superior. The forging of this Ontario link is particularly important as the driving of the Canadian Highway through this section of the Dominion would have the effect of widening and greatly strengthening what is at present geographically, economically and industrially the weakest part of the chain of Canadian Federation, namely the unsettled and comparatively isolated region of the Great Clay Belt of Northern Ontario."

SUNRISE AND SUNSET

Time of sunrise and sunset (Pacific standard time) at Victoria, B.C. for the month of July, 1924.		
Hour	Min.	Sec.
1	16	17
2	17	17
3	17	17
4	18	16
5	19	15
6	19	15
7	19	15
8	20	14
9	21	13
10	22	12
11	23	11
12	24	10
13	25	9
14	26	8
15	27	7
16	28	6
17	29	5
18	30	4
19	31	3
20	32	2
21	33	1
22	34	0
23	35	0
24	36	0
25	37	0
26	38	0
27	39	0
28	40	0
29	41	0
30	42	0
31	43	0

TRANS-PACIFIC MAILS

July, 1924
China and Japan
Empress of Australia—Mails close July 17, 4 p.m.; due at Yokohama July 23, Shanghai Aug. 2, Hongkong Aug. 6.
President Jefferson—Mails close July 19, 4 p.m.; due at Yokohama July 25, Shanghai Aug. 5, Hongkong Aug. 9.
Empress of Asia—Mails close July 31, 4 p.m.; due at Yokohama Aug. 11, Shanghai Aug. 15, Hongkong Aug. 18.

CHICAGO PRIEST DIED ON A TRAIN IN ALBERTA TO-DAY

Calgary, July 26.—Rev. Father Joseph A. Glennon of Chicago, sixty-five years of age, died at 4.30 o'clock this morning near Medicine Hat on the Knights of Columbus special C.P.R. train, which passed through Calgary from the coast last night. The cause of death was pneumonia. The remains are being forwarded to Chicago.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF B.C. Limited

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COMING ELECTION IN THE U.S. EFFECTS TOURIST BUSINESS

R. J. Oliver of P.S.N. Company Makes Encouraging Business Report

"Although the tourist business this year has far exceeded that of last year so far as season, yet it does not come up to our expectations," stated R. J. Oliver, traveling freight and passenger agent for the Puget Sound Navigation Company, who was in the city today on a short business visit.

"Of course it is rather uncertain to make any definite statement yet regarding what this year's business will be like, as our experience last year was that the greater volume of business was done after July 20. One great drawback," Mr. Oliver went on to say, "is the Presidential election in the United States. There is no method of absentee vote in the United States, and the majority of American citizens are reluctant to forfeit their vote and therefore cover their touring 'sorrowfully.'"

"The Port Angeles-Victoria ferry is proving all that we anticipated," he continued, "but the Anacortes route is not what it should be. Several detours have to be negotiated on that route into Seattle at present, but next year this will be eliminated. The completion of next year will see the completion of the paved road from Anacortes right through Mount Vernon to Seattle."

"On the whole our ferry business is proving very satisfactory. The years ago we had not a ferry boat, now we have eight."

Ships to Berth

Latest times up to 1 p.m.
Emma Alexander, due 7 o'clock Sunday morning, outbound for California.
Niagara, due July 30, outbound for Australia.
Arabia Maru, due July 31, with 100 tons of cargo for discharge from Orient.
Toyama Maru, due July 31, from Orient with light cargo consignment.
Empress of Asia, due outbound for the Orient July 31.
Empress of Asia, due July 31 outbound for the Orient.

Coast Steamship Service

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Ss. Prince Rupert
Leave VANCOUVER Midnight
MONDAY WEDNESDAY
To Prince Rupert To Prince Rupert
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City Ticket Office
911 Gov't Street Phone 1242

Puget Sound Navigation Co.

Week-end Excursion Fares

Sunday, July 27, 1924
Via "S. S. Olympic"
Victoria to Port Angeles and Return, \$1.00
Leaves Victoria 9 A.M. and 3.30 P.M.
Via Steamers
"City of Angeles" and "Puget"
Sidney to Anacortes and Return, \$1.00. Sidney to Roche Harbor or Orcas and Return, 50c
Leave Sidney 9.30 a.m. and 2.00 p.m. Tickets good going and returning on July 27 only. Secure tickets early.
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CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

CAPACITY LIST OF PASSENGERS LEAVE FOR SOUTH SUNDAY

Emma Alexander Will Take Out List of 400; H. F. Alexander Has 500 Passengers

Once again the southbound liner for California is sold out. When the Admiral liner Emma Alexander sails for California at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning all available passenger space will have been taken. One hundred passengers will embark on the steamer here while the Seattle passenger list brings the total to over 400. All accommodation for cars has also been taken while a report from Seattle to the local office states that the H. F. Alexander, which sails south 5 o'clock Tuesday night from the Coast city, is also sold out. Five hundred passengers will leave on this liner.

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NEWS IN BRIEF

Miss Dorothy Hodgson of Wilkinson Road, a pupil of Mrs. Frank Hardy, was successful in passing the music examinations of the Canadian Academy of Music, passing with honors.

Ronald Watkins, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Floyd Watkins, Irving Road, will shortly join the Canadian Forces as an apprentice, the 72nd in the province from the Navy League of Canada to enter the mercantile service.

The Loyal Order of Moose, Victoria Lodge, 1250, will hold its annual picnic to-morrow to Beaver Lake. A large attendance is looked forward to and the proceedings will be enlivened by the presence of the Moose Band. The starting place is the City Hall at 10 a.m. prompt, the return journey being about 8 p.m.

The Scottish editors touring Canada will be unable to visit Victoria. A wire was received by Frank Sehl in response to an invitation sent by the Canadian Club from Alan N. Longstaff publicity representative for the Canadian National Railways reading "Scottish editors wish me to regret lack of time on Pacific Coast prevents acceptance of your kind invitation."

The semi-annual meeting of the Greater Victoria Building Society was held last night in the Pemberton Building, the president, Alderman Marchant, in the chair. Routine business having been transacted the twenty-fifth drawing for an appropriation was held. J. M. Boyd, G. F. Waites and Arthur Wilson acted as a drawing committee. The winning number was 53 and the holder of shares A and B of that number, C. G. Graves, 320 Hillside Avenue, thus became entitled to receive a loan of \$2,000.

St. Aidan's Presbyterian Church, Mt. Tolmie, held its annual bazaar picnic at Cadboro Bay on Wednesday. The event attracted a good attendance. The bazaar at low tide proved a splendid space for the thirty-four events of a sports programme, which occupied most of the afternoon. Prizes were distributed to the winners after each event. Refreshments were served at 5.30, following which games, swimming and boating were the chief attractions. All conditions were ideal for a picnic, and a happy gathering was proof of the success of the event.

Accidental drowning was the verdict of an inquest jury sitting on the remains of the late Harry George, sixty-year-old Indian, who was lost from the Tsartlip reservation, West Saanich, recently, and whose body was recovered yesterday from the waters of the Inner Harbor. The jury added a rider to the effect that means be taken to put an end to any danger that might accrue from the condition of the wharf through which the aged man is supposed to have fallen at night into the water. His body was recovered from under the wharf near the north shore of the railway bridge. Coroner E. C. Hart presided.

Mrs. Mary McArthur, 329 Howard Avenue, Chisholm, Minn., in word to the provincial police here to-day seek advice as to the whereabouts of her son, missing from his home for some time. Ernest Thomas McArthur, the missing boy, was last heard of on Vancouver Island, and usually was known as "Sam" McArthur. He is described as 5 feet 9 inches in height, auburn hair, brown eyes, freckled and ruddy of complexion, and aged between forty and fifty years. Mrs. McArthur is reported in poor health and very anxious to get trace of her boy. The provincial police would welcome any information on the subject.

At the next meeting of the Cymrodorion Society to be held on August 13 a competitive programme will be carried out chiefly amongst the young folks with a couple for the grown ups. Competitors will be divided as follows: Three to six years old, seven to ten, eleven to fifteen, each class or division will compete in piano recitations and singing. Prizes will be given to the winners. There will also be an open competition any age in singing also reciting, competent adjudicators have promised to come and judge the various competitions. At the executive meeting Wednesday evening all arrangements were completed, competitors are allowed to choose their own selections, but those who compete in Welsh will be allowed some extra marks over those competing otherwise. A large gathering is expected, and in order to have plenty of time to carry out the evening's programme the doors will be open at 7.30. The meeting will be held in Harmony Hall.

OBITUARY

The funeral of the late Mrs. J. Cathcart will be held from the B.C. Funeral Chapel on Monday at 2.30, with interment in Ross Bay cemetery. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

Miss W. M. Austin, a school-teacher, and resident of the city for the past three years, passed away yesterday at the age of forty years. The remains are resting at the B.C. Funeral Chapel and notice of the funeral will be given later.

Martial Law in Bulgaria Shortly

Sofia, Bulgaria, July 26.—A declaration of martial law by the Bulgarian Government, following the example of Rumania, as a measure against communists, is expected here. The Ministry of the Interior has offered rewards to civilians for killing bandits.

The Victoria British Israel Association will meet at the Bible Hall, 1019 Cook Street, on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. S. C. Crockett, of Toronto, will give an address on "The Appointed Place."

Brentwood Park Bungalow Camp

Next to Butchart's Gardens
Roasting Bathing and Fishing. Ideal Rustic Cottages and Cottage Tenting. Buses, motor cars, and boats. Particulars from Inlet P.O., B.C., or telephone from Victoria, Reading R.R.

FINE YUCCA IN LOCAL GARDEN



F. Townsend, 2712 Richmond Road, is proud of his fine yucca plants, now in flower.

City Hall Gossip

The Cemetery Board has sold its new \$10,000 issue of debentures for the price of \$9.32 to R. P. Clark & Company. Three bids were before Trustees Aldermen Harvey and Marchant, who were appointed by the Cemetery Board, to deal with the tenders on the debentures. That of R. P. Clark & Company was the highest and was therefore accepted. The board found it necessary to float an extra debenture issue of \$10,000 in order to secure funds for the building of a residence and office for the superintendent at the Royal Oak Burial Park and the erection of the gates.

MURDER CHARGE IS HEARD IN HALIFAX

Gunner G. Coleman Confessed He Shot and Killed Bombarrier W. F. Groves

Halifax, N.S., July 26.—Gunner George Coleman of the Royal Canadian Artillery appeared before Magistrate MacDonald in the county court here yesterday for a preliminary hearing on a charge of having on July 14 murdered Bombarrier W. F. Groves at Connaught Battery, Halifax. Groves, according to a confession alleged to have been made by Coleman to the police the day of the tragedy, was shot in the abdomen while opening the gate of the battery for the admission of Coleman. The shooting, according to the confession, was intentional.

TEN MEN KILLED BY EXPLOSION IN MINE

Bodies Taken Out of Pit at Gates, Pennsylvania, After Accident

Sixty-five Men Made Their Way to Safety After the Explosion

Gates, Pa., July 26.—The bodies of ten miners who met death last night when an explosion wrecked a section of the Gates mine of the H. C. Frick Coke Company were brought to the surface shortly after dawn to-day. Seventy-five miners were at work when the blast came, and a check of the company list showed that sixty-five reached safety.

State mine inspectors and a coroner have started an investigation.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS

Eastbourne, July 26.—France won both the singles matches against Great Britain in the semi-final tie of the Davis Lawn Tennis Cup, European zone competition, which commenced here to-day. The French players are now strong favorites for the European zone final against the winner of the Denmark-Czechoslovakia series. Henri Cochet defeated A. R. F. King in the first match, 3-6, 6-4, 4-6, 6-3, 6-3, and Rene Lacoste defeated J. B. Glibert 6-4, 7-5, 6-3 in the second singles match.

Washington, July 26.—State Department officials prepared to-day formally to ask the Persian Government to take immediate measures to protect United States citizens in that country from attacks and insults toward foreigners since the killing of Major Robert Imbrie, United States vice-consul at Teheran, and developments following that affair.

Chicago, July 26.—Insinuating that the state's testimony which credited Nathan Leopold Jr. with a desire to plead guilty before "a friendly judge" was a fabrication, Clarence S. Darrow chief counsel for Leopold and Richard Loeb, struck hard to-day at this evidence. It was the first time since the boys pleaded guilty to the kidnapping and murder of Robert Frank that their counsel had challenged the truth of any material fact brought out by the witnesses summoned by Robert E. Crowe, state's attorney.

ALLIED DELEGATES SEEK COMPROMISE

London, July 26.—Renewed efforts are being made to effect a compromise between the apparently irreconcilable attitude of the French delegates to the Inter-allied Conference and the stand of the international financiers on guarantees for the proposed £40,000,000 loan to Germany which will launch the Dawes plan on reparations.

Notwithstanding the week-end holiday the leading representatives of the Allied Governments here did not relax their endeavors to break the deadlock, which has assumed such serious proportions.

It was hoped that before many hours it could be announced that both the French and the bankers had agreed upon a formula for the German loan.

An acceptable compromise, it is said, would still permit the French to maintain their rights under the Versailles Treaty and at the same time provide such guarantees that the financiers could offer the German bonds to investors with assurances of perfect safety.

Play Fist Fight Rough on Actors

London, July 26.—"Hugh the Drover," a new opera by Vaughan Williams, which will be produced in London for the first time next Monday, has as one of its main features a prizefight between two principal characters. The contest is made more realistic than the ordinary stage duel, inasmuch as the singers fight three rounds with bare fists.

In preliminary rehearsals, both Tudor Davies and Frederic Collier, who play the leading parts, suffered black eyes, and, it is said, are beginning to think realism in art can be carried too far.

TO HOLD MEETING FOR INVESTIGATION

Saanich Reeve Ready to Probe Allegations Against Police

No action has yet been taken by Reeve Robert Macnicol as chairman of the Saanich police commission, to deal with the complaint made by Owen Lloyd at last council meeting against the chief of police, and referred by the council to the police commission for investigation.

Discussing the matter to-day Reeve Macnicol stated that he intends to recommend at the next meeting of the police commission which will be held on Friday evening, that arrangements be made to hold a special meeting for the purpose of meeting ratepayers and dealing with any matters that they may wish to place before the police commissioners.

It is understood that further complaints have been made by Reeve Macnicol declined to discuss this phase at the present time, promising an impartial investigation of all protests.

PLAY LED TO DEATH OF ONTARIO CHILD

Cornwall, Ont., July 26.—Game to the last, although suffering agonies, nine-year-old Herbert French died here. Still weak from an attack of measles, Herbert volunteered to be the "torture victim" when he and his playmates were playing "Indian." One "Indian" twisted Herbert's arm. Herbert made no sound, but suddenly fell, striking his head on a rail.

The boy's condition, weakened by the attack of measles, was such that he proved an easy prey for meningitis, which developed as a result of the wound received on his head.



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Times Advertising Dept.

BASEBALL, BOXING, TENNIS, SPORTING NEWS, BASKETBALL, GOLF

Leading Tennis Stars On Coast Here Next Week

Great Galaxy of Players Will Compete For B.C. Net Championships

Entries Close To-night; Play Begins Monday; Expect Fine Display

Tennis enthusiasts will be in for a great feast next week when the British Columbia lawn tennis championships are staged at the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club courts. The greatest array of court stars that has ever appeared here will make a bid for the various titles, and the play should be of an exceptionally high calibre.

Vancouver, Winnipeg, Toronto, Seattle, Portland and California cities will have their bright lights here for the tournament. Victoria's make-up is determined for all the honors, but their strength was rudely shattered this week when John Proctor, the singles ace, broke his ankle and has been put out of competition for the rest of the season. He was looked upon as a strong contender for the singles championship.

ENTRIES CLOSE
Entries for the tournament close to-night at 10 o'clock. They should be telephoned or left at the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club or at phone 172. The draw will be made to-night, and the first matches will start at 10 o'clock on Monday morning. Play will continue all week, and the finals will be played on Saturday.

The visiting stars will include Ray Casey, second ranking player on the Pacific coast, and a close rival of Bill Johnston; Leon de Turenne and Marion of Seattle, the former winner of the P.N.W. sectional singles; Schur, Chandler, Thorne, Miss Suhr, Mrs. Henry and Miss Thorne, all of California; Miss Freeman of Salmon Arm; Miss Hickes of Duncan; Miss Burdick of Winnipeg; Mrs. McDonald of Toronto; and a large number of Vancouver players, including A. S. Milne, the Peers brothers, Jakes, Baker and many others.

Victoria will have Miss Marjorie Leeming as its ace for the ladies' doubles, while Miss Campbell will be the ladies' singles ace. Miss Leeming will pair with her sister, Mrs. Leeming, while Marshall, Gordon and Eric McCallum, who have been going great guns in the men's doubles this season, will cause a lot of misery for their opponents in this event.

Officials of the Victoria Club are greatly elated over the numerous entries which have been received, and also the high ranking of many of the players.

Canadians Favored To Win Davis Cup Match With Cubans

Canucks Won Doubles Yesterday and Now Have Only to Win One Singles

Ottawa, July 26.—The weather is clear and bright for the final day in the Davis lawn tennis cup tie between Canada and Cuba. Canada must win one of the two singles matches to-day to win the series and earn the right to play Japan in Montreal on August 7, 8 and 9.

The first match of the day will be between Willard Crocker, Canada, and R. Paris, the Cuban champion, who defeated Jack Wright on Thursday. Crocker has been playing such wonderful tennis that he is favored to beat the Cuban. Paris used a very effective chop shot. But the court to-day will be hard and Paris will not be able to keep the ball as low as he did on Thursday.

In the second match, Wright will play the veteran Cuban, Zayas. It is a difficult match to figure as in practice Zayas has always beaten Paris, and is likely to play much better to-day than on Thursday when he was defeated by Crocker in straight sets.

A record crowd is expected at the Rideau Courts.

Ottawa, July 26.—By winning yesterday's doubles match, the Canadian lawn tennis team now has the advantage of one match in the Davis Cup series between Canada and Cuba, which will be concluded with the playing of two more singles matches to-day.

The Canadians, Jack Wright and Willard Crocker, Montreal, yesterday defeated the Cuban pair, S. G. V. R. E. and R. Paris, 7-5, 6-2.

Five Local Shots On B.C. Team to Shoot at Ottawa

Five Victoria and eleven Mainland marksmen will make up the team to be sent by the British Columbia Rifle Association to the annual prize shoot of the Dominion Rifle Association to be held next month at Ottawa.

The personnel of the team will be as follows:
Major R. M. Blair, 72nd Seaforth's, Vancouver; C. S. M. P. Nugent, 29th Battalion, Vancouver; Lt. F. Gardiner, 29th Battalion, Vancouver; Q. M. S. A. E. Ashe, 16th Canadian Scottish, Victoria; Capt. J. McNeill, Vancouver Rifle Association; Lt. A. B. Maggs, 29th Battalion, Vancouver; Q. M. S. E. J. Read, Garrison, Victoria; Pte. W. H. Scovill, 72nd Seaforth's, Vancouver; R. S. M. A. Ewart, 72nd Seaforth's, Vancouver; Capt. P. R. Wallis, 16th Canadian Scottish, Victoria; Capt. W. T. Tapley, 16th Canadian Scottish, Victoria; Pte. A. H. Caplin, 19th Battalion, Vancouver; Sergt. H. E. F. Clarke, 72nd Seaforth's, Vancouver; Corp. W. Whelton, 29th Battalion, Vancouver; R. S. M. Hatcher, 5th Regt., Victoria; Armorer-Sergt. J. Hall, 72nd Seaforth's, Vancouver. Alternative, Pte. Martin, Ordnance Corps, Victoria.

The team was chosen on its standing in the aggregate at the recent shoot of the B.C.R.A. held at Heald's range, Spanish. Four of the shots are Tyros.

The team will be joined at Ottawa by Major Fred Richardson and Pte. Beaumont, of Victoria, and Pte. Selwood, of Vancouver, who are on their way home from Bisley.

Officials of the Victoria Club are greatly elated over the numerous entries which have been received, and also the high ranking of many of the players.

"I look forward to one of the best tournaments we have ever had," declared J. C. Thorne, executive secretary of the Victoria Club, this morning. "We have some crack players, entered, and the week should be crowded with keen competition. The courts are in the very best of shape, being as good as a bowling green. I hope we shall have big crowds all week."

Officials of the Victoria Club are greatly elated over the numerous entries which have been received, and also the high ranking of many of the players.

Canadian Football Eleven Beaten In Final Test Match

Several Touring Players Injured, Noseworthy Being Taken to Hospital

Canadians Played Part of Second Half With Eight Men; Referee Poor

Sydney, N.S.W., July 26 (Canadian Press Cable).—In a hard-fought game in which several members of the Canadian team were injured, the all-star football aggregation from the Dominion lost to-day's test match against a picked Australian eleven. The Kangaroos winning by a score of 1-0. Noseworthy, goalender for the Canucks, was knocked out, and his injuries are said not to be serious. Lanning was also injured.

Canada played the better game, but the referee's decisions were a bit off and his rulings antagonized the 6,000 spectators, who were not lacking in voicing their disapproval. The officials' attitude spoiled the game.

PLAYED EIGHT MEN
Canada was forced to play but eight men during a part of the second half. McLean was sent off the field for a minor infringement, and although greatly handicapped, the boys played a wonderful game. The weak point to-day was in front of the goal. The line-up to-day was the same as in last Saturday's match at Woomera against Hawara.

After to-day's game the boys were given a great ovation by the large crowd, with whom they were very popular.

The members of the team send greetings to Canada.

The Canadian record now stands at eleven games won, seven lost and seven drawn, including test matches. Six test matches have been played, including to-day's game, with the result that the Australians have won three, Canada two and one ended in a draw.

The Canadians, Jack Wright and Willard Crocker, Montreal, yesterday defeated the Cuban pair, S. G. V. R. E. and R. Paris, 7-5, 6-2.

Collapses After Great Match With Marjorie Leeming

Miss Thorne, of California, Finds Pace and Heat Too Much; Local Girl Wins

Gordon and McCallum Beaten By American Doubles; Milne Does Well

Vancouver, July 26.—Under playing conditions that were admittedly the hottest experienced on the Vancouver Club's courts in several years, the semi-finals in nearly every event in the Mainland tennis championships were reached on Friday afternoon. So intense was the heat about the middle of the afternoon that Miss Thorne, of San Francisco, collapsed after her match with Miss Marjorie Leeming of Victoria. Miss Thorne and Miss Suhr were scheduled to go in the semi-final of the ladies' doubles, but Miss Milne and Miss Gordon, of Victoria, refused to take the game by default, and an arrangement was made whereby the match was set over until this morning.

Ray Casey and Ed Chandler put up a battle royal in the semi-finals of the men's singles, and though the winner was in straight sets, Chandler was in the game at every stage. He took several of Casey's services and kept his opponent running all the time. The winner, however, was more accurate in his placements, while Chandler was unlucky in his spectacular forehand drive.

MILNE DOES WELL
In the other half of this event, A. S. Milne played almost unbeatable tennis to dispose of Herbert Suhr. Milne's services were breaking to perfection, and he used good judgment in playing his delivery in various parts of the service courts, keeping his opponent on the qui vive all the time.

Casey and Suhr went into the finals of the doubles by handing out a decisive beating to Gordon and McCallum, the Victoria stars, by 6-3 and 6-1. There was never any doubt as to the outcome. The Californians smashed their way through the Islanders' defence with ease. Jukes and Baker, conquerors of the Peers brothers, took the lead in each set against Chandler and Brown, of California, but though they played their regular careful game with accurate volleying and lobbing, the southerners rushed the net and by a succession of base-line and cross-court shots smashed their way to victory.

MISS LEEMING PRESSED
Outside of her final at Toronto two weeks ago, Miss Marjorie Leeming, British Columbia champion, had the closest call of her last year or so, when Miss Thorne forced the going from the start. The Southerner had just as much of the playing as her opponent, and only closed the first set by 7-5. The second went to Miss Thorne 7-5, but Miss Leeming had the edge in the final to win at 6-4.

Miss Suhr, who is a trouble many times in her match with Mrs. Henry, but the former's spectacular backhand drives, which are much better than the average mass, enabled her to cover more court with less exertion than her opponent. Mrs. Henry won the first 6-4, dropped the next 6-2, and after a rest, Miss Suhr went out and took six games in a row.

The mixed doubles also provided some excellent tennis. Mrs. Henry and Ray Casey in their second mixed doubles of the day were much too good for Miss Leeming and McCallum. McCallum starred as he has done all through the week, while Miss Leeming's playing was rather indifferent, possibly being worn out after her hard singles with Miss Thorne.

VISITORS WIN AGAIN
Miss Tatlow and Geoff Peers took the first two games of their match with Miss Suhr and Brown, and the all-star team running out the set by 7-5. The second went to Miss Tatlow 7-5, but Miss Leeming had the edge in the final to win at 6-4.

Misses Gillespie and Miss Munro carried the final by taking a hard match from Miss Freeman and Mrs. W. G. Mackenzie, 6-4 and 6-2.

HEILMAN IS WELL DOWN
Jacobson of St. Louis and Harry Heilmann of Detroit, last year's batting champion, are not far away, but it is strange to record Heilmann's percentage at this time of the year is below .300. However, must be taken into consideration that Heilmann had been on hospital list a good part of this season.

Some very close games have been played this week in the Sunday School Tennis League. The league is progressing very favorably, and great interest is being taken in the games.

The following are the results of games played during the week between St. Andrew's and Fairfield. Mixed doubles—Miss Hamilton and W. Erickson, St. Andrew's, beat Miss Pierce and Charlton, Fairfield, 7-5, 6-4 and 6-2.

Men's Singles—W. Erickson, St. Andrew's, beat Green, Fairfield, 6-1, 3-6 and 6-2.

SLICES AND HOOKS By W. Heath Robinson

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Little Chance Of Any Batter Nosing Ruth Out of Honor

Homerun King Will Retain His Laurels This Year; Hornsby Still a Leader

Chicago, July 26.—If any one of Babe Ruth's rivals in the American League had any idea of overtaking the blemish—for 1924—homerun king, it would be the one who has been the main individual in batting, leading the hitters with an average of .379, with Falk of Chicago second with .365, Gosselin of Washington is third with .356, and Ty Cobb of the Tigers fourth with .346. Next in the list is Jameson of Cleveland with .344, while Shesly of the White Sox is sixth with .342. These averages include games of Wednesday.

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Haley Jackson Again Wins Batting Honors

Haley Jackson, star first sacker of the C.P.R. again wins the honor of leading the batters in the amateur baseball league according to the final averages released to-day. Haley has the fine average of .476 for the season. This is the second year that he has shown the way to the rest of the heavy sluggers.

Jackson also has done well in fielding. Although he had sixty chances during the season only one miscue was chalked up against him.

Falconer Campbell who was runner-up last year in the batting race was again on Jackson's heels with a total of 471. Jackson had a total of 476.

The final averages are as follows:

Dirksenaw, C.P.R. 2 4 13 20 77 2 1 476
Jackson, C.P.R. 10 42 13 20 77 2 1 476
F. Campbell, C.P.R. 9 34 15 16 19 13 2 471
Rokamp, Auto-Till. 4 15 2 7 5 3 0 467
Holman, Auto. 9 35 10 16 27 4 2 467
Potters, Eagles 9 28 12 17 27 2 4 447
Moser, Auto. 8 15 7 8 6 5 3 444
Dunn, Eagles 10 41 7 18 24 24 10 439
Moore, Till. 2 7 1 3 0 1 2 429
H. Copas, C.P.R. 10 38 11 16 17 23 4 421
Pickup, Auto. 9 34 8 14 17 7 2 417
E. Smith, Till. 12 2 5 10 3 0 417
Kerr, Eagles 6 13 4 5 0 6 1 385
Mignis, C.P.R. 5 21 2 8 5 4 1 381
Hall, Auto. 8 32 8 12 24 10 6 375
Salloway, Till. 8 27 9 10 48 11 15 371
H. Copas, C.P.R. 10 38 12 14 8 5 2 368
Oakman, Auto. 7 28 7 10 8 1 1 357
Easler, Till. 8 28 7 10 12 4 9 357
Brynjolfsson, Eagles 6 24 5 8 10 6 4 333
Richdale, C.P.R. 9 34 9 11 11 0 5 324
Robinson, Eagles 10 33 19 10 11 0 2 303
H. Cummins, Eagles 10 39 6 11 10 7 5 282
C. Campbell, C.P.R. 8 25 8 7 23 7 1 280
A. Nex, Till. 6 22 7 6 11 10 3 273
McGinnis, Eagles 10 38 6 10 67 10 4 263
More, C.P.R. 9 38 11 7 59 7 2 250
Whyte, C.P.R. 8 32 9 8 5 0 0 250
Johnston, Till. 1 4 0 1 2 2 0 280
Gandy, Auto. 9 41 7 10 16 27 0 417
Nachttrieb, C.P.R. 3 9 2 2 2 0 1 222
Nelson, Auto. 3 9 2 2 2 0 1 222
Porbes, C.P.R. 6 14 5 3 2 6 0 214
Ross, Auto. 8 33 5 7 50 14 4 212
Jim Cummins, Eagles 10 35 6 7 73 3 4 200
Rutledge, Till. 7 27 4 5 25 29 8 185
J. Curtis, Till. 9 32 5 6 41 8 0 182
Taylor, Auto. 3 11 4 2 1 0 0 152
Mulachy, Eagles 8 25 2 4 11 0 0 140
R. Parfitt, Auto. 3 7 1 1 1 4 0 143
Stark, Eagles 2 8 0 1 0 6 2 125
Saunders, C.P.R. 3 8 2 1 2 7 0 125
Belcher, Till. 4 13 0 1 6 0 1 109

to make the base stealers worry with New York, 345; Kelly, New York, 344; Grishy, Chicago, 333; Reich, New York, 330; Hartnett, Chicago, 331; Snyder, New York, 348; Young, 330; Meusel, New York, 318.

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Canuck Marksmen Win Much Money At Bisley Meeting

London, July 26 (Canadian Press Cable).—The winnings of the Canadian team at Bisley, exclusive of sweeps and Private Desmond Burke's £250 King's Prize were as follows: Sergeant-Major F. J. Goodhouse, Ottawa, £36; Sergeant-Major Hawkins, Toronto, £35; Sergeant Parnell, Verdun, £26; Major R. S. Cross, Ottawa, £21; Lieut. Alex Martin, Calgary, and Sergeant Storer, Mimico Beach, Ont., £19 each; Major F. Richardson, Victoria, £17; Major J. D. Jeffrey, Kingston, Ont., and Pte. White, Toronto, £16 each; Sergeant Wilson, Ottawa, £15; Pte. Beaumont, Victoria, £14; Pte. Selwood, Vancouver, £10; Sergeant J. A. Bowen, Edmonton, £9; Lieut. Bishop, Ottawa, £7; Sergeant F. Ho Lem, Calgary, £6, and Sergeant Stuart, Ottawa, £5.

Staff-Sergt. Binnie, Hamilton, won three sweeps totalling £44.

Cardinals Hand Giants a Defeat In Opening Game

Bentley Knocked Out of Box; Cubs Lose Loose Game But Pirates Win

New York, July 26.—The St. Louis Cardinals hit hard yesterday and opened their five-game series with New York with a 13 to 5 victory. The Cardinals batter Bentley for four runs in the first inning and knocked him out in the second. Haimes, the St. Louis pitcher, was also hit hard. Frisch and Jackson both hit homers.

PHILLIES' PITCHER STICKS
Philadelphia, July 26.—The Chicago Cubs lost the first game of the eastward swing to Philadelphia yesterday, 10 to 4. Both Jacobs and Ring were wild and batted hard, but the local hurler, Little, was in the clouds.

PIRATES BEAT BRAVES
Boston, July 26.—Jeff Pfeffer pitched his first game for the Pirates yesterday and beat Boston, 2 to 1. The Braves had the bases full with none out in the sixth and failed to score. Plays by Maranville and a batting error by Wilson near the score board, were features.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION
Minneapolis 5, St. Paul 8.
Milwaukee 2, Kansas City 5.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE
Newark 10, Buffalo 2.
Jersey City 7, Toronto 16.
Reading 6, Syracuse 0.
Baltimore 1, Rochester 9.

QUEBEC AND ONTARIO LEAGUE
Canadiens-Quebec, rain.
Only game scheduled.

COAST LEAGUE
At Los Angeles—R. H. E.
Seattle 2 9 1
Los Angeles 6 10 1
Batteries—Steuland, Jones and E. Baidner, Root and Jenkins.

B.C. Kiwanians Are Beaten by Americans In Big Golf Match
Seattle, July 26.—The combined Seattle and Tacoma golf teams scored a signal victory over the invading Kiwanians from Victoria, Vancouver and New Westminster on the links of the Ingwood Country Club yesterday, taking the Canadians into camp by a point score of 35 to 19. The match was part of a series of international golf contests being held between Washington and British Columbia.

Visitors were the guests of the Seattle and Tacoma brethren at lunch and at dinner at Ingwood yesterday.

GOOD, CLEAN MILLWOOD
Delivered in the City
Phone 293
The Moss-Whittingham Lumber Co.

Two Clubs Left In Running For Cricket Title

Incogs Lead Five C's by Two Points; Each Club Has Game in Hand

Cowichan and Albions Eliminated; Bowlers Had Their Innings Yesterday

Yesterday's matches in the Pacific Coast cricket tournament removed two teams from the race and left it to the Incogs and Five C's to fight for the trophy. Albions and Cowichan are now hopelessly in the rear. They lost their last chance yesterday when they failed to win. The odds seem to favor the Incogs for the title.

They have a lead of two points over the Five C's and have as their opponents to-day the Albions, while the Five C's must dispose of the stalwart up-Island eleven. If the Incogs lose and Five C's win the latter will be crowned champions by one point.

Yesterday's results were as follows:
Incogs 102, Cowichan 55.
Five C's 175, Albions 75.

BATSMEN BEHAVE
The bowlers came into their own yesterday after a week of feeble effort. The batsmen held away during four days of the tournament, but a change occurred yesterday. And two teams hung up very poor totals, while the others did not advance far. Five C's had the highest total of the day with 175, and Albions and Suttan, each of whom took five wickets for 37 and 36 runs respectively.

The match between the Incogs and Cowichan was decided on the first innings. It proved a real bowler's duel with Incogs dismissing the entire side for 53. Wilkinson getting five wickets for 23 and Cobbett four wickets for 15. Albions were the only up-Islander to reach double figures. The Incogs had a little more success in their innings, although there were no heavy scores. Cowichan put on 94 runs for four wickets.

(Continued from page 13)

Pictures Show That Tunney's Blow Was Fairly Delivered

New York, July 26.—Motion pictures of the Carpenter-Tunney match of Thursday night reveal that the blow which knocked the Frenchman in the fourteenth round was not foul. Many ringside spectators had declared the blow to have been below the belt.

Carpenter yesterday was a sorry looking spectacle. His head was swathed in bandages, his face was swollen and his eyes were rimmed with blue and black bruises. In the Park Avenue apartment where he spent last night he Desamps and two of the boxer's ringside aides, recounted incidents of the bout, though Carpenter did the least of the talking.

Ty Cobb Will Quit Playing Next Year
Toronto, July 26.—"If I had my time over again I would probably be a surgeon instead of a baseball player," said Ty Cobb, baseball's most famous player and manager of the Detroit Tigers, who visited Toronto yesterday. "I am quite satisfied to stay as I am, however."

"Is it true you are thinking of retiring?"
"Yes," said Cobb. "I shall not play regularly after this year. I shall play a few odd games, of course, but I shall follow no fixed schedule."

The Georgia peach advocates the spread of baseball all over the world, and said that he looked forward to the day when England would take up the game. "The English are especially suited to it," he said. "I hope to see it played nationally in all parts of the Empire one of these days."

FRISCO BOY WINS
San Francisco, July 26.—Joe Miller, of San Francisco won a decision over Stanley Willis, of Portland, in a four-round bout here last night.

Tommy knocked out Chick Rocco, of Portland in the second round.

STANDFAST BIBLE STUDENTS

1119 GOVERNMENT STREET, SUNDAY, JULY 27, 7.30 P.M.
Speaker, Mr. C. E. HEARD
ALL WELCOME NO COLLECTION

SEATS FREE ALL WELCOME NO COLLECT

Children's Service, 11 a.m. H. E. Hallwright, Superintendent

Evening Service, 7.30. Speaker, Mrs. Gordon Grant. Subject, "THE LOAVES AND FISHES"

Tuesday, 3 p.m., Rest and Healing Hour. Thursday, 8 p.m., Study Class. Office hours, 2 to 4. Reading Room open 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Noon Prosperity Service every day except Saturday

NEW THOUGHT
at
11 a.m., PROF. J. CETHAM.
Subject—"THE IDEAL OF LIFE."

NEW THOUGHT TEMPLE
Pandora Avenue
SUNDAY, JULY 27

8 p.m., G. H. HALLETT Subject—
"Why Does God Permit Wrong in the World?"

WHEAT IN U.S.
Washington, July 26.—The carry-over of wheat in the United States on June 30 as placed at 192,000,000 bush-

Anglican, about the same amount as last year, in an estimate to-day of the department of Agriculture.

ANGLICAN

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL—Holy Communion, 8 a.m. and 9.30 a.m. Matins and sermon—11 a.m.—preacher, Rev. Cyril Bickerstaff, C.R. Evening and sermon—7.30 p.m.—preacher, Rev. Cyril Bickerstaff, C.R. Sunday School, 11 a.m.

ST. JOHN'S, Quadra St. 8 a.m., Holy Communion. 10.30 a.m., Sunday School, 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, preacher, the Rector. 7.30 p.m., Evening Prayer, preacher, Rev. H. Pearson. Rector, Rev. A. P. Chadwick, M.A.

ST. SAVIOURS, Victoria-West. 8 a.m., Holy Communion. 10.30 a.m., Matins. 7 p.m., Evening Services by Rev. C. B. Price, pastor in charge.

BAPTIST

EMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH—The congregations of Emmanuel Baptist and Knox Presbyterian Churches will hold joint services in the Knox Presbyterian Church, 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Rev. D. J. Welsh of New Westminster will preach at both services. Morning subject—"The Word," evening subject—"The Word."

City Temple Chorus **7:30 p.m.** **DR. DAVIES Preaches**

ful Ministry of Jesus." Sunday School as usual, 12:15.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENCE, 7187, corner Chambers Street and Pandora Avenue. Services 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Subject for Sunday, "Truth." Testimonial meetings, Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock. Visitors are welcome to the services and to the Reading Room and Lending Library, 615 Bayward Building.

SECOND CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENCE, 7187, K. of P. Hall, North Park St. Services Sunday, 11 a.m., and a Ladies' meeting Wednesdays at 8 p.m. Subject for to-morrow, "Truth." Literary classes held at 11 a.m. and 12 noon. All are welcome.

welcome to the services and to the Reading Room, 201 Campbell Building, from 11:30 to 5 p.m. daily except Sundays.

LUTHERAN

GRACE English Lutheran Church, Queen's and Bismarck, Morning worship, 10:30. Sunday School, 11:45. Evening service, 7:30.

ST. PAUL'S, Princess and Chambers. Morning worship, 11. "Knech, God's Companion," Sunday School, 10.

METHODIST

HAMPSHIRE ROAD AND BELMONT AVE.—Belmont, 11 a.m., "Hoinces." Hampshire, 7:30. "Infidelity." Frank Hardy, minister.

First Baptist Church

AND

First Congregational Church

Are worshipping together during July and August.

Morning in Baptist Church, subject—
"THE PROMISE THAT IS TOO GREAT."
Evening in Congregational Church, subject—
"The Cure for Trouble"

GARDEN CITY—At 10 a.m. Mr. F. Wright, 739, Mr. D. Anderson, Lake Hill—7, Dr. W. E. Daly, B.A., "A Prosperous Journey."

WESLEY—Corner of McPherson and Pulaski Avenues. Rev. J. S. Edmonick, pastor. 11 a.m., brief session, followed by Communion service. 7:30 p.m., services of praise with "The Church in Exile." Service will take this vacation in August. During the month the pulpit will be supplied by Rev. T. H. Nattali, B.A., principal of Columbian College, New Westminster. You are always welcome.

CHURCH OF NAZARENE
CHURCH OF NAZARENE—Corner Bellmont and Chalmers. Rev. Ernest Bellmont, pastor. 11 a.m., "The Church in Exile."

REV. A. K. McMINN, B.A., will preach at both services.

Metropolitan Methodist Church
Rev. W. J. Sipprell, D.D., Pastor. Corner Quadra and Pandora Streets.
G. A. Downard, Chalmers—E. Parsons, Organist.

10 a.m.—Class Meetings

11 a.m. "If God Be With Us" DR. SIPPRELL

breach in the morning.

OAKLANDS HALL

OAKLANDS GOSPEL HALL—Hillside car terminus. 11 a.m., worship; 2 p.m., School; 7 p.m., Gospel service. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN

ST. PAUL'S, Henry Street, Victoria West. Morning service, 11 o'clock, subject, "He Must Reign." Evening service 7.30 o'clock, subject, "Be Not as the Horse or as the Mule."

GORGE, Tulleum Road, Sunday morning service, 11 o'clock. Rev. Dr. Daly, Garden City, will preach.

Anthem: "All Thy Works Shall Praise Thee".....Berr
Solo, Mrs. Lewtas.

12.15 p.m.—SUNDAY SCHOOL SESSION

7.30 p.m. **"What Is Truth?"** DR. SIPPR
Anthem: "O Lord, Our Governor".....Ga
Tenor Solo: "Beyond the Dawn".....Sande
Mr. James Bryant.

A WELCOME WAITS FOR ALL.

On Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. There's a welcome for you at our church.

ERKINE, Harriet Road. Sunday evening service, 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening, 8 o'clock. There's a welcome for all. Rev. W. J. Knott will preach.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
 Evangelical church services, 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Rev. Sunday school, 10 a.m.; Junior Sunday School, 2:30 p.m. Prayer meeting, Saturday, 7:30 p.m. Holy Communion, first Sunday morning and third Sunday evening. Rector, Rev. A. de B. Owen.

REFORMED FELLOWSHIP

11 a.m. "THE GARDEN OF JEHOVAH,"

GORGE ROAD, Near Douglas



Centennial
Methodist Church

Rev. R. W. Hibbert, M.A., B.D., Pastor. Mr. Frank Tupman, Choir-leader. Mr. Edgar Adams, Organist.

THOS KRUCIAN FELLOWSHIP
The THOS KRUCIAN FELLOWSHIP—
Sunday service, 8 p.m., 239 Pemberton Bldg. 1

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS
SOCIETY OF FRIENDS—Meeting house, Fern Street, off Fort. Meeting for 7:30 p.m., 11 a.m.

SPIRITUAL
FIRST SPIRITUAL CHURCH, 724 Fort Street, Sunday, 7:30 p.m., Mrs. Porter, Vancouver. All deliveries address: Mr. Brown, Vancouver, chairwoman, Circles, Monday and Thursday, 8 p.m. A hearty welcome to all.

CHURCH OF REVELATION, 1326 Gov-

7:30 p.m.—Address: by Miss Margaret Saunders, of the Department of Evangelism and Social Service, Toronto.
Solo by Miss Lena Snyder, Contralto of Wesley Church, Vancouver.
10 a.m.—Class Meeting. 2:30 p.m.—Sunday School.
Prayer Meeting, Thursday, 8 p.m.

"And I, if I be lifted up from the earth, will draw all men unto me"

Full Gospel Tabernacle

(PENTECOSTAL)

Cornment Street. Developing Circle,
2.30 p.m., Service, 7.30 p.m., Mrs. Johnson
Lanver, Manager. Messages by E. W. M.
E. M. Phillips Wednesday Circle, 8 p.m.,
Sunday 4-5 p.m., 7-9 p.m., Mrs. W. W. Street,
Mrs. E. M. Phillips. All welcome.

THEOSOPHY

VICTORIA THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY
161-163 Union St. Building. Meetings
discontinued during July and August.

UNITARIAN

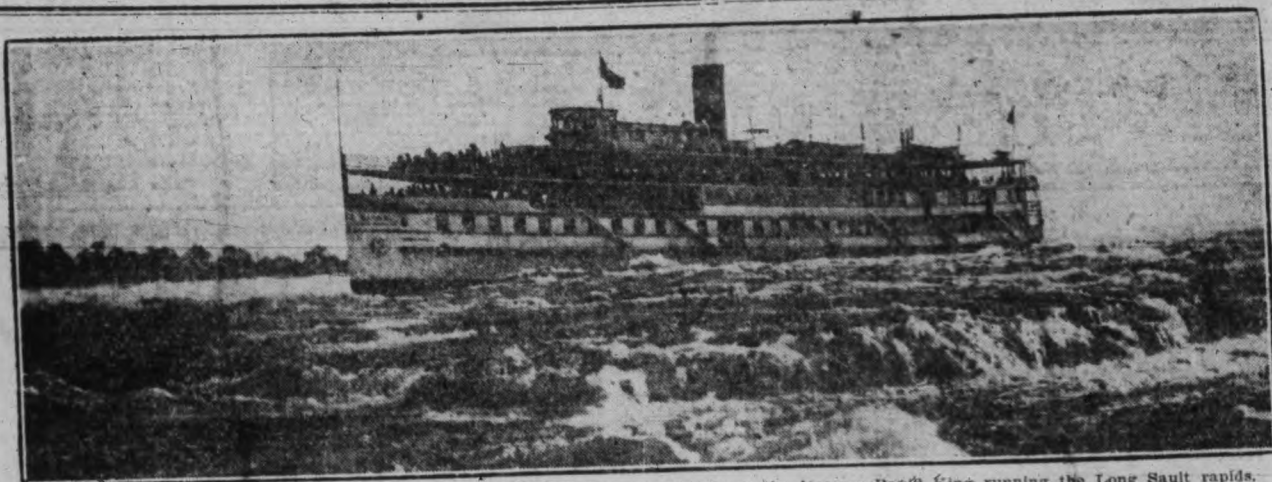
UNITARIAN CHURCH, corner of Fern-
wood and Balmoral Roads. Closed
during July and August.

NATIVE SONS OF CANADA HALL (Görner Douglas and Pandora
Lovers), 7.30, Evening School,
Rundays—11 a.m., Worship, 3 p.m., Sunday School,
Wednesday and Friday at 8 p.m.,
REV. T. A. SANDALL, Pastor.

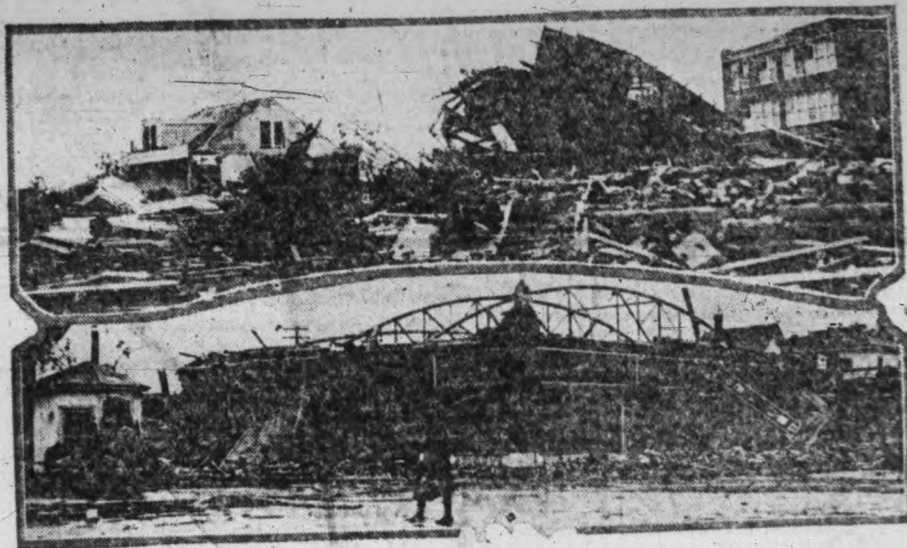
JESUS

SAVIOUR HEALER BAPTIST COMING KING

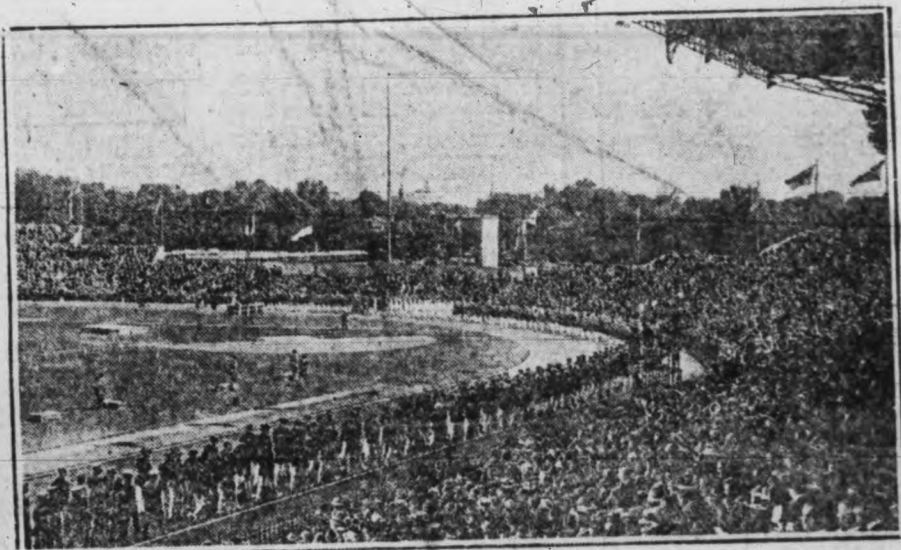
"Seek ye the Lord while he may be found, call ye upon him
he is near."



LONG SAULT RAPIDS WOULD BE "DROWNED OUT."—This picture shows the Steamer Rapid King, running the Long Sault rapids, which would cease to exist when the St. Lawrence river is dammed for navigation and power purposes. At this stage of the International Deep Waterways project there is no intention of obliterating the Lachine Rapids or the Coteau, Cascades and Cedar Rapids.



IN THE WAKE OF A KANSAS "TWISTER"—Here are a few of the things a tornado did to August, Kansas. Above can be seen the wreckage of four buildings, all piled together. On top of the mass of timber, brick, stone and iron is the debris of the Catholic Church, a stone structure. At the right of the pile is the new high school building, completed only recently, with part of its roof gone and windows broken. A dozen injured and the body of a woman were found at this spot. Below is a view of the devastation along State Street, principal business thoroughfare. A national guardsman is seen patrolling the district.



OPENING OF THE 1924 OLYMPIC GAMES.—Here is the opening of the Olympic games at Colombes Stadium, Paris. Athletes of all nations participated in the parade preceding the preliminary events.

SCHOOL DAYS

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By DWIG



SHE'S PLUCKY!—Mazie Caruthers Deyo, New York newspaper woman, is going to try to fly around the baffling Mount McKinley. She is endeavoring to induce officials to permit Pilot Eielson, famous Alaskan airmail service flyer, to pilot her plane.



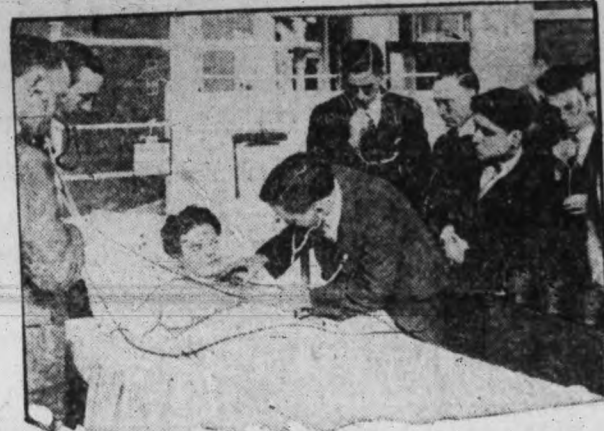
SOME PRANKS A TORNADO PLAYED.—These are just a few of the freakish stunts a tornado pulled in Augusta, Kansas. The picture at the left shows the Episcopal Church minus its roof. In the centre one sees a board, from some other building, driven into the side of a house. At the right is seen a five-story office and apartment building with one corner entirely gone.



POLICE LEADER.—S. J. Dickson, Toronto chief of police, who has been elected first vice-president of the International Association of Chiefs of Police in session at Montreal, Indianapolis, was chosen as the convention city for 1925.



BOTH HAPPY AND PROUD.—Vincent Richards, youthful United States tennis star, who won the finals of the men's singles at the Olympic games, is here shown with his wife who is a bride of only a few months.



DOCTOR CAN BE MILES AWAY.—A man may be stricken ill on the high seas. The nearest doctor may be on a ship 200 miles or more away. Yet that doctor may diagnose the case and prescribe exactly what should be done in the absence of a physician. The radio stethoscope has made it possible. The heartbeats can be transmitted easily. Here is a closeup of a group of physicians testing the new apparatus.



BIG MASON.—Lord Cassels, first grand principal of the grand chapter of Scottish Royal Arch Masons, shown above on the left, has come to Canada to visit the Convention of Masons in Ontario, in company with Lady Cassels and her sister, Mrs. Stewart (right).



LAFOLLETTE'S PARTNER.—Burton K. Wheeler, Democratic senator from Montana, who has been chosen as the "independent" vice-presidential candidate to run with Senator Robert M. La Follette, insurgent Republican of Wisconsin.



THE "WEDDING" OF TWO CITIES.—Bluefield, W. Va., a city of 25,000, and Graham, Va., a town of 8,000, just across the state line, have become one. An actual wedding, symbolical of the union of the two municipalities, was staged on the boundary. For the first time in history the governors of the two Virginias participated in a joint celebration. Governor E. F. Morgan of West Virginia is seen at the left of the bride couple, and Governor E. Lee Trinkle of Virginia at the right. The combined towns now are known as Bluefield, W. Va.-Va.



COMES TO AID OF R.M.C.—Dr. A. E. Ross, member for Kingston, who vigorously defended the Royal Military College against the attacks of Agnes Macphail in the Commons when the latter moved for a reduction of \$100,000 annually in expenditure on R.M.C.



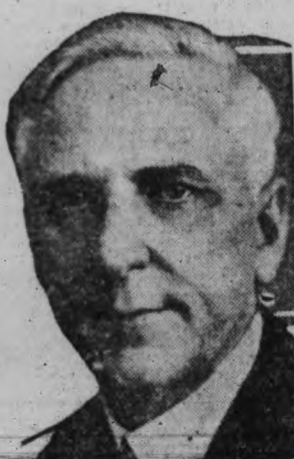
U.S. TOO DRY.—Hanna Gorsina, the beautiful German actress who is reported as having spurned a fat American contract because she likes a little good wine or beer with her meals.



FIGHTS MILITARISM.—Agnes Macphail, Progressive member for Southeast Grey, excited a very warm passage of argument and retort in the Federal House last week when she moved that the \$400,000 appropriation for cadet training in Canadian public schools be dropped.



STANDS FOR CADETS.—Hon. E. M. Macdonald, Minister of Defence, made a heated reply to Agnes Macphail in the House of Commons when she attacked the \$400,000 appropriation for cadet training in public schools, and also moved for a reduction in the expenditure on the Royal Military College, Kingston.



HEADS KIWANIS.—This is the latest picture of Victor M. Johnson, new president of Kiwanis International. He lives in Rock Island, Ill.



WILD HORSE ROUND-UP.—One of the last great round-ups of horses from the open plains of Alberta is just being completed. Some twenty-five miles north of Bassano, where 25,000 animals, the property of several ranches, which have been roaming at large, breeding and increasing for several years, are now being cleared off the range, corralled, and branded. Above are shown a section of the herd being driven toward the corral.

VICTORIA, B.C., SATURDAY, JULY 26, 1924

VICTORIA IS DELIGHTFUL CONVENTION CENTRE

Delegates Pleased to Come Long Distances for Sessions in This City

Victoria Natural Convention City

Climate, Surroundings and History Make Her Suitable as Such. Admirably Adapted to Every Want of Visitor on Business or Pleasure

Victoria owes her popularity and fame as a convention city largely to her situation geographically, her position socially, and her conditions commercially. These are Victoria's chief attractions, other than the charm and thrilling beauty which is a part of her, or which might rather be termed the refinement of a queen city, of the capital of a great province and of the centre of the greatest tourist country in America.

There is a charm about a city on an island that is indescribable. It makes for infinite variety, and a certain delightful exclusiveness that is a fascination in itself. Then, Victoria is on the orders of the last West, the nearest land to her across the Pacific, the flower islands of Japan, and the far-famed picturesque cities of China. This in itself furnishes a very special reason why dwellers inland, who cannot smell the salt water tang of open water, long for endless vistas of ocean, and the sweet, fresh winds that here are never quite still.

Then there are the scenic surroundings of Victoria. Far-travelled poets and painters who ought to know, say there is nothing anywhere to match the natural frame which forms the setting of Victoria. It is a feast of delight in every day of the year. And climate! Other places have winter and summer weather. But Victoria has an ideal climate all the year round. Any convention that wishes to stage its early festivities is certain that in coming here it can absolutely depend upon the climate to do its part and especially in the summer, but in winter, too, if that is the preferable.

Perhaps no city anywhere has a wonderland like Vancouver Island as its garden. To expatiate upon this would be an endless task. Here kindly nature has gathered every charm of which she is past mistress, and scattered them lavishly. No matter what the traveler or sightseer may desire he will find what he wants within a few miles of the city. Fishing, hunting, mountaineering, motoring, hiking, anything and everything his heart could wish.

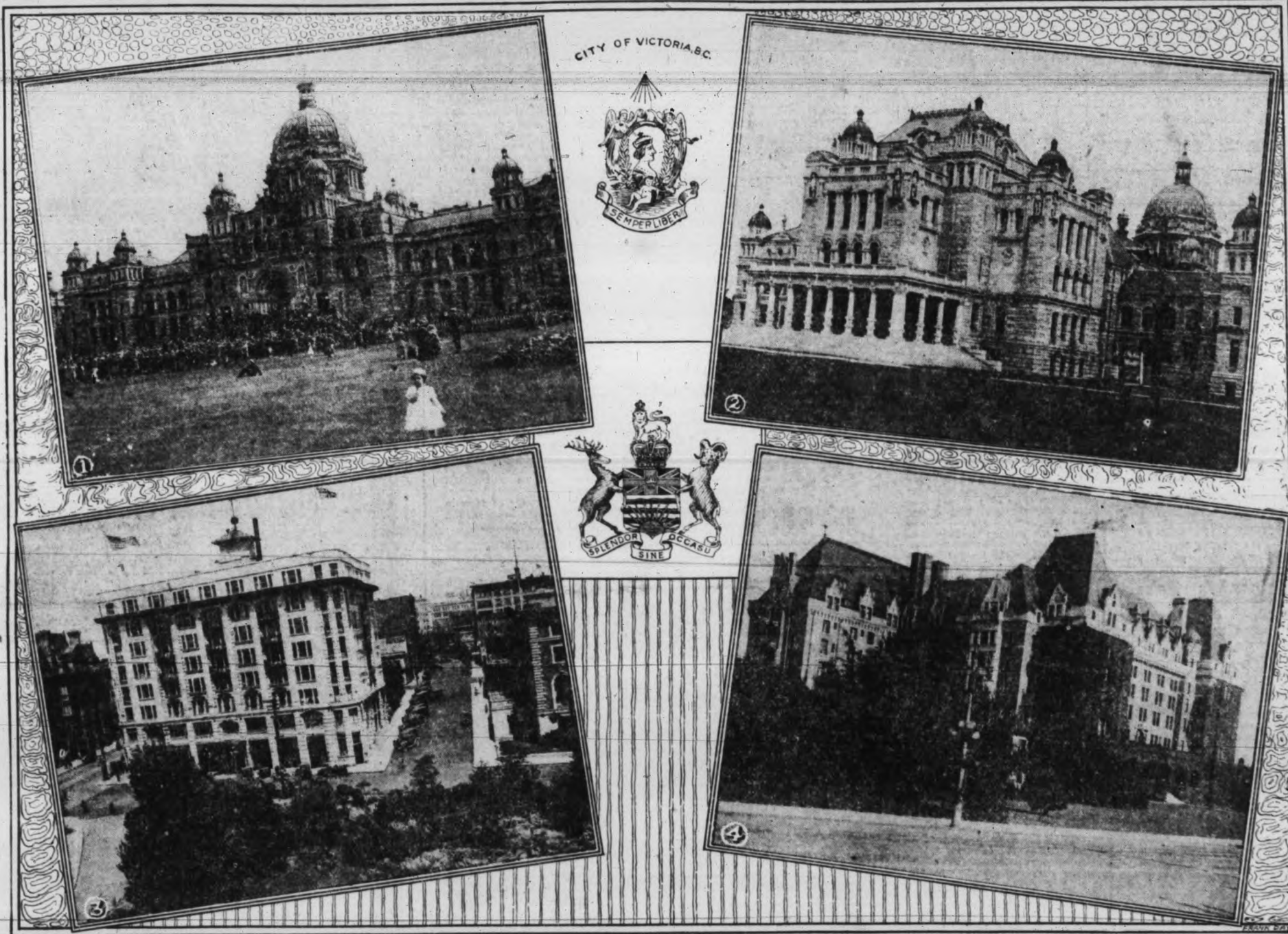
Another charm of Victoria is its colorful cosmopolitanism. Here are gathered together representatives from nearly every clime, in a transient or permanent population. For is Victoria not the first and last port of call for all ocean-going ships that pass in and out of the Straits of Juan de Fuca? Here East meets West in the truest sense of the word.

There is no cleaner city than Victoria, and few healthier. Of the above enumerated attractions, there is one which cannot be described, which is made up of gracious homes, set in lovely old-fashioned gardens and which emanate an air of delightful hospitality. This hospitality is inherent in Victoria. It was born with the place. It came with the Hudson's Bay Traders, and has remained here ever since—a distinguishing quality. The very atmosphere most needed to put conventions thoroughly at home, to make each individual member of a convention want to come again. We have said nothing about practical attractions, however, opportunities, industrial openings, and all that sort of thing. Conventions are not looking for that as a rule. They want some pleasure mixed with their business, where could be found a better place than one in which old dame Nature makes merry the year round, pouring out a largesse of flowers on hill and field which she keeps perpetually green, painting sea and sky and mountains with rainbow colors, setting up the hills to guard the city.

Every opportunity is seized by the Victoria and Island Publicity Bureau to exploit Victoria when convention delegates arrive. The city is "sold" by the "stickers" in sizes for automobile windshields and in smaller sizes for affixing to trunks and grips is literally distributed to carry its message through Canada and the United States when the delegates start on their journey home.

Victoria and Vancouver Island folders are also distributed. A comprehensive folder this year which will be distributed to delegates tells of Victoria from all angles. First, it tells visitors "How to See the City" with minute directions how to reach the many beauty spots in the city and its environs. It is further described as "The Mounties' Playground," "The Ideal Home of Golf," "An Educational Centre," "The Hunters' Rendezvous," and "The Fishermen's Paradise." Ever alert to show Victoria's industrial claims, the Bureau has distributed thousands of copies of a circular "Industrial Vic-

FAMILIAR SCENES LONG REMEMBERED BY CONVENTION PARTIES VISITING HERE



1—Parliament Buildings, popular background for convention groups, and scene of many gatherings.

2—Cannaught Library, visited by every scientist and literary visitor for its fine archives.

3—Belmont House, which with Post Office forms gateway to Victoria's business district.

4—Empress Hotel, from Causeway, scene of many conventions.

City Abounds With Things of Interest To Visiting Throng

Motor Sightseeing Parties the Most Popular Way of Seeing Victoria

Some Seek Open Country, Others Content Inside-City Limits

Visitors to Victoria have a wide range in choice of amusements to which they may turn, although they may only be in the city for a few hours, of if they are enabled to spend a greater amount of time here there is sufficient to see and do to keep them happy the whole time. There are several well-defined routes of travel about the city, over which sightseers travel daily, but there are endless realms where visitors can spend days and weeks without once becoming surfeited with familiar views or pleasures out of town, in the green country.

As a general rule the short-stop transient guests of the city take the opportunity afforded to see Victoria by buying a seat in one of the many sightseeing cars which travel about the city. Hundreds of persons see Victoria in this way every day. The main points of interest actually within the city limits are taken into the itinerary of these people. The residential district, to which there are few in America which can be favorably compared, the waterfront, Marine Drive, Beacon Hill Park, and many other parts, all are included in the sightseers' route.

Then there are other trips which take the visitor into the country. These routes touch at Butchart's famous sunken gardens, the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory on Saanich Hill, and pass along the incomparable roads of the Saanich Peninsula for about forty miles before the visitors are deposited in Victoria again.

Another favorite visiting place is the Parliament Buildings. Many tourists and visitors spend pleasant hours there looking about the chambers hung with historic pictures. The Provincial Library, one of the finest in Canada, is another great attraction, and the Provincial Museum is just next door, occupying one whole wing of the Parliament Buildings.

Along the waterfront, and about the lakes and camping resorts of the vicinity of Victoria, there is the glorious opportunity to enjoy the refreshment afforded by a plunge into deep water. Here many disport themselves. Hundreds find enjoyment watching the bathers from the sands, of paddling calas, canoe, into sheltered nooks and corners and basking in the sun.

There is, on the one hand, the bustle of the city, and within a few short minutes of travel the restful open country where contrast makes the sunny land of the agricultural districts all the more appreciable, and the excitement of the bathing beaches the more enjoyable.

Conventions Here Cement Anglo-Saxon Friendship

SOME REASONS WHY CONVENTIONS FAVOR THIS CITY

Ten thousand people visited Victoria last Summer to attend conventions, it is estimated. Conventions listed for this year will bring the total for 1924 far above the figure of last year, while one convention alone booked for 1925 will bring 10,000 members of the Fraternal Order of Eagles to this city. The booking of conventions for a city has now become an organized business. The city that has back and waits for conventions to come is counted out in the competition which has resulted with the realization of their commercial possibilities. These possibilities are not only measured by the business they bring at the time to hotels, transportation companies, restaurants and store but in the subsequent advertising from the delegates after they return home. Instances innumerable can be quoted of delegates who have extended their stay in the city after the convention has closed and of people who have paid return visits to the city after having first become acquainted with it as delegates to a convention.

SOME MEETINGS THIS YEAR

This year has been rich in conventions up to the present and more important ones are listed. Those listed since the beginning of the year are as follows: Jan. 23—B.C. Dairymen. March 4—B.C. Woolgrowers. March 25, 26, 27—One Hundred Thousand Club. April 22—Southern Sash and Door Association. May 9—Pioneers' Rally. June 7—Canadian Daily Newspapers Association and Canadian Press. June 7—New York State Federation Women's Club. June 15—Navy League, Dominion Council. June 21, 22, 23, 24, 25—Pacific Coast Dyers and Cleaners. June 22, 23—Auto-Tour de Luxe. July 7—Pacific Coast Theological Conference. July 25—Washington and Idaho Retail Merchants.

Aug. 15—Canadian Teachers' Federation. August 25, 26 and 27—Pacific Northwest Library Association. August 25—B.C. Association for the Advancement of Science. August 28—Pacific Northwest Millworkers' Association. August 28, 29, 30—B.C. Hospital Association.

VALUE OF GATHERINGS

Conventions bring a variety of people to Victoria. Agriculturalists, business men, women, manufacturers, retailers and professional men from Canada and the United States, some from as far as New York, and all chosen representatives from organizations to which they belong visit Victoria each Summer through conventions. Returning to their home cities with glowing accounts of the beauties of Victoria and well posted on its industries and locations for industrial sites, their visits have a far-reaching effect in building up the community, both industrially and as a tourist resort. Among the record number of tourists here this Summer are many who were delegates in previous Summers.

One outstanding feature of the conventions has been the strengthening of the bond of friendship between the United States and Canada by the frequent interchange of visits. Many of the conventions bring over members of organizations which have branches in both countries or business men of the Coast whose problems and interests are allied.

ANGLO-SAXON FRIENDSHIP

This interchange of visits is frequently referred to by United States citizens addressing joint Canadian and American audiences. By these conventions the Anglo-Saxon race on both sides of an unguarded, unarmed boundary line mingle as one people whose aims are virtually identical. Business men faced with the same problems and responsibilities which both countries face in the reconstruction period following the war have met on a common basis. Ex-soldiers who fought in the same cause for two different countries mix every year when the U.S. Legion pays its yearly visit to Victoria. Jointly the soldiers of both countries pay a tribute to the dead they honor as former comrades.

Conventions form a binding tie between Canada as represented by Victoria and the United States as represented by the thousands of delegates from that country who every year pay visits to the city. Victoria's cordial reception to these delegates is a byword in the United States. Victoria's charms and ideal location for a convention are equally well known. The appeal of the water trip on any one of the ferries coming to Victoria or on the Canadian Pacific boats coming from Vancouver is a memory that many of the delegates travel tired from long overland journeys cherish for years following their visit.

Pithy paragraphs are presented to convention delegates telling concisely important facts about Victoria. They tell not only why Victoria is a desirable convention city but give other important pointers. Below are some of the important features which the Bureau helps convention delegates to take away with them.

There are now six commodious ferries connecting Vancouver Island with the Mainland. 188,628 cases of salmon were packed and shipped from Vancouver Island last year. Each case weighs forty-eight pounds. 1,200,000 baskets of Victoria strawberries will be eaten on the Prairies this Summer. Per capita, Victorians have larger savings bank accounts than any other citizens in the Dominion of Canada.

Over \$1,000,000 worth of Portland cement is produced in Victoria annually; this is only a quarter of the capacity of the plants. Nearly \$10,000,000 worth of minerals are dug out of Vancouver Island annually. There are sixty-five miles of electric railroads in Greater Victoria. The Astrophysical Observatory was built near Victoria by the Dominion Government because Victoria has the best climate in Canada.

Fifty per cent of Canadian marketable timber is in British Columbia, and fifty per cent of British Columbia timber is on Vancouver Island.

Victoria's mean temperature is: December 38 deg. Fahrenheit, and July 53 deg. Fahrenheit. 27.47 inches of rain is the average fall in Victoria, about the same as Brighton, England.

Irrigation is not necessary on Vancouver Island.

Victoria has a supply of pure lake water sufficient for a city of 500,000.

Victoria has seventy-two miles of paved streets, 134 miles of sidewalks and sixty-five miles of boulevards.

Houses are cheaper to-day in Victoria than in any other residential city in Canada.

Greater Victoria has a population of 60,000 and 1,400 acres of public parks.

PUBLICITY BUREAU

In the building shown in the lower left-hand corner, Belmont House, are located the offices of the Victoria and Island Publicity Bureau, where all data on convention arrangements and accommodation can be obtained.

AUTOMOBILE NEWS

DEMONSTRATE NEW STAR CAR'S MANY UNUSUAL FEATURES

Atkinson Motor Company Has Excellent Demonstration Planned

The Atkinson Motor Company is giving a unique demonstration of the new Star car during the week, and this evening, outside of the garage on Yates Street, will give away an automobile to the man or woman who has drawn the lucky ticket from the company. The demonstration is incidental to the giving away of the car. It consists of an engine, with which the ordinary Star car is equipped, slung upon wires, and suspended in mid-air, the whole being mounted on the frame of a Star car, complete, and the two engines running at the same time, showing the workings in detail. Great crowds of spectators, and many have been attracted to the garage by the advertising of the features of the new Star car. The demonstration is in the nature of a contest, and the prize is a new Star car, of the four-cylinder, L-head type, with detachable head.

It is widely used throughout America in the highest grade of cars. The Star also possesses the Warner transmission system, the Federal radiator, of the honeycomb type, and Universal Spicer joints, used by 65 per cent of the leading cars of the United States and Canada. The Adams rear axle is another prominent feature of this car.

The car is built and assembled in the factory of the Durant Motor Company of Canada, and is unique in design, rigid in construction and has the appearance of a more highly priced car. Yet it meets the demands of the public at a low cost, stated W. W. Lovell, managing director of the Atkinson Motor Company here. The tubular backbone, used in all Durant's manufactures, holds the car in a rigid position at all times. This backbone is used in the Loon and most expensive cars, the Flint, Princeton, Durant, Eagle, Star and Mason Road King trucks. All are Durant manufactures.

"W. O. Durant, president of the Durant Motor Company," said Mr. Lovell, "has done his utmost to give a reasonably priced, high standard car to the public. This he has accomplished in the new model Star car. Its features are too numerous to mention. But we will show the public anything they want to know if they will visit us and see our demonstration."

"There are over 150 of the Star cars on the roads of Victoria at the present time," he continued, "and the popularity of these cars for the money that they cost is the best evidence of their performance marks them as outstanding and in a class by themselves."

COMPANY PRESIDENT



MAJOR L. W. S. COCKBURN

who is one of the newcomers in the automobile world here, is the president of the Atkinson Motor Company. For many years Major Cockburn was an army officer, but considered this vocation the second best thing, and eventually branched out into the motor business here. He handles the Star and Durant cars, particularly, and is interested in all Durant manufactures.

TOURISTS THROG TO OLD HAUNTS IN PARADISE VALLEY

Report Rush of Motorists and Visitors to Great Park

From the Department of the Interior, National Park Service Superintendent O. A. Tomlinson comes the following story of conditions in the Mount Rainier National Park. Advance reservations at Paradise Inn for the coming week-end, July 26, are quite heavy and those who wish to stay at the inn that night should make reservations as soon as possible. From now until the middle of August indications are that travel will be quite heavy even during mid-week periods. A number of large parties from the East and South are scheduled for dates during the early part of August.

In spite of the fact that it rained at Paradise Valley Saturday a party left for the summit during the afternoon. A short distance above the valley they found the mountain protruding above the clouds and the top of the peak entirely clear. This is an indication of good weather and conditions will be very favorable during the present week. The recent rain has cleared the atmosphere of all smoke and extinguished forest fires in the vicinity of the park so that visibility is unusually good. Snow having fallen on the upper portions of the mountain it is most beautiful at this time.

LONGMIRE'S DEER
Billy, a buck deer almost two years old, taken from the sportsman's show in Seattle has been brought to Longmire Springs and with the elk is quite an attraction to visitors.

Billy's weakness is cigarettes as Chief Ranger H. E. Barnett discovered while bringing the deer from Seattle to Mount Rainier National Park. Billy will take a Camel before a stick of candy any day and chew the "pill" with more enjoyment than most two-legged devotees.

Billy was raised by William Dunstan of Fall City and was King County's only buck deer in the exhibit. Through the courtesy of E. B. Palmer, chairman of the King County Game Commission he was obtained for the park.

Much tamer than the old Billy is a real playmate for the children who gather round to pet him. His horns are a bit more than stubs, but his tail is only a gray tuft.

Billy resents having too many personal liberties taken with him and the teaser is liable to a gentle but emphatic kick from the young deer.

To the casual visitor the spectacle of two elk and a buck deer wandering leisurely about the inn and camp grounds at Longmire is extraordinarily fascinating. Easily approachable when tempted with lumps of sugar, the elk range throughout the district about Longmire, only two, where not so many years ago dozens of native elk roamed the forests about Mount Rainier.

CROWDS CONTINUE
Up to July 20 of this year, 65,140 people and 16,316 cars had entered Mount Rainier National Park. Only 55,339 people and 12,825 cars had entered the park at the end of July, 1923.

From July 1 to 20 inclusive, 30,719 people and 7,915 cars entered the park. During the entire month of July 1923, 28,475 people and 6,899 cars entered the park.

Over 22,690 people and 5,798 cars came by way of Nisqually entrance. Of these, 6,044 people came from Seattle and 5,369 from Tacoma. On Sunday, July 20, 2,018 people and 470 cars came through the south entrance.

Over 4,996 persons and 1,524 cars came by way of White River. Of these, 4,327 people were from Seattle and 818 from Tacoma. On Sunday, July 20, 363 cars and 1,329 people entered through White River.

Over 1,000 persons and 293 cars entered through Carbon River. Of these, 696 people were from Seattle and ninety-four from Tacoma. On Sunday, July 20, forty-three people and ten cars came by way of Carbon River.

California continues to lead in states outside Washington, with 851 cars and 3,176 people from July 1 to 20. Oregon is second with 428 cars and 1,531 people.

Summer visitation, 8,980 people and 843 cars entered the park on Sunday, July 20.

WONDERFUL TRAIL
For the outdoor lover there is no more magnificent trip on horseback than the trail to the top of Mount Rainier. Twelve days of changing panoramas—alpine meadows, glaciers, mountain streams, canyons, with the mountain ever present, with the hiker or horseback rider looking up



Wheel Bearings Should Be Greased and Adjusted Before Touring

There are a number of parts about an automobile that require attention only at long intervals, but just because this is so, a large number of drivers forget these parts altogether until they are in such bad condition that expensive replacements are necessary.

The front wheel bearings only require to be greased about once every two thousand miles, but they should not be left without attention for longer than this, and the bearings should be adjusted every six months. To remove the wheel caps, then jack up the wheels. Take out the cotter pin that holds the adjusting screw in place and screw the nut off, then pull off wheel. Be careful not to drop the cap screw containing the bearings as you pull off the wheel. Clean the spindle and bearings with either kerosene or gasoline. Sometimes the grease gets hard and it is a good idea, if you have the time, to place them in a dish containing a handful of soda and some water, then place on a fire and boil, just to the boiling point. Swish the bearings around with a piece of wood, then take out and dry thoroughly.

Examine the bearings thoroughly to see that all balls or rollers are in good condition. If any are broken or worn, the whole bearing must be replaced. If, however, they are all right, then replace the rear bearing on spindle and pack with a food grade cup grease. Now pack some grease inside the wheel, not too much, then replace wheel and front bearing on spindle.

To adjust the wheel, turn the adjusting nut up fairly tight, then spin the wheel about a dozen times to get the grease distributed, then back off the nut a little until you feel a very slight movement in the wheel when you grasp the hub and shake it back and forth. Now spin the wheel and let it stop of its own accord. If the adjusting is correct, the wheel will, before it stops, balance to and fro, and stop with the valve stem at the very bottom of the wheel. If it stops in any other position the wheel is too tight. Be sure to insert the cotter pin in the end of the spindle to keep the adjusting nut in place.

Now with the wheels properly adjusted, grasp the spokes above and below the hub and move the wheel to and fro to see if there is any play in the king pin or bushing. If there is, better have the service station install new bushings or a new king pin, for once play starts here, it wears rapidly and this looseness upsets the steering badly.

The rear wheels have adjustable bearings, but these should not be touched by the average owner. If they require adjusting, it should be done by a competent mechanic, for it requires expert knowledge to do properly. At this time, however, you want to make sure that these bearings are all right, so remove the wheel cap and jack up the wheel and test for play in the bearings in the same manner you tested the front wheels. If there is any play, have a good mechanic adjust the bearings. It is important that the rear wheels be tight in the axle shafts. If they are loose, the key way on the shaft becomes worn and the shaft is spoiled and will have to be replaced, a very expensive replacement. Take out the cotter pin holding the drive shaft nut and test with a wrench to see that the nut is pulled up as tight as possible. Lubricate the cotter pin.

The rear axle bearings are lubricated through a greaser or plug in the wheel hub or on the axle housing at the back of the brake drum. These bearings should be lubricated at least every 1,000 miles.

at its great bulk, never the same in appearance.

More people than ever before are taking the Wonderful Trail or portions of it. Some 60 from Lake George to Carbon River, thirty-two miles, some from Carbon River to White River, thirty-five miles, some from Paradise Valley to Indian Henry's Hanging Ground, twelve and a-half miles.

Once the visitor has caught the spell of hiking, the delight of suddenly climbing out of the woods into flower-covered meadows, of coming from the dark-shadowed forest onto some high promontory that looks over to the mountain or into deep gorges through which flow frothy mountain torrents or up to snow-capped glaciers, crawling deliberately down the mountain side, though he knows that he must leave them, he also knows that the next Summer will see him return—forced back by the allurements, the mystery, the beauty of Mount Rainier.

ROTARY VISITORS
The National Park committee of the Tacoma Rotary Club visited Mount Rainier National Park, July 19 and 20.

The park committee was formed to bring the Rotary Club closer to the park and to bring the problems and needs of Mount Rainier National Park to the attention of the business and professional men of Tacoma. The service received a number of well-advised suggestions from the committee, and would welcome similar action upon the part of civic organizations in near-by cities, realizing that a knowledge of the park by such bodies leads to a better understanding of the difficult problems faced by the administration, and in the end, benefits the entire community.

WILLIS-KNIGHT CAR GAINS POWER IN USE

Experiments Show That Driving Makes Sleeve Valve Improve

In general, valves in automobile motors are of two kinds—poppet valves and sleeve valves. The superior of the two is the sleeve valve engine is due to its difference from the poppet-valve or ordinary type of motor. Instead of clashing poppet-valves, raised by hammer blows from steel cams (smashing blows that gradually wear away the original adjustment) and seated by spring pressure, the Willis-Knight strong engine has sliding sleeve-valves that glide, silently up and down, one working within the other on a film of oil, both actuated positively and silently by connecting rods of their own. Once perfectly adjusted during assembly at the factory these sliding sleeve-valves cannot vary, no matter what the speed.

Thus, you have a valve always open widest at the exact right moment, a valve that is always positively and rightly closed during the compression and explosion. The spherical cylinder head construction, made possible by the sleeve-valve design, allows of another important factor in the development of maximum power—namely, the pinching of the spark plug directly in the centre of the combustion chamber. This is

ports of motor cars have also increased very considerably totalling 4,111 vehicles for April, this year, as against 2,528 during the same month in 1923.

Taken as a whole, the French motor trade showed a favorable balance of roughly francs 97,600,000 during the past year.

RADICAL CHANGES IN MOTOR WORLD SEEM IMMINENT

Four Rear Tires Was Old Experiment: Two Tubes Suggested

With four-wheel brakes and balloon tires fairly well established, automobile engineers are already discussing what the next step will be. William Elliman, Washington, writes on this subject as follows:

Some years ago a Pennsylvania motorist experimented with four rear tires on a touring car. While the plan had many disadvantages—the least of which was the unsightliness of the rear—the outstanding advantage was that in event of a rear-wheel puncture the owner did not have to stop for a tire change. From this experiment—and others like it—has developed the idea that the ordinary tire ought to be equipped with two inner tubes.

Here is where improvements follow. Improvements. The two-tube idea could not be used satisfactorily in a high-pressure cord tire, because with the tubes under fifty or sixty pounds of air-pressure friction between them would be excessive. When one tube punctured the sudden expansion of the other to fill the extra gap would be too much of a strain for rubber. The good tube might even force itself upon the nail that had punctured the first tube, thus resulting in a double puncture and a flat tire.

The balloon changes the situation. Here the tubes would be under comparatively low air pressure so that friction between them would be minimized. In event of the puncture of one tube, the good tube, being under comparatively low pressure, could

expand to fill the gap without danger of bursting. Since the walls of the balloon tire are so flexible no particular harm would be done to the tire if the motorist drove on for the rest of the day relying upon the one tube, even though its pressure might not be quite up to normal.

The plan calls for considerable experimentation, but it looks upon the automotive horizon as one of the coming things. With no slight margin between a low-pressure balloon and a flat tire, and so great an annoyance to the motorist when the margin is removed, it is logical that tire experts should turn their attention to the development of the two-tube, or perhaps multi-tube, tire.

With the remarkable development of the clutch and the extreme flexibility of power plants there are reasons to suspect that one of the next big developments will be the elimination of the transmission for all normal driving. The car will be in high gear constantly, with the engine perfectly capable of starting off without extra gearing down and the clutch built to absorb all shock. There would be, of course, a special pedal or lever to operate a low gear in emergencies as when starting off on a very cold day before the engine has warmed up to its full power output, or when climbing mountains.

This development, however, is said to be scheduled to follow the development of the electric gearshift and to be adopted only if the latter proves unsatisfactory. Much interest centres on the development of the electric gearshift, because many see in its great simplicity the development of the fourth speed idea of America. "Fourth speed" on this side of the water has never been as popular as it has always been as much as the American public could do to handle three speeds. With the electric device a fourth speed adds little to the complexities of car operation and much in the way of economy to the gas mileage.

Opinions are divided as to the advantages of eliminating the transmission, and for that reason there are many to boost the electric gearshift as a means of retaining this time-honored unit. It is contended that the more the transmission comes into play the less refinement is required in engine and clutch. Some of the biggest developments are going to be along the lines of "engine diet." For years the engine has been fed carelessly, and it is only now that engineers are developing ways and means of feeding it clean air, moist air, air of proper temperature, filtered oil and water-lubricated gasoline. In this air, oil and gas cleaners will play an important part, and since this development produces smaller and more efficient

engines the super-charger for extra power, then needed, is expected to make its appearance on modern cars.



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831 YATES STREET

TAIT & MACRAE
Distributors
OAKLAND CAR
933 Yates Street Phone 1693

HUDSON SUPER SIX AND ESSEX MOTOR CARS
A. W. CARTER
Dealer
615 Courtney Street Phone 846

JAMESON MOTOR Ltd.
Vancouver Island Distributor
STUDEBAKER MOTOR CARS
SALES SERVICE
740 Broughton Phone 2245

BEGG MOTOR Co. Ltd.
935 View Street Phone 2058
Distributors
NASH, CHEVROLET AND CADILLAC

A. E. Humphries Motors, Ltd.
Dealers for Vancouver Island in
DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CARS
Cor. View and Vancouver Streets
Victoria, B.C. Phone 419

AUTO PAINTING
SUNSET AUTO PAINT SHOP
High-class Auto Refinishing
704-6 BROUGHTON STREET

Knight's Auto Paint Shop
Automobiles, Trucks and Other Vehicles
"You Will be Satisfied."
614 Courtney Street Phone 7207
One block East of Post Office

AUTO TOPS
Repairs to Cushions, Side Curtains
Complete Repairs to Automobile Bodies and Tops
G. COX
931 View Street

Sanders Auto Top Co.
AUTO TOPS AND REPAIRS
Our work is done by experts and right
928 Johnson St. Phone 4983

ELECTRICIANS
Automobile Electricians
"Exide Batteries"
HARRY F. DAVIS
921 Gordon Street
Phones—Day, 418; Night, 6190L

GARAGE AND REPAIRS
Found at Rennieservice Garage
A reliable place to Buy, Sell or Exchange your Car, Truck, Trailer or any article connected with the trade.
Rennie Pays Cash for Cars and Trucks
RENNIESERVICE GARAGE
1717 Cook Street Phone 4548
"It Pays to See Rennie"

THE STAR GARAGE
View and Vancouver—Phone 5776
Expert Welding, Brazing,
Radiator and all Auto Repairs
E. HILL J. WITTY
USED CARS AND USED PARTS

LILLIE'S GARAGE
REPAIRS STORAGE
Phone 395
926-932 JOHNSON STREET

CROWTHER BURLEY
933 Yates Street Phone 2486
EXPERT AUTO REPAIRER
We Guarantee Our Work

AUTO REPAIR SHOP
General Auto Repairs Promptly Attended to
W. F. CREED
852 Johnson Street Phone 7343

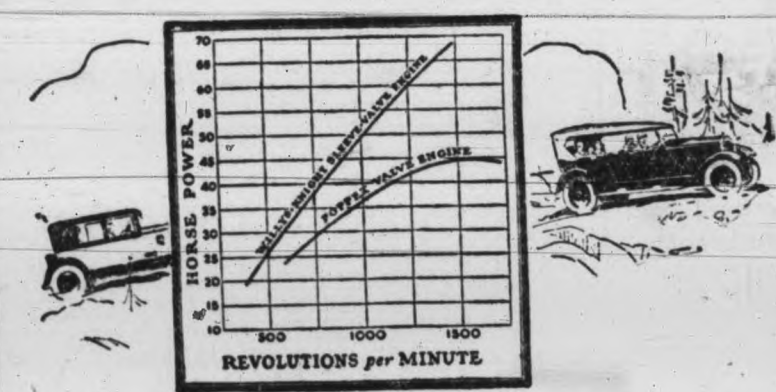
E. V. WILLIAMS
AUTO REPAIR SHOP
Phone 228 720 View St.
Best of Auto and Truck Repairs

OILS
GREY MURRAY CO.
Desmonds
MIRACLE OIL
MOTOR LUBRICATION
2013 Oak Bay Avenue Phone 5964

TIRES
A. D. MacLEOD
Agent for Dominion Tires
RETRADING AND TIRE REPAIRS
756-7 View Street Phone 1577

LIVERY
DRIVE YOURSELF
PHONE 1

The Chart Shows How Willys-Knights beat Poppet-Valves



In official tests by unbiased engineers, the famous Willys-Knight sleeve-valve engine has literally run away from ordinary poppet-valve engines in power—acceleration—flexibility—smoothness—and quietness. See by the chart how a Willys-Knight led an equal size poppet-valve engine at all engine speeds—gaining from 2 to 23 horsepower!

The best poppet-valve engine built is bound to lose power and get noisier the longer it is driven—WHEREAS the Willys-Knight sleeve-valve engine grows more powerful, quieter—literally improves with use!

WILLYS-KNIGHT

Touring \$1725

F.O.B. Factory Toronto, Tests Extra

Thos. Plimley, Ltd.

Broughton Street at Broad. Phone 697

Expect the ultimate in tire performance and beauty when you equip with Silver-towns—you're entitled to it.

Goodrich SILVERTOWN CORD TIRE

"Best in the Long Run" MADE IN CANADA—THEY COST NO MORE

A. McAVIN, Distributor, 1009 Blanshard Street

VITAMINE LACK IN BREAD HIT AS RACE POISON

"Daily Mail" Opens War on
White Bread as Menace
to Nation's Health

Sir Arbuthnot Lane, Noted
Physician, Says Modern
Food Agent of Destruction

London, July 26.—Sir John Arbuthnot Lane, the eminent physician, has issued to the British people a solemn warning against the habitual use of the white loaf.

As a result of his warning there has been a great increase in the consumption of wholemeal bread, the sale of which is now beating all records. The only drawback is the fact that with the increased sale millers and bakers have somehow raised the price of this form of bread out of proportion to the increase in the price of wheat following the increase in the price of wheat in Winnipeg and Chicago.

The Daily Mail has taken up the campaign for the wholemeal loaf, which it calls the "loaf of health." In its latest Carmelite House editorial it says:

The case for wholemeal bread is unanswerable and undeniable. Long ago the Daily Mail marshalled facts and arguments to prove that white bread is made of flour from which some of the nutritious elements have been withdrawn. White bread, like very white and polished rice, has been deprived of its nutritive elements, and is a food which is not only unwholesome, but also a danger to the human system. Wheat and other cereals are ideal foods when left in their natural condition, they become debasing and dangerous when all the husks and body building material have been extracted.

The Bulgarian peasant enjoying his rye bread, the Highland crofter with his oat cake, is or was better nourished than the modern well-to-do Englishman with his elaborately whitened loaf which the miller and the baker have converted from a staff of life into an agent of destruction.

Attention has again been emphatically directed to this important subject. Mr. Ellis Barker has brought together a mass of evidence which tends to show that cancer is the result of autotoxins generated within the system. For this self-poisoning improper diet is mainly responsible. A person may eat a great deal of food and yet be inadequately nourished if the food is of the wrong kind. There must be a sufficient supply of vitamins to maintain the functional balance and promote resistance to disease. Otherwise the road lies open to various grave maladies, of which cancer is the worst.

This is a view which has received the endorsement of Sir Arbuthnot Lane, the eminent surgeon, who holds that the eating of white bread favours the onset of cancer by lowering the bodily health and general vitality. White bread contains few vitamins. Wholemeal bread holds them in large quantities, for they are stored in the husks and outer integuments of the grain, which the steel rollers and sieves of the mills have crushed out and winnowed away. Other distinguished medical and surgical authorities have expressed the same opinion. They justify the old slogan: **EAT WHOLEMEAL BREAD**

That is the way to ward off cancer and other diseases. Science has not yet found out how to cure these, but this simple and sensible regimen may prevent them from developing.

There is, then, a rapidly increasing demand for wholemeal bread. It is not being met as it should be in all parts of the country. Every obstacle seems to be placed in its course by those who are interested in the production and consumption of the deadly white loaf. Flour merchants, millers, bakers, are against the reform so imperatively needed. They do not encourage the use of wheat meal baked in its natural state; that might disturb their business, involve some new processes and methods, perhaps diminish their earnings. They fore the public find a difficulty in getting the wholemeal loaf. Some bakers will not supply it at all, hoping that their customers will give up the effort to obtain it in despair. Other dealers and retailers will only purvey wholemeal bread at a most exorbitant price; they charge a shilling a quarter for which is equal to three-halfpence more than the cost of the normal white half-quarter loaf.

It is abominable that working-class families who live so largely on bread, should be unable to obtain a sound and wholesome loaf at a reasonable price. If the Government and the local authorities have no powers to check this monstrous extortion, Parliament should take action without delay. Meanwhile the public have the matter in their own hands. Let them refuse to be "put off" by their bakers and insist on getting wholemeal bread at no higher cost than the other sort.

With Tongue Gone Cancer Victim Talks

A marvel of surgery has been brought to light by the recent visit of a man to a London hospital. He said he had brought his wife to be treated as the hospital had been successful with him eighteen years ago. He stated that he had suffered from cancer and that his tongue had been cut out in 1906.

The man's story sounded incredible, particularly as he was able to talk quite naturally, an almost unheard-of thing after such an operation, but a medical examination corroborated his statement.

The man's growth had gone entirely, and the man was able to masticate his food and smoke.

8,000 Attend Royal Garden Party at Palace

King Discusses Sports and Says He Was Never Much Good at Cricket; Large Hats, no Sunshades, no Waist-lines and Short Skirts Are Features of Great Society Event, Attended by Many Canadians



Scene at King George's Great Garden Party at Buckingham Palace Early This Month

LONDON (By Mail).—A breezy English summer's day helped to make the Royal Garden Party on the lawns at Buckingham Palace one of the most charming events of the season from a purely "spectacular" point of view.

Eight thousand guests, including visitors from the Dominions, gathered round the path down which the King and Queen moved to welcome them. Her Majesty looked charming in a soft blue dress. She had a small toque of blue ostrich feathers, closely massed and mingled with some pink tips, the whole veiled in chiffon, with

in front an upstanding mount of blue plumes. She spent a long time chatting to her guests and controlling specially with one old friend whose chameleonism compelled her to attend in a bath chair.

Meanwhile the King had taken a different direction and was conversing and laughing freely. His Majesty looked particularly well and sun-buffed and seemed in excellent spirits. Tennis at Wimbledon formed the subject of much of his conversation. Discussing games, the King disclaimed prowess at cricket. "I never was much good at it,"

FAVORITE COLORS

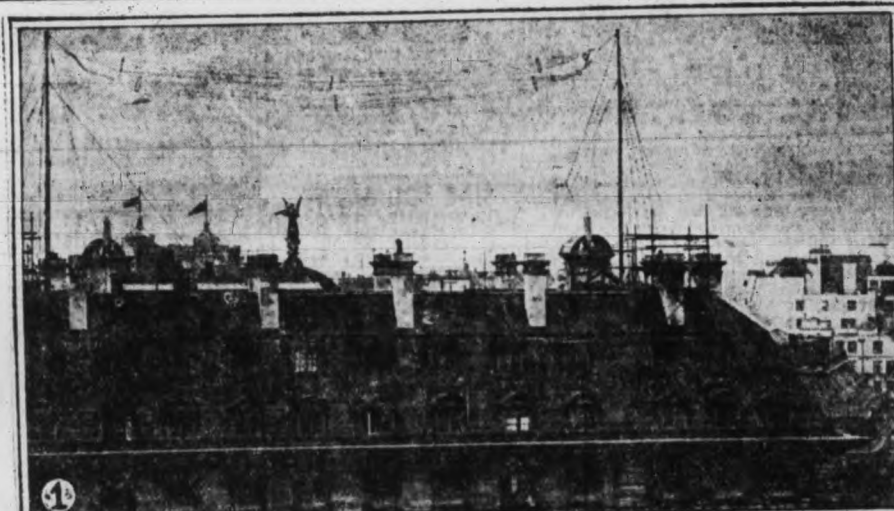
After the Queen, whose presence everywhere excited the greatest interest, perhaps the Queen of Spain was the most-sought-after figure. Lady Patricia Ramsay, whom all the Canadians present insisted in hailing as "Princess Pat," looked very pretty in a soft beige dress with a scarf attachment of copper colored metallic lace and a large bronze hat. The four Greek Princesses were there dressed alike in couples. Lovely dresses predominated.

Green, a rather vivid emerald, was a good deal worn, but beige and mauve ran it close. White was chosen by many debutantes; black was conspicuous by its absence.

The entire absence of waist line and the immensely shortened skirts, the large hats and the filmy gay painted materials, colored shoes and gloves, and no sunshades were all new notes which were struck at yesterday's garden party.

During the afternoon the bands of the Brigade of Guards and the Household Cavalry played selections of music.

BRITISH PLACE BROADCASTING ON SOUND, COMMERCIAL BASIS



By CAPT. H. DE A. DONISTHORNE

LONDON, July 12 (By Mail).—Broadcasting made its debut before the public of Great Britain some twelve months ago.

The British Government soon realized the infinite possibilities and potentialities of this new method of distributing intelligence, and the result of its perception was to place this science of broadcasting under the control of the state.

It is an undisputed fact that British broadcasting gained most valuable assistance from the experience obtained by the early broadcasting in the States, and efforts were made to combat the difficulties which were encountered during those early days in the life of this new form of public entertainment.

After due consideration and discussion originating in various conferences held by the government departments and interested parties, it was decided to place the care of establishing a service in England in the hands of a commercial company, known as the British Broadcasting Company (B.B.C.), which was to be directly under government control.

Since the advent of wireless all commercial radio has been in the hands of the British Postoffice and the wireless amateur was also under the care of this office. This department works directly under the jurisdiction of the Admiralty as far as radio matters are concerned, in order to prevent any interference being caused to the wireless service of the navy.

THE B.B.C.

The B.B.C. is composed of interests from six of the largest radio and electrical corporations of Great Britain, which naturally supply the installations.

At present eight transmitting stations have been erected at different points over the whole of Great Britain, which are so located as to insure that there is no area not covered by the service. All of these stations can be connected together by telephone so they can all broadcast one programme at once. This feature was found particularly useful when His Majesty King George V opened the Empire Exhibition at Wembley, as his speech was broadcast from all eight stations

simultaneously, thus enabling all those of his subjects in England, in possession of radio sets, to hear his voice.

The B.B.C. has, in addition to these eight main stations, one or two minor relay stations which work directly under the control of one of the large stations, with which it is connected by wire, and broadcasts the same programme as the master station. This insures areas not served efficiently by the main station of being able to obtain a permanent service, which it would not otherwise be able to do owing to some local effects of screening or blind spots.

Naturally the first station to broadcast in England was installed at the capital in London. This station was located at Marconi House, Strand, and was also the first to broadcast. The illustration shows the aerials of the Marconi House, behind which can be seen the statue located on the top of the Gaiety Theatre, and seen, is quite spacious. The microphone peculiar to the British Broad-

casting Company is located in the centre of the room, a close-up of which is shown in Figure 4. This microphone is of a special design and, it will be seen, is suspended on a thick wadding of felt in order to take up any undesirable vibrations.

There has been evolved for the use at some of these transmitting stations a standard transmitter capable of handling six kilowatts. The actual apparatus embodied in this six k. w.

instrument is shown in Fig. 3. The panels from left to right are as follows: First, the rectifying panel; second, the main drive, then the master oscillator, and last, the modulating panel. Stations of this type are installed at Bournemouth, Cardiff, Glasgow, Newcastle and Aberdeen; the station at London (2 LO) is, however, not of this standard pattern, but is of an experimental nature where new suggestions and inventions are tried out.

It is not intended in this article to go into the actual technical description of these transmitters, but it will suffice to say that they are of the usual design of radio telephone embodying one or two special features of the variety of acoustics which the microphones are called upon to handle.

"From what source does this British broadcasting company derive its income?" This will be one of the first questions which will present itself to the readers of this article.

It certainly was a problem that required much discussion when this service was contemplated, as it was difficult to ascertain or foresee from whence sufficient funds would be forthcoming to defray the initial cost of the transmitting stations, their upkeep, and last, but not by any means least, the programme. This difficulty has been overcome in a most subtle manner which does not rely on fees accepted for advertising over the radio, as no such form of publicity is permissible.

The scheme for supplying the funds is briefly as follows:

Every person who is in possession of a radio set must take out a receiving license from the postoffice authorities. This license costs about \$2 per annum, and a portion of the money so collected is handed over by the Government to the British Broadcasting Company, while the remainder is maintained by them for overhead charges and costs of inspection to sets which are periodically carried out by their officials.

This sum alone would in itself be insufficient to cover all the demands on the British Broadcasting Company's purse, and a further scheme is

KING GEORGE BUYS 5 REGAL NEW SUPERCARS

He Replaces Limousines
Which Have Been in Service
Continually Since 1911

Plenty of Windows, Crimson
Upholstery and Trappings
in New Motors

London, July 26.—After thirteen years King George is treating himself to five new automobiles—super-cars of fifty-seven horse power each, upholstered in truly regal manner in royal crimson and blue-black, with speedometers, clocks, lamps and other fittings in silver.

Four of these machines are being made for public and state occasions and will have the royal coat of arms emblazoned on the doors and back panels as well as windows, so that people will not be able to say that they saw the King's car, but could not see the King.

In having this new fleet of cars the King is not being as extravagant as it might seem, as he has been using his present limousines continuously since 1911, and although they have, of course, been kept in perfect condition, they are not exactly up to date.

The King's cars have to stand up under hard wear, since they are in constant use, as when neither King George nor Queen Mary actually is using them there are always some visitors being taken to and from Buckingham Palace.

Sky Writing Stirs Morning Post Reader to Bitter Protest

London July 26.—While the international advertising convention is attracting widespread attention throughout Great Britain, one lone voice has been raised in protest against carrying advertisements too far. An aggrieved correspondent of The London Morning Post writes plaintively to inquire: "Is sky writing the worst possible form of abuse? Soon perhaps on every cloudless day the firmament will be covered with every description of vulgar advertisement."

The writer's ire evidently was aroused by the fact that during the recent spell of warm, sunny weather airplanes have been sky writing with flame-colored smoke over most of the large British towns the name of one of London's leading newspapers.

BRITAIN STILL LEADS WORLD IN SHIPBUILDING

Tonnage Under Construction
Totals 1,500,000 Against
1,100,000 For Others

London, July 26.—Although the proportion of foreign work done in British shipyards is declining, this country still leads the world in the shipbuilding industry by a substantial margin over the aggregate of all other countries. This fact is brought out in Lloyd's Register return for the second quarter of the year, just published here.

The total tonnage under construction, in this country is 1,516,746 tons, as against 1,100,151 tons building in all other countries combined. The latter total includes 140,000 tons on which work was suspended, whereas there are only 52,000 tons of that class here. The tonnage under construction in this country at the end of June had reached the highest total since the end of March, 1922.

On the other hand, it is 425,000 tons less than the average tonnage building during the year immediately preceding the war. Shipping experts here figure that, at the present rate of progress, another two years will be required to restore the industry to pre-war normalcy. Even then it will be far below the high level of March, 1921, which, though artificial, nevertheless indicated the building capacity of the shipyards in this country.

Germany follows Great Britain with a total of 347,249 tons under construction. France has 144,240 tons, and Italy 127,772 tons, while the United States comes last with 153,465 tons under construction. The return provides remarkable evidence of the development taking place in motor propulsion. The total motor tonnage under construction represents nearly forty-five and a half per cent of the total being built.

Baby Phonograph Built to Play For Queen's Doll House

London, July 26.—A tiny cabinet phonograph in the Queen's doll's house at the British Empire Exhibition in Wembley has been fitted out with a complete stock of records. Like all other furnishings in the doll's house, the phonograph is constructed on a scale of one-inch to the foot.

The services of seventy people were required to turn out the instrument, which stands exactly four inches high. It is so small that much difficulty was experienced in making records for it to play, so that the realism might seem complete. The makers at last contrived to get a few bars of "God Save the King" on record one and five-sixteenths inches in diameter.

Inspired by this, they now have added four more records to the music department—"Rule Britannia," "Men of Harlech," "Home, Sweet Home," and "Bluebells of Scotland." It is predicted this achievement will start a craze for miniature phonographs.

In action where all the sellers of broadcast receivers pay to the company a small license fee on all apparatus sold. The apparatus sold all bears the company's seal, embodying the three letters B.B.C.

This is not, as might appear at first, hardship to the seller, for as long as a broadcasting service is maintained the radio merchant will always have a market for his apparatus, which includes consumable stores, such as tubes. This arrangement has proved a great success, and after only running for about eighteen months the British Broadcasting Company has been able to show a good profit, even to the extent of paying its shareholders a 7½ per cent dividend on their invested capital.

This fact alone is sufficient to indicate the wonderful impetus which broadcasting has received in Great Britain, and it will be noticed by any traveler on the English railroads that there is hardly a house now which is not adorned with a wireless antenna. The thought that the science of radio has been brought within the reach of all through the agency of the B.B.C. must give a vast amount of pleasure to the inventor of radio, Senator Marconi, and having regard to the rapid progress of this art, one must give up the idea where its usefulness will stop.

SOVIET SEEKS LONDON LOAN TO BUY GOODS

Emissaries Ask \$100,000,000
Half of Which to be Spent
on British Products

Important Body of Opinion in
Britain Sympathetic to Russia
and Its Opportunities

London, July 26.—It is now known that the Moscow Soviet, which has fourteen delegates in London, is asking for an immediate loan of \$100,000,000, half of which is to be spent for British goods.

This demand is being pushed forward as a means of making work for the unemployed, who are now increasing; and a promise is being made to give British manufacturers a monopoly of the Russian market, if this loan is made.

The Soviet delegates have discovered that such a loan can be made under the Trade Facilities Act, without any further legislation; and they are making a most clever and desperate raid on the British treasury.

The Soviet representatives, under a Roumanian called Rakovsky, have been in London for several months. Already they have had two deadlocks—the first with the Foreign Office and the second with the holders of Russian bonds.

As the Russian Soviet is in bitter need of money to pay back salaries and to support its army, the delegates in London are sticking at nothing to accomplish their mission and to carry \$100,000,000 of English money and goods back to Russia.

The cause of the two deadlocks is that the Russians can give no guarantees. They have neither cash nor credit; and their promises are not believed in London. They have nothing to bargain with.

The Russian debt to Britain stands about as follows:

Pre-war debt \$130,000,000
War debt \$250,000,000
Municipal debt 70,000,000
Private debt 1,750,000,000
As the total is over \$5,000,000,000, the Russians are making counter claims of more than five billions, on account of damages caused to Russia by British armies.

A MAN OF MANY ALIASES

During the past week the matter was brought to a head by the arrival of Litvinoff, a very powerful member of the Moscow Soviet. He took charge, temporarily, of the negotiations. Unfortunately for the cause of the Russians, this Litvinoff happens to be well-known to the English police. He has had many aliases. He was first known in London as David Finkelstein, then as Gustav Graff, then as Mayer Wallach, then as Harrison, finally as Litvinoff. He was put in jail in London during the war. In spite of this record he was dined last week at the House of Commons as the great guest of a member of Parliament.

This man of many names has started a most amazing propaganda in England to push the British Government into a loan to Russia. This propaganda is going now among all classes. It has captured half a dozen lords and a score or more of trade unions. It holds mass meetings in the sums and select luncheon parties in the best clubs and universities of Britain. It has permeated the so-called "Labor Colleges," which have now a membership of 17,000 students; and it largely controls the department of economics in half of the British universities.

During the week 800 public meetings were held by the Independent Labor Party in demand for a loan to Russia and various other things.

Also a special big supplement of 52 pages was given away free with the Manchester Guardian Commercial and Lancashire. This supplement was printed in five colors. It contained articles on the resources of Russia, the Russian market, a vast treasure house of potential wealth, with its doors opened wide to the English. It was an official publication of the Moscow Soviet in Moscow, and containing portraits of Lenin and the fourteen commissars who have now taken his place.

There are now seven well established English papers and magazines that are known to be sympathetic to the Bolsheviks. These are the Manchester Guardian, Observer, Daily Herald, Daily Chronicle, New Statesman, New Leader and Nation. As against all this propaganda, the bankers of London have agreed that not a cent is to be loaned to Russia until the Soviet agrees to six conditions:

1. Recognition of debts.
2. Restitution of private property.
3. Restoration of civil code.
4. A guarantee against confiscation.
5. No Government interference.
6. No more propaganda in Britain.

This reply to the Soviet has been written out and signed by thirteen leading bankers in London, including McKenna, Addis, Goschen, Goschen, Leaf, Pease and Lombard.

LABOR PARTY IN QUANDARY

The unanimity of the London bankers has compelled the Soviet delegates to concentrate their attention upon the national treasury. They now say to the Labor Government: "Come on. Lend us \$100,000,000 and we'll give you all our orders. We will help you to employ the unemployed. And the money can come from the rich taxpayers, who are our common enemies."

At the moment the Labor Party does not know what to do. It dares not attack the Russians, and neither does it dare to give them public money.

The Communist party of England has only 5,000 members, and of these only 2,000 paid dues last year. But back of it is the great society of the Moscow Bolsheviks and the treasury of the Soviet.

Tram Tens of Prison Not Trial of Gaekwar of Baroda

Sergeant Ballantine, Great Barrister
Oriental Reception for a Lawyer
Tampering With Witnesses
Something That Beats Any "Third Degree"
"Extorting the Truth"
First Printing Press in Baroda
Feelings Over a Mixed Commission
Charge Against the Gaekwar

By WILLIAM TRANT

Noted International Journalist of the Last Half of Last Century and
Now a Resident of Victoria

THIS is it came to pass that Sergeant Ballantine and his son Walter (afterwards M. P. for Coventry) arrived at Bombay on February 18, 1875.

Never, I imagine, had a lawyer such a reception anywhere. A throne

of "Sahib futey Kurro" (May God grant you success!) "Sahib pagdine raj sumbhala" (May the Lord protect the State of the turban) and similar greetings, and it was noticed that many Parsis joined in the expressions of welcome.

EVEN ODE FOR NOTED LAWYER

At the important town of Surat popular feeling was markedly manifested. The spacious platform at the station was thronged with a crowd of the nobles of the place, clad in gorgeous attire of laces and silks. The train stayed half an hour and a sumptuous luncheon had been arranged after enjoying which Sergeant Ballantine was wreathed in garlands of flowers and given pan soppore and attar of roses in grand style. A local poet who ought to be celebrated, for his name was Kavi Surbiddashunker, recited an ode he had composed for the occasion, to which the learned Sergeant replied in suitable terms that were duly translated. The ode declared that if the most learned Sergeant would sweep away the cloud of calamity that hung over their king and would restore him to the throne then the merits of the great lawyer would shine in every nook and corner of the country, and indeed everywhere. At Baroda, also an important stop,



This is Mulharao, the central figure in the affair which Mr. Trant has been describing. His proper title was His Highness Mulharao Gaekwar. He was deposed by the British. He is shown in the picture wearing a priceless five-row necklace and other gems almost beyond price as decorations for his turban.

was at stake and his partisans regarded the great advocate as its savior. After a two days' rest in Bombay, Ballantine, his junior, and Mr. Jefferson started for Baroda.

The reception at every station en route was remarkable, showing intense feeling among the people. Crowds of people thronged the platform in anxious expectation of welcoming the "deliverer of Mulharao." Often people put their heads in at the door of the railway carriage asking which was the barrister from Willyat.

Even before reaching the Gaekwar's territory all this was noticeable. Bursar is at the entrance to Gujarat, and is in British territory, yet the reception was most enthusiastic. At Nowsaree and Billimora, the first places on Gaekwar's lands there was some enthusiasm and



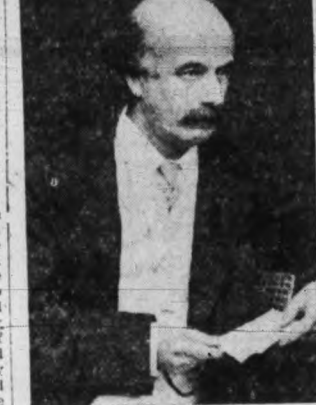
SERGEANT BALLANTINE the great lawyer, said to have been the best cross-examiner of his day. He went from England to defend the Gaekwar in the poison trial.

there was a similar demonstration, and another speech from the gay and dashing Sergeant.

It was after seven in the evening when the train pulled into Baroda Station. Sergeant Ballantine with his garlands and companions alighted and was first of all introduced to Tatyasaheb, husband of Mulharao's daughter, Coombah (of whom more anon). There was an immense crowd led by the Sardars and other notables. A torchlight procession was formed and escorted the party to the abode prepared for the guests' reception. Flowers and silver spangles were strewn, and more garlands were placed on the eminent counsel. The procession was followed by a crowd with shouts of "Futteh! Futteh! Futteh!" and other cries like unto it. Never before had counsel such welcome from the friends of his client.

WORSE THAN THIRD DEGREE

Sergeant Ballantine was soon informed that all was ready. "All was ready" is easily written, but it must



SIR LOUIS PELLY Vice-Regal Agent, who got up the case against the Gaekwar.

have made the great lawyer's frame shake with horror when translated to him in plain English. The statement meant that the principal native witnesses had all been arrested and were prisoners in the Residency cells. This step was taken so that the witnesses could not be tampered with by anyone but the government. Sometimes one reads about the "third degree" so often resorted to by the police of New York and Chicago to extort confessions and manufacture evidence. The atrocious methods of the Western hemisphere are child's play, lollypop and candies, compared to the ways that are used in India, when dealing with native princes and native States. Every witness was promised all sorts of good things if he could incriminate the Gaekwar in the attempt to poison Colonel Phayre, and was threatened with all sorts of terrors if he endeavored to exculpate his highness. I make no comment on the oblique method of preparing an investigation. I simply record a fact. Perhaps such proceedings were necessary. At any rate it was very true.

LIKE "CLOUD OF CROWS"

Lord Macaulay compared such conduct to "a cloud of crows picking



The well-fed, intelligent-looking and forceful Dawadur Pant who was Prime Minister of the Gaekwar and was supposed to be his evil accomplice.

A sick vulture to death. He wrote: "An Indian government has only to let it be understood that it wishes a particular man to be ruined; and in twenty-four hours it will be surrounded with grave charges, supported by depositions full and circumstantial, that any person unaccustomed to Asiatic mendacity would regard them as decisive. . . . A very little encouragement from power will call forth in a week, more Oateses and Beddoes and Dangerfields, than Westminster Hall sees in a century." Sergeant Ballantine recognized this as soon as he read his brief. He realized, to quote a Western phrase, that he was "up against it." It must not be thought, however, that these third-degree methods were easily effective. There were difficulties to overcome in spite of promises and threats, and I am as convinced today as I was at the time, that statements so obtained ought to be regarded, to promise a pious Hindu—all Hindus are pious—that after he has had his say he shall be permitted to go to the sacred lake where the Ganges and the Jumna meet for cepted only on the fullest corroboration.

STIMULATING MENDACITY

Setting aside offers of material a dip in the holy waters is the surest way to stimulate the most audacious mendacity.

For the Gaekwar's wave is strong to save And wash all sins away.

and once the pious Hindu feels in his own soul that however scarlet his sins a dip in the sacred river shall make him whiter than snow, there is no wonder that he will do or do. The superstition of the Hindus is peculiar. I have known a witness to give his evidence all the morning in Hindustani and in the afternoon in Adiracks in a general way to declare he knew nothing of the language and insisted on completing his testimony in Gujarathi. This actually happened at the inquiry now under consideration.

ADMITTS CONFESSION A "PACK OF LIES"

Also did it happen there that a full and detailed "confession" was declared by its author to be a pack of lies. This, however, is not remarkable.

years ago, at a Summer hotel in the Adiracks—that on would think would have amused even a shallow job lot of people like those, but I had no sooner started to tell it—or had hardly done more than a general way—than first thing I know, my hostess, stupid woman, had risen and all the ladies were trooping out.

THE TROUBLE WITH THE HOSTESS

As to getting in a word edgewise with the men over the cigars—perfectly impossible! They were all buzzing round the infernal aviator who'd now run on to telling about his flying over Belgium during the war. I tried in vain to get their attention for a minute to give them my impressions of the Belgian peasantry (during my visit there in 1885), but my hostess simply turned to me for a

mind the idea of trying to throw people into spasms of laughter at a dinner table is simply execrable taste. I cannot see the sense of people shrieking at dinner. I have, I suppose, a better sense of humor than most people. But to my mind a humorous story should be told quietly and slowly in a way to bring out the point of humor and to make it quite clear by preparing for it with proper explanations. But with people like that I find I do not get well started with a story than some idiot breaks in.

I had a most amusing experience the other day—that is, about fifteen



"The first thing I knew, the whole lot of them were listening to an insufferable bore"

able. If there be resort to oblique repetition of evidence, as the Ganges wave with promised access. When mendacity is at a premium there is often reaction in the market.

However "all is ready." Pelly's new court room is completed and the newspaper men have arrived. The Times of India had organized a newspaper for the occasion, to be printed in English and Gujarathi. The venture was placed in my charge, and I thus had the distinction of introducing the first printing press into the State of Baroda. I was followed within forty-eight hours by similar enterprise on the part of the Bombay Gazette. While all this was going on a petition was circulated in favor of an instant restoration of Mulharao to the Gaekwar and was being signed at the rate of five hundred a day. By the time the commission opened, the document bore ten thousand signatures. This loyalty of the people to their prince was continually showing itself in very remarkable ways.

HEARING IS OPENED

The Commission was opened in due form. The new court house was gay with the presence of the ladies of the Residency circle and of the regimental set. There was a formidable array of counsel who sat facing the dais or platform and vis-a-vis with them, a table between was a long row of gentlemen of the press. At the appointed hour the Commissioners arrived and took their places. The stalwart Scindiah, Maharajah of Gwalior, was clad in white cotton and wore the celebrated necklace of emeralds, a single string of them, uncut and threaded like beads. They, however, gave an elegant finish to his simple attire. Next came the Maharajah of Jeypore in a costume of many colors, none of them glaring, also decorated with gold lace, but not profusely. He looked small beside the portly Scindiah, and had rather a comical appearance with his huge black goggles. The third native member of the Commission was Rajah Sir Dinkur Rao, Iswari (Senior) leader of the Bhilapuri, an intellectual-looking personage, his graceful figure clad in white, without jewels, spangles or any embellishment whatever.

EUROPE AND NATIVE MEMBERS

The three European members of the Commission were, Sir Richard Courch, Chief Justice of India; Sir Richard Meade, a high military official and Mr. Phillip Sanders Melville, a civil service official of high rank.

The mixed constitution of the Commission was variously regarded. The "fair-play Englishmen" viewed the plan as an act of statesmanship and congratulated Lord Northbrook, the Viceroy, and his liberal minded advisers (there are always two or three such at headquarters) on a step dictated by equity, prudence and justice. Not so, however, the rank and file of officialdom. They were furious.

However the unmixable mixed-commission was there and the business began by Mr. Jardine's tongue trying to lap itself round a long series of "whereases," amid which one learned that "Mulharao Gaekwar of Baroda" was a very great villain. He had "twisted" some of the servants of the Residency to be spies on Colonel Phayre, so as to facilitate the poisoning of that high official, and that in fact, an attempt so to do was actually made by said spies so "twisted." Therefore the Commission were instructed to enquire into such "imputations" as give a reputation to the Gaekwar as a villain.

THE POISON PLOT

It is not within the province of these remarks to give a report of the twenty-day trial proceedings of the Commission. All I shall attempt is to indicate a few points to enable the reader to comprehend clearly suitable events. Here is the alleged poisoning case. On November 9, 1874 (please notice the date), on coming home at 7.30 a.m. after the early promenade so common in that time, Colonel Phayre found that as usual a glass of sherbet had been placed for him upon his dressing table. He



This determined looking person with the frills and elaborate costume is none other than an Indian detective, one of those engaged in the highly imaginative occupation of working up evidence in the Gaekwar poison case.

that is that she asks the wrong people to her parties.

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Next Week: "FOLLOWING THE FLICKER"

RUSSIAN REFUGEES ARE DISAPPOINTED

Many in European Countries Barred by U.S. Immigration Law

Berlin, July 26.—The new immigration law of the United States is a bitter disappointment to the 3,000,000 Russian refugees scattered throughout European countries. Under the new law, only 1,500 Russians may enter United States ports annually, and not more than 170 shall enter in any one month.

At one time there were believed to be about 3,000,000 Russian refugees in Germany alone. The number is now much reduced, as the high cost of living forced many of them to seek other countries where exchange conditions are more favorable.

In Paris, Berlin, Prague, Munich, Dresden, Bucharest, Belgrade and Rome large Russian colonies are endeavoring to keep up their traditions in the hope of being able to return one day to the land which is so dear to them. Every rumor of Bolshevik collapse is eagerly received by the groups, which still believe conditions similar to those which existed before the war will be restored in Russia and that they will be able to return and claim the property which the Communists have seized in the name of the Communist Government.

IMPATIENCE GROWS

But the younger exiles are impatient over the long delay, and each month there is less disposition to accept the promise of old or to wait for the Bolsheviks will be overthrown.

Many of the younger Russians had entertained hopes of emigrating to the United States. Medical, law and engineering students in various universities of central and western Europe were planning on an invasion of the new world on the completion of their courses. This hope is dashed by the new immigration law.

Russians of all classes are returning to their homeland, every day there is the slightest rumor of better conditions there. It is their desire to go to Russia rather than any



DR. PRITCHARD the analyst who examined the mysterious diamond dust poison which it was alleged was concocted by the Gaekwar—to take the life of Col. Phayre, the British resident.

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EUROPE AND NATIVE MEMBERS

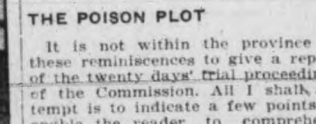
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This is the villain who is supposed to have sold the evil diamond dust to the Gaekwar's men who were supposed to have mixed the evil diamond dust poison.

that he was to be poisoned and that the poison would contain diamond dust, adding "the importance of verifying this communication is obvious."

Was there ever anything funnier than this in any poison case that ever was?

Such was the attempt to poison Colonel Phayre. The next step was to incite the Gaekwar in the dastardly villainy. The object was sought to be obtained by connecting the Gaekwar with the purchase of His Highness's diamonds. (The dust of diamonds, I explain, is believed by orientals to be a deadly poison that leaves no trace behind—ignores the laws of chemistry and physics.)

The steps taken to connect Mulharao with the sherbet-poisoning do indeed recall the dictum of Lord Macaulay already quoted. One Raoji was a servant at the Residency, and

"Hokkaido now has a population of 2,400,000, but has room for more than 4,000,000."

FUNDS NEEDED

"A successful policy of emigration abroad requires judicious financing. Emigrants going abroad should not be permitted to leave Japan without sufficient funds for their proper establishment in their new homes. The Government should establish a special banking organ for such a purpose. To ensure a successful policy of emigration to other countries, the following suggestions should be followed:

Special education of intending emigrants about the conditions and customs of the countries to which they intend to go; establishment of emigrants' homes; establishment of special diplomatic policies toward the countries to which emigrants are sent; emigration laws should be revised to afford better protection to emigrants; emigrants overseas should be exempted from the conscription law; emigrants returning to Japan should be encouraged to become naturalized in the countries of their residence; a special commission on overseas emigration should be established; outlets for overseas emigration must be sought in lands where the least resistance is offered."

EMIGRATION PLANS TO RELIEVE JAPANESE SWEDISH SOCIALISTS' IDEALS ARE VOICED

Committee of Imperial Economic Council Makes Recommendations

Tokio, July 26.—Outlines of a new policy for relieving the pressing problem of Japanese unemployment have been sketched by the Committee on Emigration and Colonization of the new Imperial Economic Council appointed two months ago by Premier Kiyomasa.

The first measures suggested toward further populating of Hokkaido, the northern island of Japan. Other measures deal with the sending of emigrants abroad. The committee's suggestions will be placed before the whole Economic Council first and then before the Cabinet for approval. The committee's report, a lengthy document, is summarized as follows: "Japan's limited area, together with her large annual increase of population, presents a critical problem for the empire. Japan has no more important problem than to find an outlet for her surplus population. A solution must be sought at home as well as abroad. For domestic migration Hokkaido presents the greatest

took a few sips and noticed something suspicious in the taste. He had received warnings that an attempt was to be made to poison him, and accordingly was suspicious of his sherbet. He therefore threw the contents of the tumbler onto the floor of the verandah (a pig-headed action), and noticed a small brown sediment at the bottom of the glass.

Colonel Phayre, with reckless stupidity, at once telegraphed to the Bombay Government that a "bold attempt" had been made to poison him.

Some hours afterwards the chunam of the portion of the verandah was scraped up and mixed with the brown sediment already mentioned. The powder was analysed by Dr. Seward, medical officer at the Residency, and Dr. Grey, government analyst. The former stated he found arsenic and diamond dust; the latter arsenic and some silicious matter. Dr. Seward's analysis was satisfactory to Colonel Phayre. Dr. Grey's was not, and therefore on November 13, he wrote to Dr. Grey that before the attempt at poisoning he had received "secret and confidential information"

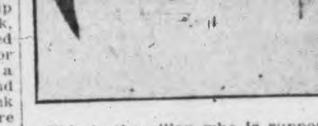
This gave Akbar Ali a brilliant idea. Akbar Ali was chief of the native detectives, a wily Mahomedan. He sent to Budhar, and pointed out to him a piece of thread hanging from his belt though Budhar had never noticed it during the six weeks he had worn the belt. Akbar Ali pulled the string when "heigh, presto, change," there was a small package of arsenic covered from the belt into the hands of Akbar Ali, who immediately rushed to Mr. (afterwards Sir) F. Souter, Commissioner of Police, who was in the next room, and "reported progress," taking the commissioner to Budhar, and showing him how the trick was done.

It is not strange that Raoji for six weeks never remembered anything about the keeping of arsenic in his belt, and it only flashed upon him when under the tutelage of Akbar Ali.

There was no stronger proof than the above incident that Mulharao Gaekwar had anything to do with the obtaining of arsenic with which to poison Colonel Phayre—for no one believes a word of Damodar Put's wild-cat confession that the unfortunate monarch poisoned every one who displeased him.

The attempt to associate the Gaekwar with the purchase of diamond dust was an even more dismal failure.

To be continued.



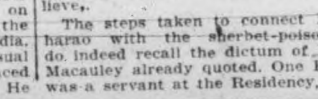
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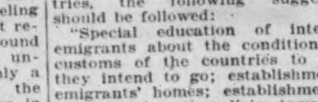
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This man with the pitiable pleading look is Yshwantrao, one of the messengers who was blamed for getting the poison into Col. Phayre's house. He is said to have confessed. His troubled appearance when Mr. Trant got this photo is one of the facts that Yshwantrao thinks he is going to be killed for his part in the poison plot.

the darkness. We realize that it was a mistake to think political supremacy would be sufficient, and we know now that our ideals must grow into integral elements of society itself. We must, above all, mobilize and utilize the great moral forces among the laboring classes."

The ex-Premier's speech was received with a storm of approval by the assembly of delegates from all districts of Sweden, and was likewise strongly endorsed by the Social Democratic Party of Denmark, Finland, Great Britain, Belgium and Poland.



MADE IN CANADA

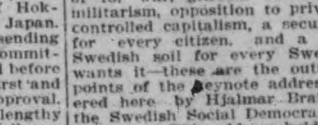
FAIRY SOAP

THOROUGH cleanliness is simple cleanliness. Enjoy the pore-deep cleanliness obtained by the use of Fairy Soap—soap in its purest form. Made especially for bath and toilet use. Is it in your bathroom?

Evolution Rather Than Revolution Desired, Says Branting

Stockholm, July 26.—Socialization by evolution instead of revolution, peace by preparing for peace instead of for war, gradual elimination of militarism, opposition to private uncontrolled capitalism, a secure home for every citizen, and a strip of Swedish soil for every Swede who wants it—these are the outstanding points of the keynote address delivered here by Hjalmar Branting, the Swedish Social Democratic Party Congress. This address holds a special significance as clearly defining the Social Democratic program in election year 1925. This Fall that may give Sweden its third Socialist government.

Mr. Branting's faith in labor's historical function in the reform of society, said Mr. Branting, "and we now begin to see the light dawning through



Have your little Fairy in your home

STEPHEN LEACOCK

THOSE THINGS WE DO NOT SAY

Every Man and His Friends; Mr. Grunch's Portrait Gallery
(As Edited From His Private Thoughts)

HIS VIEWS ON HIS EMPLOYER

A mean man. I say it, of course, without any prejudice and without the slightest malice. But the man is mean. Small, I think, is the word. I am not thinking, of course, of my own salary. It is not a matter that I would care to refer to—though, as a matter of fact, one would think that after fifteen years of work an application for an increase of five hundred dollars is the kind of thing that any man ought to be glad to meet half-way.

Not that I bear the man any malice for it. None. If he died to-morrow no one would regret his death as genuinely as I would. If he fell into the river and got drowned, or if he got burned to death in a gas explosion, I should feel genuinely sorry.

But what strikes me more than the man's smallness is his incompetence. It's not a thing that I would say outside; as a matter of fact I deny it every time I hear it. How every man in town knows it. How that man ever got the position he has is more than I can tell. And as for holding it, he couldn't hold it rest of us in the office do practically everything for him.

NOT TO BE PUSHED TOO FAR

Why, I've seen him send out letters (I wouldn't say this to anyone outside, of course, and I wouldn't like to have it repeated—letters with mistakes in English. Think actually, mistakes. Ask his stenographer.

I often wonder why I go on working for him. There are dozens of other companies that would give anything to get me. Only the other day—it's not ten years ago—I had an offer, practically an offer, to go to Sham selling Bibles. I often wish now I had taken it. I believe I'd like the Sham. They're gentlemen. The Siamese. They wouldn't turn a man down after slaving away for fifteen years.

I often think I'll quit him. I say to my wife that that man had better not provoke me too far, or some day I'll just step into his office and tell him exactly what I think of him.

I'd like to. I often say it over to myself in the street car coming home. He'd better be careful; that's all.

HIS PARTNER AT BRIDGE

The man is a complete Jackass. How a man like that has the nerve to sit down at a bridge table, I don't know. I wouldn't mind if the man had any idea—even the faintest idea—of how to play.

Three times I signalled to him to throw the lead into my hand and he wouldn't. I knew that our only ghost of a chance was to let me do all the playing. But the poor fish couldn't see it. He even had the supreme method of preparing an investigation. I simply record a fact. Perhaps such proceedings were necessary. At any rate it was very true.

I couldn't help asking him, as politely as I could, why he had discarded my signal for spades. He had the gall to ask in reply why I had overlooked his signal for clubs in the second hand round; the very time, mind you, when I had led a three spot as a sign to him to let me play the whole game. I couldn't help saying to him, at the end of the evening, in a tone of such evident satire that any one but a strutter boob would have recognized it, that I had seldom had as keen an evening at cards.

But he couldn't see it. The irony of it was lost on him. The man merely said—quite amiably and unconsciously—that he thought I'd play a good game presently. Me!

I gave him a look, just one look as I went out. But I don't think he saw it. He was talking to someone else.

HIS HOSTESS AT DINNER

On what principle that woman makes up her dinner parties is more than human brain can devise. Mind you, I like going out to dinner. But I like to find myself among people that can talk—good general conversation, about things worth talking about. Yet among a crowd of numberless people you expect to find some one who can talk to you about the rate of exchange on the franc in relation to sterling bills—a thing that you would think a whole

mind the idea of trying to throw people into spasms of laughter at a dinner table is simply execrable taste. I cannot see the sense of people shrieking at dinner. I have, I suppose, a better sense of humor than most people. But to my mind a humorous story should be told quietly and slowly in a way to bring out the point of humor and to make it quite clear by preparing for it with proper explanations. But with people like that I find I do not get well started with a story than some idiot breaks in.

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A PAGE OF INTEREST TO CHILDREN

CHILD'S STORY OF THE HUMAN RACE By Uncle Ray

HOUSEHOLD SLAVES

Many Roman homes contained hundreds of persons. Most of these were slaves who acted as household servants. The slaves did the work and the family enjoyed themselves. It was the Roman belief that a slave had no soul. He was treated like one of the lower animals by the masters. If he tried to run away, red hot irons were pressed against his face and he was marked forever.

Certain masters were so cruel that they did not deserve the name of men. It is said that a slave once broke a vase, and just because of that was hurried into a pond so he might "feed the fishes."

Other Romans, I am glad to say, showed kindness to their slaves. Freedom from slavery was granted to thousands.

If you could go back to a large Roman household, you would be like-



This is a scene in a laundry during Roman times.

ly to find slaves who were tailors, carpenters, shoemakers, masons and bakers. Washing clothes was a job the slaves must have hated. One ancient picture shows four slaves standing or kneeling in tubs. Three of them are rubbing and wringing clothes. The other one is jumping up and down so as to tramp out the dirt.

The picture to-day shows another scene in the same laundry. A man is brushing off a shirt which hangs from a rack. Another man is carrying a kind of cage into the room. This cage was used for spreading out woolen cloth to be bleached (whitened) by the fumes of sulphur. At the lower left is a woman overseer, looking at a piece of clothing which has been brought there by a female slave.

GATES AND WAR BRIDGES

The people who lived to the north and northeast of Rome were the Etruscans. Along with other tribes of Italy, they were beaten in war and after that were Roman "subjects." One good thing about the Romans was that they learned from the people they conquered. The Etruscans taught them better ways to build.

We have before us a picture of a huge archway put up by the Etruscans. This archway had two gates

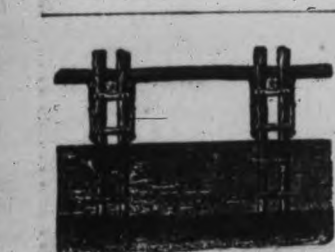


A picture of a huge Etruscan archway.

thirty feet apart. The nearer gate is about four times as high as the woman who stands beneath. Notice the three stone heads. What do they stand for? I cannot say. They are much battered with age.

There is a mystery about Etruscan writing. No one knows what it means. If we knew perhaps we could tell why those stone heads were placed above the archway.

The Romans built some very heavy bridges—good enough to last for hundreds of years. Other bridges were



A part of Caesar's bridge across the Rhine.

built for war—so soldiers could get to the other side to fight "the enemy." This kind did not last so long.

The most famous war bridge was built by an army under command of Julius Caesar. This bridge was made of logs, and stretched across a river.

One of our pictures shows a close-up of one side of the bridge. The logs were bolted together in pairs. The cross-pieces made the pairs look like ladders, but they were simply to hold up the floor of the bridge.

BAKERS AND TRADING

Roman ladies of the richer class were able to walk along one particular street and buy almost any trinket or piece of finery their hearts might desire. Fans made from peacock feathers, ear-rings of gold or silver, and ivory dice were among the articles on display.

Trading was done at little shops which lined either side of the street, making it narrower than ever. The shops were more like booths than stores. The whole front was open.



How bread was bought in Roman days.

except (sometimes) for linen curtains which did not hide very much of what was for sale.

Some of the shop-keepers were slaves placed there by masters who wanted to gain more and more riches. Others were so-called "free men," who were in business for themselves. There were so many persons trying to sell things that few made more than a bare living.

A record shows that at one time there were 254 baker's shops in Rome. A scene at such a shop is pictured. A man is buying a loaf of bread. Notice what a queer shape the bread



A baker is here seen putting bread in a large oven.

had. (It wasn't queer to the Romans, of course—they would have thought our loaves queer.)

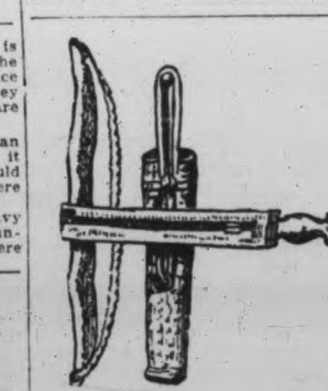
Another picture shows a baker shoveling bread dough into an oven. That must have been hot work. The man wears hardly any clothing. He was doubtless a slave.

One of the cruellest things about the lives of slaves was that they were not supposed to have wives or children. All day long they had to do such hard work as this baker, but there was not even the reward of family life, (unless they married in secret, which often happened.)

CROSS-BOWS AND BATTERING RAMS

One of our pictures to-day is of special interest. It shows a device for sending arrows swiftly and true to the mark. The device is known as the "cross-bow" and was used by the Romans many years ago. The picture is taken from an engraving on the tomb of a hunter. At the centre is a quiver which he used for holding arrows. Notice the strap by which it was slung over his shoulder.

Good cross-bows are powerful weapons. The main piece of the Roman bow was so tough that the



A Roman cross-bow.

archer had to hold it to the ground with his feet when he pulled the string into place. Once in place, the string was held there by means of a notch. When the man wanted to fire the arrow, he simply loosened the string. This meant much quicker work than with the older kind of bow. It was the nearest thing the Romans had to a rifle.

The other picture shows a battering ram. Perhaps you will be surprised to learn that the image of a man's head was once used to batter down walls. People noticed that the ram was mighty good at "battering."

So they thought they would build a battering ram out of wood and metal and fasten it to a beam.

When soldiers attacked a city, they tried to make a breach in the walls. If they had just walked up with the battering ram, they would

have been killed by men on top of the walls.

So the Romans built sheds, which could be moved on rollers. There was a hole in front for the battering ram. Several soldiers would get in such a shed and push it to the attack.



A Roman battering ram.

when they reached the wall, they tried to batter it down with the metal head. They were safe inside the shed, but the head went "smash, smash" against the wall.

MOVING ROOFS OF SHIELDS

It is too bad that the Romans spent so much of their time and energy making war and getting ready for war. A great deal of cleverness was stored in the heads of the leaders. This cleverness might have been used to do something worth while.



This old Roman picture shows soldiers attacking a city. They are protected by "roofs of shields."

Instead it was used to figure out better ways of killing.

To-day, we, too, have a picture which illustrates another idea. Groups of soldiers fixed their shields together so they could not be hurt when they came to attack a city. In each group there were a dozen men. You can count their shields in the picture, which shows an attack on a certain town.

The defenders are hurling all sorts of things against the Romans. If you look closely, you can see on top of the shields two wheels, two torches and a short sword. You may also notice a pot from which boiling oil appears to be flowing. All these things fall to hurt the soldiers, who are protected by the shield "roofs."

To the right and left are Roman cavalrymen. It is hard to see why they are galloping to the wall in such an open way. Perhaps it is

old, now I am new. Later I will be old and some day I'll be new again."

"He's crazy!" thought the coconut.

Mr. Calico Worm was about to doze under a weed, but the baggy stranger jumped at him, kicked the bright-colored fellow back and cried, "If a worm will not turn, why, I'll turn the worm—that's all!"

Roly-Poly gazed. "Hurrah!" he shouted, and immediately appeared Cappy Acorn followed by everybody from Baggy Hill house. These gathered about the queer fellow, who was watching the worm, and all were surprised to find the other looking at them. "I see you—and you—and you—and you!" the new arrival told the Baggy Hill folk.

"I'll say he will turn!" squeaked a shrill voice and a baggy-looking somebody appeared on the scene. "I'm on the warpath!" the stranger squeaked again. "A man just as everybody but me away. Is there a Baggy Hill around here somewhere, fellow?"

Roly-Poly grew very red in the face with anger at being addressed in that manner and answered, "What kind of a baggy family do you belong to, anyway?" Although Roly-Poly was looking straight at Roly-Poly, the calico worm was behind the former, he cried without turning at all, "Worm, no matter in what direction you go, I'll watch you!—You'll turn, you'll turn!"

"If I turn I'll bite you!" snarled the worm.

Roly-Poly rose and walked in a circle around the baggy stranger, but no matter from which side he looked he found eyes staring at him. "Why, exclaimed the big round man, 'You are a new one!'"

"I am new—just out, as I told you," the stranger growled. "I came from an old family, though. Once I was

pointing towards some on every side to him."

"You do not see me!" the worm squeaked, thinking now a good time to hike. He no more than headed the queer baggy-looking arrival kicked him once more, back to an open place. "Turn!" he commanded.

"What's going on?" wondered inquired Mother Baggy of Roly-Poly. She stood behind the stranger and both were being stared at by the former with sure-enough eyes.

Well, the worm turned all right and when the new baggy fellow was satisfied with what he did to the calico humper he laughed and sat down, first, however, crying to the worm, "Turn again now—git!" And the striped creeper did not need to be told twice.

"As a member of the baggy family, I wish to join you people and live in Baggy Hill. If there be such a place hereabouts," explained the newcomer. "I am a potato and that's the reason I have so many eyes. I may not be any real relation to you, but having lost my home in the field I need another."

"He's fat," whispered Willie Burst to Cranky Ann and the words were heard by the stranger who inquired what the boy's name might be. When told he muttered, "Looks very much as if he might," and Willie growled, "No more danger of my bursting than there is of your doing so. Look at yourself!"

Mr. Potato was welcomed to Baggy Hill and later that day when Chuckle-Chuckie, the squirrel, heard the Funny Folk singing he crept up to a window to find out what was going on. The first thing he spied was someone looking at him with several eyes. The squirrel ran to

twig with a branch at right angles, and the mouth to stick in it. It is a knife cut. His stovepipe hat is cut from three pieces of heavy paper, like a catalogue cover or blotter, in shape similar to the little patterns shown. All are glued with the tabs inside the "stove-pipe," which, of course, has to be glued and dried first.

When one has a strange and unexpected guest, plans sometimes change suddenly. So here comes a potato man to become one of the Funny Folk, and a curious addition he is. To make him is largely a matter of selecting the right potato.

As his legs are simply two spikes and his arms nails a size smaller.

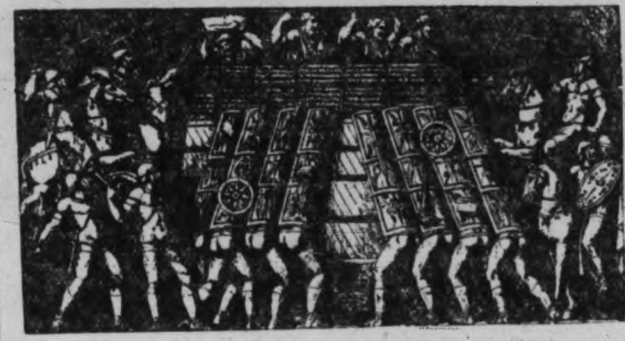
He is Irish, that's certain. To make that look, the cartoonist always does a little button nose, a very long upper lip and a clay pipe. The pipe for Paddy Potato is a small peeled

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This old Roman picture shows soldiers attacking a city. They are protected by "roofs of shields."

Instead it was used to figure out better ways of killing.

To-day, we, too, have a picture which illustrates another idea. Groups of soldiers fixed their shields together so they could not be hurt when they came to attack a city. In each group there were a dozen men. You can count their shields in the picture, which shows an attack on a certain town.

The defenders are hurling all sorts of things against the Romans. If you look closely, you can see on top of the shields two wheels, two torches and a short sword. You may also notice a pot from which boiling oil appears to be flowing. All these things fall to hurt the soldiers, who are protected by the shield "roofs."

To the right and left are Roman cavalrymen. It is hard to see why they are galloping to the wall in such an open way. Perhaps it is

old, now I am new. Later I will be old and some day I'll be new again."

"He's crazy!" thought the coconut.

Mr. Calico Worm was about to doze under a weed, but the baggy stranger jumped at him, kicked the bright-colored fellow back and cried, "If a worm will not turn, why, I'll turn the worm—that's all!"

Roly-Poly gazed. "Hurrah!" he shouted, and immediately appeared Cappy Acorn followed by everybody from Baggy Hill house. These gathered about the queer fellow, who was watching the worm, and all were surprised to find the other looking at them. "I see you—and you—and you—and you!" the new arrival told the Baggy Hill folk.

"I'll say he will turn!" squeaked a shrill voice and a baggy-looking somebody appeared on the scene. "I'm on the warpath!" the stranger squeaked again. "A man just as everybody but me away. Is there a Baggy Hill around here somewhere, fellow?"

Roly-Poly grew very red in the face with anger at being addressed in that manner and answered, "What kind of a baggy family do you belong to, anyway?" Although Roly-Poly was looking straight at Roly-Poly, the calico worm was behind the former, he cried without turning at all, "Worm, no matter in what direction you go, I'll watch you!—You'll turn, you'll turn!"

"If I turn I'll bite you!" snarled the worm.

Roly-Poly rose and walked in a circle around the baggy stranger, but no matter from which side he looked he found eyes staring at him. "Why, exclaimed the big round man, 'You are a new one!'"

"I am new—just out, as I told you," the stranger growled. "I came from an old family, though. Once I was

pointing towards some on every side to him."

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because this wall is lower than usual, and they hope to kill the defenders with their long spears before harm comes to themselves.

At the lower left, you can see two men with torches. They want to set fire to the walls, which in this case were largely made of woven twigs.

PIRATES IN ROMAN DAYS

Rome won power not only over Italy, but also over most of the country around the Mediterranean Sea. Egypt, Babylonia, Greece, Spain and Gaul, (as France was called) all fell under the power of the Roman.

Yet there was a thorn in the flesh of the proud city. This thorn was the pirates. We mentioned them once before. They roved and sailed far and wide over the sea. Whenever they had a good chance, they swooped into some harbor, captured men and treasure, then escaped as quickly as they had come. The captured men were usually sold as slaves on an island where there was a great slave market.

Sometimes members of rich families were held for ransom, instead of being sold as slaves. In one case two Roman officials were carried away. The daughter of another official was stolen while she was on her way into the country.

The pirate ships were often fixed

up in grand style. The sterns were sometimes gilded so as to look like gold; the oars looked like silver; and purple carpets covered the decks. Rich banquets were spread on board. Musicians played during the feasting.

It is said that the pirates sometimes made sport of captured Ro-

mans. They would pretend to be impressed because they had such a prisoner. Failing on their knees, they begged pardon for their mistake in selling him. After this mockery, they were likely to show him a ladder which hung down to the sea.

"Go down this ladder," they would

say. "Return to your home in peace." If the Roman refused, he was pushed overboard. There were hundreds of pirate vessels. From time to time, Roman sent fleets against them. A general named Pompey once cleared them from the sea but in time some of them came back and pestered people in seaport towns.

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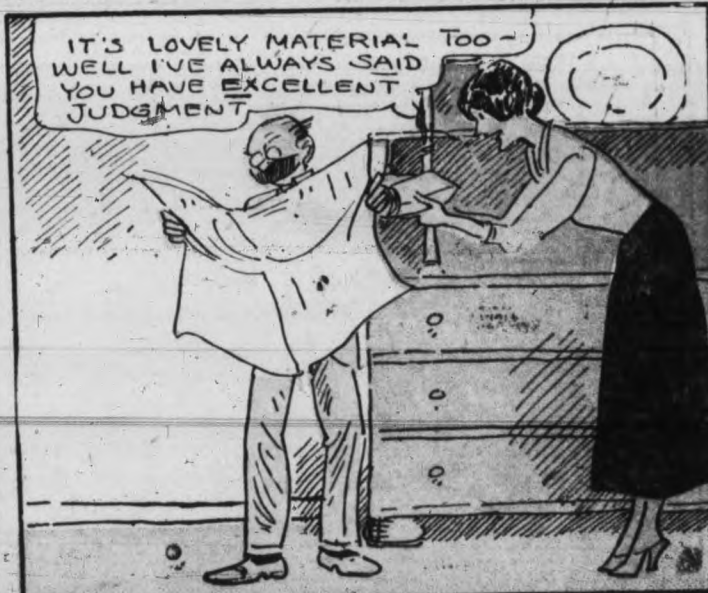
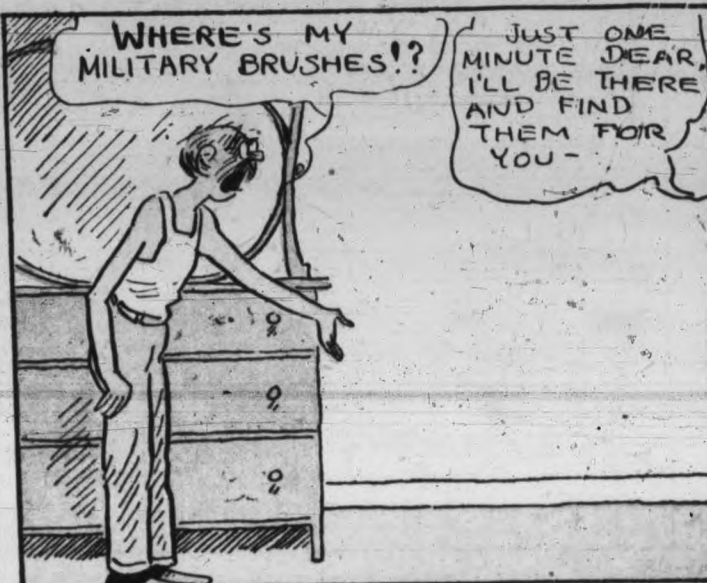
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Mr. and Mrs. -

By Briggs





JUST TO THINK IN ANOTHER HOUR LITTLE CHESTER WILL BE LEAVING US - I CAN'T BEAR THE THOUGHT OF HIM GOING SO FAR AWAY - I KNOW IT IS FOR THE BEST AND THAT HIS UNCLE BIM WILL DO EVERYTHING IN THE WORLD FOR HIM BUT NO ONE ELSE COULD EVER LOVE HIM AS I DO - MY HEART WILL BREAK AFTER HE'S GONE -

HIS LITTLE SHOES - I REMEMBER THE FIRST LITTLE PAIR OF BABY SHOES I BOUGHT FOR HIM - I CAN SEE HIM NOW TODDLING ACROSS THE FLOOR - IT SEEMS AS THOUGH IT WERE ONLY YESTERDAY - AND NOW HE'S GOING AWAY - IF I COULD ONLY BE WITH HIM TO BE SURE HE WAS ALL RIGHT -

DON'T CRY - WEAR A SMILE SO LITTLE CHESTER WILL BE HAPPY WHEN HE STARTS ON HIS LONG JOURNEY TO AUSTRALIA -

I'LL JUST SLIP MY PICTURE INTO CHESTER'S TRUNK - I WAS GOING TO BUY HIM A GOLD WATCH OR A SWELL CAMERA BUT UNCLE BIM WILL BUY HIM A CAR-LOAD OF WATCHES - I KNOW CHESTER WILL START TELLING ALL THE KIDS OVER THERE WHAT A WONDERFUL MAN HIS FATHER IS AND IF THEY DON'T BELIEVE HIM HE CAN SHOW THEM MY PICTURE -

HOLD STILL LIKE A GOOD BOY AND WHEN YOU GET TO AUSTRALIA REMEMBER WHAT I TOLD YOU - WASH YOUR FACE NICE AND CLEAN - BE SURE TO BRUSH YOUR TEETH - AND DON'T FORGET YOUR TABLE MANNERS - BE A GOOD, WELL-BEHAVED LITTLE BOY SO THAT UNCLE BIM WILL BE PROUD OF YOU -

OH GEE - YOU'RE GETTING SOAP IN MY EYE -

WHEN YOU ARE ON THE TRAIN BE VERY CAREFUL - STAY IN YOUR SEAT - DON'T RUN UP AND DOWN THE AISLES - DON'T PUT YOUR HEAD OUT OF THE CAR WINDOW - DON'T SPEAK TO STRANGERS - DON'T DO ANYTHING YOU WOULDN'T DO IF MAMA WAS WITH YOU -

CAN I LOOK OUT THE WINDOW AND WATCH THE COWS AND THINGS?

WELL, THERE ARE ENOUGH CLOTHES FOR CHESTER IN THIS TRUNK TO LAST HIM TILL HE'S OLD ENOUGH TO VOTE - WHEN THE CUSTOMS OFFICERS OPEN THIS TRUNK THEY WILL THINK CHESTER IS GOING TO OPEN A CHILDREN'S SUPPLY HOUSE IN AUSTRALIA - I'LL BET HE HAS MORE CLOTHES THAN ANY KID WHO EVER CROSSED THE PACIFIC OCEAN -

I HOPE THE OLD BUS RUNS ALL RIGHT - WE HAVE ONLY THIRTY MINUTES TO MAKE THE TRAIN THAT CONNECTS WITH THE STEAMER AT SAN FRANCISCO -

IT'S LOTS OF FUN TO RIDE ON TRAINS -

DON'T FORGET TO WRITE A LETTER HOME JUST AS SOON AS YOU GET TO SAN FRANCISCO -

TELL US ALL ABOUT YOUR JOURNEY - WE WILL BE WAITING TO HEAR FROM YOU -

I'LL WRITE YOU A LETTER WITH THE NEW FOUNTAIN PEN THAT PAPA GAVE ME -

HERE'S SOME POCKET MONEY - DON'T LOSE IT - HIDE IT WHERE NO ONE WILL SEE IT -

IF I SEE TRAIN ROBBERS I'LL HIDE IT IN MY SHOE -

THERE WON'T BE ANY TRAIN ROBBERS - THE RAILWAY CO. WON'T ALLOW IT -

DON'T WORRY - I'LL WATCH HIM LIKE A HAWK -

THAT BOY'S UNCLE BENJAMIN GUMP IS ONE OF THE RICHEST MEN IN THE WORLD - HE OWNS HALF OF AUSTRALIA -

AND DON'T FORGET TO WRITE EVERY DAY -

YES, MAMA - I'LL WRITE -

GOOD-BY, DARLING - GOOD-BY -

BE A GOOD BOY - GOOD-BY -

GOODBY MAMA - GOODBY PAPA -

IN HIS PRIVATE STATE ROOM ON THE FASTEST FINEST TRAIN LITTLE CHESTER IS FLYING WESTWARD - IN THE MEANTIME ANDY AND MIN ARE WONDERING IF THEY ACTED FOR THE BEST IN ALLOWING THEIR BOY TO TAKE THE LONG JOURNEY TO AUSTRALIA TO VISIT RICH OLD UNCLE BIM WHO IS WAITING, WITH OPEN ARMS TO WELCOME LITTLE CHESTER TO AUSTRALIA -

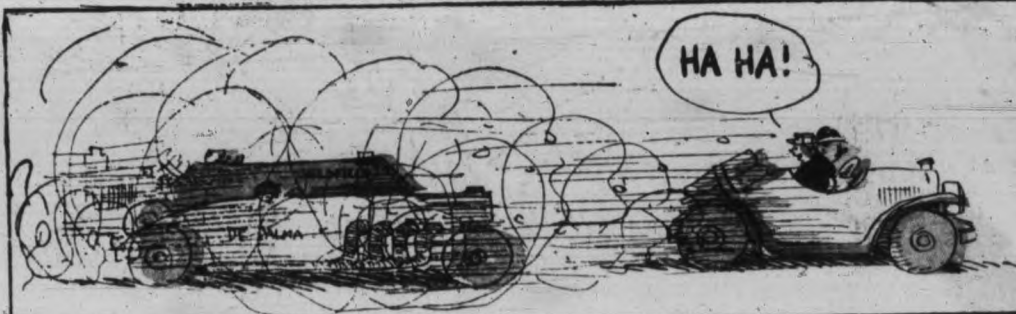
TOONERVILLE FOLKS

By FONTAINE FOX

MICKEY(HIMSELF) MCGUIRE.

TOONERVILLE FOLKS - Mickey Does Fifty Cents Worth of Double-Crossing - By FONTAINE FOX





Regular Fellers

by Gene Byrnes

